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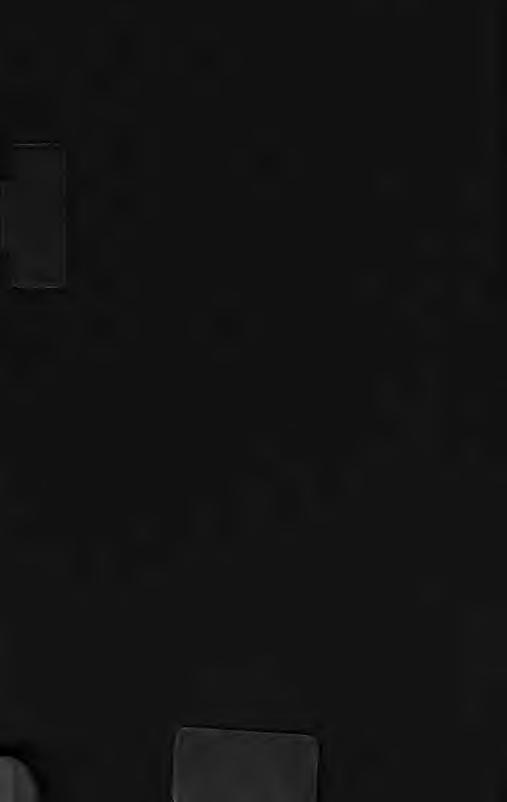
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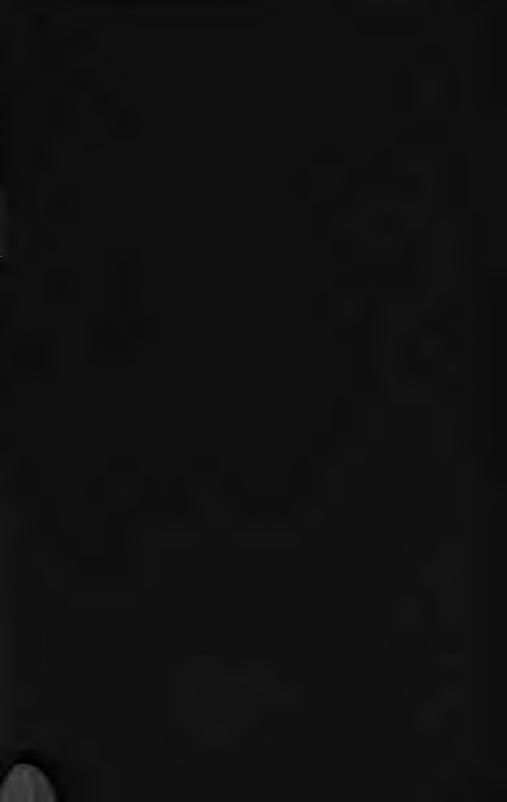
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The Congressional Journals of the United States

GEORGE WASHINGTON ADMINISTRATION







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THE CONGRESSIONAL JOURNALS OF THE UNITED STATES $PARTI\ OF\ THE$

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The Journal of the House of Representatives

GEORGE WASHINGTON ADMINISTRATION 1789-1797

Volume 7: THIRD CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION; NOVEMBER, 1794-MARCH, 1795

congress. House

MARTIN P. CLAUSSEN, General Leator

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NOTE: For the complete list of and biographical notes on the members of the House of Representatives, together with the Executive and Judicial officers, for the First through the Fourth Congresses, please refer to Volume 1 of this series.

FRANCIS CHILDS & JOHN SWAINE

Printers of the original edition of this volume

Francis Childs was born in Philadelphia on October 23, 1763. At an early age he showed an interest in the printed word and became the protégé of John Jay, who sent him to school at Esopus, New York. He was apprenticed to the Philadelphia printer, William Dunlap, the first printer of the Declaration of Independence, who treated him badly. At the age of twenty-one Childs went to New York, hoping to go into business for himself. He wrote to Benjamin Franklin, then in Paris, and suggested a partnership. Franklin's slow affirmative reply arrived in February 1785, too late for the impatient Childs who followed his own urgent plans and founded the city's second newspaper, the New York Daily Advertiser. By a mere week he missed being the first publisher of a New York City newspaper, but his was the first daily newspaper in America

When Franklin returned from France in 1786, he brought with him the type he used in his private press; and, to fulfill a promise, sent Childs fonts of type which he needed. In return Childs signed an agreement of payment, which he dishonored.

On July 2, 1789 Childs entered a partnership with John Swaine, who had also learned his craft under William Dunlap. On July 27, 1790 Childs was made printer to the State of New York on a retainer of £500.

On January 11, 1791 Childs and Swaine published in broadside the first census of the State of New York, which stated that its population was 319,627 including the city's population of 30,022 and 2,263 slaves.

In 1789 Childs and Swaine sought and received government printing contracts. Swaine dropped out of the partnership in 1794. Two year later the *Daily Advertiser* was formally taken over by John Morton. Little more is known about Francis Childs. Evidently he was prosperous, for on February 23, 1801 he and his wife transferred the ownership of the Brooklyn Navy Yard to the United States for a token fee of five dollars. He died in Burlington, Vermont, on October 12, 1830.

Shortly after the dissolution of his printing partnership with Francis Childs, John Swaine died on November 7, 1794 at the age of thirty-two.

It is strange that John Swaine's name appears in this volume as the partnership had been dissolved and Swaine was dead by the time the volume was printed.

J O U R N A L

OF THE

HOUSE

07

REPRESENTATIVES

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

AT THE

SECOND SESSION

OF THE

THIRD CONGRESS

ANNO M,DCC,XCIV,
AND OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES
THE HINETEENTE.

PHILADELPHIA:

JOURNAL

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,

DEGUN and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday the third of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four; being the SECOND SESSION of the THIRD CONGRESS, held under the constitution of government of the United States:—

On which day, being the day appointed by law for the annual meeting of Congress, the following members of the House of Representatives appeared, and took their seats, to wit:

Nicholas Gilman.

From New-Hampfbire,	Jeremiah Smith, and Paine Wingate.
From Mafachusetts,	Fisher Ames, David Cobb, Henry Dearborn, Dwight Foster, Benjamin Goodhus, Samuel Holten, George Thatcher, Peleg Wadsworth, and Artemas Ward.
From Connedicat,	Joshua Coit, Amasa Learned, Zephaniah Swiff, Uriah Tracey, and Jonathan Trumbull.
From Verment,	√ Iſrael Smith.
From New-York,	Theodorus Bailey, Philip Van Cortlandt, and John Watts.

	S John Beatty, and Elias Boudinot.
From Pennsylvania,	Thomas Hartley, John Wilkes Kittera, Frederick A. Muhlenberg (<i>Speaker</i>) and Peter Muhlenberg.
From Maryland,	Gabriel Christie, and George Dent.
From Virginia,	Ifaac Coles, Samuel Griffin, John Heath, Jofeph Neville, Anthony New, Jofiah Parker, and Robert Rutherford.
	Christopher Greenup.
From North-Carolina,	Thomas Blount, William Johnston Dawlon, Nathaniel Macon, and Alexander Mebane.
From South-Carolina,	⟨ William Smith.
From Georgia,	Abraham Baldwin.

But a quorum of the whole number not being present, The House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 4th of November, 1794.

Several other members, to wit: from Rhode-Island, Francis Malbone; from New-York, Henry Glen, James Gordon, and John E. Van Allen; from New-Jersey, Jonathan Dayton; from Pennsylvania, Thomas Fitzsimons; from Delaware, Henry Latimer; from Maryland, William Vans Murray; from Virginia, George Hancock, Richard Bland Lee, James Madison, Andrew Moore, Francis Preston, and Francis Walker; and from North-Carolina, Matthew Locke, appeared and took their seats in the House.

And a quorum, consisting of a majority of the whole

number, being present,

Ordered, That a message be sent to the Senate to inform them that a quorum of this House is assembled, and ready to proceed to business; and that the Clerk of this House do go with the said message.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morn-

ing eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 5th of November, 1794.

Several other members, to wit; from New-Hampshire, John S. Sherburne; from Massachusetts, William Lyman; from Connecticut, James Hillhouse; from Vermont, Nathaniel Niles; from New-York, Ezekiel Gilbert; from Maryland, William Hindman; from Virginia, Thomas Claiborne; and from Georgia, Thomas P. Carnes, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 6th of November, 1794.

Two other members, to wit; from Massachusetts, Peleg Cossin; and from Virginia, John Nicholas, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 7th of November, 1794.

Several other members, to wit; from Pennsylvania, James Armstrong and William Montgomery; from Virginia, William B. Giles; from North-Carolina, Joseph Winston; and from South-Carolina, John Hunter, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

On motion.

Refolved, That a standing committee of elections be appointed, whose duty it shall be to examine and report upon the certificates of election, or other credentials of the members returned to serve in this House; and to take into their consideration, all such matters as shall or may come in question, and be referred to them by the House, touching returns and elections, and to report their proceedings, with their opinion thereupon, to the House:

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Dayton, Mr. Hillhouse, Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee, Mr. Macon, and Mr. Hunter.

Ordered, That the letter from the governor of Maryland, together with the return of the election of Gabriel Duvall, to serve as one of the members of this House

for the said state, in the room of John Francis Mercer, who has resigned his seat, which were laid before the House at the last session, be referred to the said committee of elections.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 10th of November, 1794.

Several other members, to wit; from New-York, Thomas Tredwell; from New-Jersey, Lambert Cadwalader; from Pennsylvania, John Smilie; from North-Carolina, William Barry Grove, and Joseph M'Dowell; and from South-Carolina, Richard Winn, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

On motion,

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to examine the Journal of the last session, and to report therefrom, all such matters of business as were then depending and undetermined; and also to examine and report such laws of the United States as have expired, or will expire before the next session.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Tracey, and Mr. Kittera.

A petition of Moses Myers, of the borough of Norfolk, in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying to be exonerated from the payment of the duties accruing on certain goods which he imported, and which, after entry thereof made, were sunk and damaged by the oversetting of the crast employed to bring them on shore.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Parker, Mr. Watts, and Mr. Cossin, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their

opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That the report of the Secretary at War, on the petition of Peter Covenhoven, which was made to this House on the twenty-first of February, one thoufand seven hundred and ninety-three, be referred to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 11th of November, 1794.

Two other members, to wit; from Massachusetts, Shearjashub Bourne; and from New-York, Peter Van Gaasbeck, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from James White, inclosing the credentials of his appointment, as a representative of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, in the Congress of the United States, according to the ordinance of Congress of the thirteenth of July, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, which were read, and ordered to be referred to Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Walker, Mr. Swift, and Mr. Jeremiah Smith, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee appointed to examine the Journal of the last session, and to report therefrom all such matters of business as were then depending and undetermined; and also to examine and report such laws of the United States as have expired, or will expire before the next session, made a report in part, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Dayton, from the committee of elections, to whom was referred the letter from the governor of Maryland, together with the return of the election of Gabriel Duvall, to ferve as one of the members of this House for the said state, in the room of John Francis Mercer, who has resigned his seat, made a report, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was read, as followeth:

That it appears from a certificate figned by the governor of the state of Maryland, in council, and under the seal of the said state, that Gabriel Duvall was duly elected to serve in the House of Representatives of the United States, in the place of John Francis Mercer, who had resigned his seat.

That the refignation of the faid John Francis Mercer appears from his letter dated the thirteenth of April, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, directed to the governor of Maryland.

Refolved, That in the opinion of the committee, Gabriel Duvall is entitled to take a feat in the House, as one of the representatives for the state of Maryland, in the stead of John Francis Mercer.

The faid resolution was again read, and on the

question put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

Mr. Duvall then appeared; and the oath to support the constitution of the United States, being administered to him by Mr. Speaker, according to law, he took his seat in the House, as one of the representatives for the state of Maryland, in the room of John Francis Mercer.

Ordered, That the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report such standing rules and orders of proceeding, as are proper to be observed in this House, which was made on the seventh of January last, be committed to a committee of the whole House to-mortow.

The order of the day was further postponed until tomorrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 12th of November, 1794.

Another member, to wit; Carter B. Harrison, from Virginia, appeared, and took his seat in the House.

A memorial of Andrew Taylor, of Ulster county, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House, and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for his services as a deputy quarter-master in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, with instruction to examine the same, and report his opinion thereupon, to the

House.

A petition of Samuel Emery, of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, was presented to the House and read, praying that a new register may be granted in the case of the brig Lucy, an American bottom, which was sold in the year 1792, to a person not a citizen of the United States; it being omitted in the bill of sale of the said brig, to infert a copy of the register, in consequence of which omission, the Collector of the port of Philadelphia conceives himself unauthorized to grant a new register.

Ordered, That the said petition do lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report such standing rules and orders of proceeding as are proper to be observed in this House; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Trumbull reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said report, with the amendments, do lie on the table.

The order of the day was further postponed until tomorrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 13th of November, 1794.

Two other members, to wit; Andrew Gregg, and Daniel Heister, from Pennsylvania, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

On motion,

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House cause the members to be furnished, during the present session, with three newspapers, printed in this city, such as the members, respectively, shall chuse, to be delivered at their lodgings.

A petition of George Campbell, of the state of Maryland, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services as a captain of artisicers, in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition do lie on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Treasurer of the United States, accompanying his account of receipts and expenditures for the war depart-

R

ment, from the first day of April to the thirtiesh day of June, one shousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, inclusive, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report such standing rules and orders of proceeding as are proper to be observed in this House; and the said amendments being twice read at the Clerk's table, were, on the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

The faid report, as amended, being then again read,

and further amended at the Clerk's table:

Refolved, That the following be established as the standing rules and orders of this House, to wit:

Standing Rules and Orders of the House of Representatives of the United States.

First,—Touching the duty of the Speaker.

He shall take the Chair every day, at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned on the preceding day; shall immediately call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

He shall preserve decorum, and order; may speak to points of order, in preserence to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House by any

two members.

He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to wit: "As many as are of opinion that (as the question may be) say Ay:" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, —"As many as are of a contrary opinion, say No." If the Speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the House shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question, shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative: If the Speaker still doubts, or a

count be required, the Speaker shall name two members, one from each side, to tell the numbers in the affirmative, which being reported, he shall then name two others, one from each side, to tell those in the negative; which being also reported, he shall rise, and state the decision to the House.

All committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House, in which case they shall be appointed by ballot; and if upon such ballot, the number required shall not be elected by a majority of the votes given, the House shall proceed to a second ballot, in which a plurality of votes shall prevail; and in case a greater number than are required to compose or complete the committee shall have an equal number of votes, the House shall proceed to a further ballot or ballots.

In all cases of ballot by the House, the Speaker shall vote; in other cases he shall not vote, unless the House be equally divided, or unless his vote, if given to the minority, will make the division equal, and in case of such equal division, the question shall be lost.

All acts, addresses, and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker, and all writs, warrants, or subpænas issued by order of the House, shall be under his hand and seal, attested by the Clerk.

In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the gallery or lobby, the Speaker, (or Chairman of the committee of the whole House) shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

SECONDLY, -OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to Mr. Speaker.

If any member, in speaking, or otherwise, transgress the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may call to order; in which case the member so called to order, shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain, and the House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate: If there be no appeal,

the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to: If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, and the case require it, he shall be liable to the censure of the House.

When two or more members happen to rife at once, the Speaker shall name the member who is first to speak.

No member shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the House; nor more than once, until every member choosing to speak, shall have

fpoken.

Whilst the Speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, none shall walk out of, or across the House; nor either in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall entertain private discourse; nor whilst a member is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair.

No member shall vote on any question, in the event of which he is immediately and particularly interested; or in any other case where he was not present when the question was put.

Upon a division and count of the House on any ques-

tion, no member without the bar shall be counted.

Every member who shall be in the House when a question is put, shall give his vote, unless the House, for

special reasons, shall excuse him.

When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or being in writing, it shall be handed to the chair, and read aloud by the Clerk, before debated.

Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the

Speaker or any member desire it.

After a motion is stated by the Speaker, or read by the Clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment.

When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless to amend it, to commit it, for the previous question, to postpone it to a day certain, or to adjourn.

A motion to adjourn shall be always in order, and shall be decided without debate.

The previous question shall be in this form, "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by five members; and until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment and further debate of the main question.

On a previous question, no member shall speak more than once without leave.

Any member may call for the division of a question, where the sense will admit of it.

A motion for commitment, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question.

Motions and reports, may be committed at the pleafure of the House.

No new motion or proposition shall be admitted under colour of amendment, as a substitute for the motion or proposition under debate.

When the reading of a paper is called for, which had before been read to the House, and the same is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the House.

The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the orders of the day; and no motion on any other business, shall be received, without special leave of the House, until the former is disposed of.

In all other cases of ballot, than for committees, a majority of the votes given shall be necessary to an election; and when there shall not be such majority on the first ballot, the ballot shall be repeated until a majority be obtained.

In all cases when others than members of the House may be eligible, there shall be a previous nomination.

If a question depending be lost by adjournment of the House, and revived on the succeeding day, no member who has spoken twice on the day preceding, shall be permitted again to speak without leave.

Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate shall be necessary, shall be read to the House, and laid on the table, on a day preceding that in which the same shall be moved, unless the House shall otherwise expressly allow.

Petitions, memorials, and other papers, addressed to the House, shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall not be debated or decided on the day of their being first read, unless where the House shall direct otherwise; but shall lie on the table, to be taken up in the order they were read.

Any fifteen members (including the Speaker, if there is one) shall be authorised to compel the attendance of

absent members.

Upon calls of the House, or in taking the yeas and nays on any question, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically.

Any member may excuse himself from serving on any committee at the time of his appointment, if he is then a member of two other committees.

No member shall absent himself from the service of the House, unless he have leave, or be sick, and unable to attend.

Upon a call of the House, the names of the members shall be called over by the Clerk. and the absentees noted; after which, the names of the absentees shall be again called over, the doors shall then be shut, and those for whom no excuse, or insufficient excuses are made, may, by order of the House, be taken into custody, as they appear, or may be sent for, and taken into custody, wherever to be sound, by special messengers to be appointed for that purpose.

When a member shall be discharged from custody, and admitted to his seat, the House shall determine whether such discharge shall be with, or without paying sees: and in like manner, whether a delinquent member, taken into custody by a special messenger, shall, or shall not, be liable to desray the expense of such spe-

cial messenger.

A Serjeant-at-arms shall be appointed, to hold his office during the pleasure of the House, whose duty shall be to attend the House during its sitting; to execute the commands of the House, from time to time, either by himself, or a special messenger, to be by him appointed for that purpose, together with all such process issued by authority thereof, as shall be directed to him by the Speaker.

The fees of the Serjeant-at-arms shall be, for every arrest, the sum of two dollars; for each day's custody and releasement, one dollar; and for travelling expenses of himself, or a special messenger, going and

returning, one tenth of a dollar per mile.

Two standing committees shall be appointed, at the commencement of each session, to consist of seven members each, to wit:

A Committee of Elections, and

A Committee of Claims.

It shall be the duty of the said Committee of Elections to examine and report upon the certificates of election, or other credentials of the members returned to serve in this House, and to take into their consideration all such petitions and other matters, touching election, and returns, as shall or may be presented, or come in question, and be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the said Committee of Claims, to take into consideration all such petitions and matters or things touching claims or demands on the United States, as shall be presented, or shall or may come in question, and be referred to them by the House, and to report their opinion thereupon, together with such propositions for relief therein, as to them shall seem expedient.

No committee shall sit, during the sitting of the House, without special leave.

The Clerk of the House shall take an oath for the true and faithful discharge of the duties of his office, to the best of his knowledge and abilities; and shall be deemed to continue in office, until another be appointed. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the House, at the end of each session, to send a printed copy of the journal thereof to the executive, and to each branch of the

legislature of every state.

Whenever confidential communications are received from the President of the United States, the House shall be cleared of all persons, except the members and its officers, and so continue during the reading of such communications, and (unless otherwise directed by the House) during all debates and proceedings to be had thereon. And when the Speaker, or any other member, shall inform the House, that he has communications to make, which he conceives ought to be kept secret, the House shall, in like manner, be cleared till the communication be made; the House shall then determine, whether the matter communicated requires secrecy or not, and take order accordingly.

THIRDLY,—OF BILLS.

Every bill shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by an order of the House, on the report of a committee; and in either case, a committee to prepare the same shall be appointed. In cases of a general nature, one day's notice, at least, shall be given of the motion to bring in a bill; and every such motion may be committed.

Every bill shall receive three several readings in the House, previous to its passage; and all bills shall be dispatched in order as they were introduced, unless where the House shall direct otherwise; but no bill shall be twice read on the same day without special order of the House.

The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and if opposition be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no opposition be made, or if the question to reject be negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

Upon the second reading of a bill, the Speaker shall state it as ready for commitment or engrossment; and if committed, then a question shall be, whether to a

felect committee, or to a committee of the whole House; if to a committee of the whole House, the House shall determine on what day. But if the bill be ordered to be engrossed, the House shall appoint the day when it shall be read the third time. After commitment and report thereof to the House, a bill may be recommitted, or at any time before its passage.

All bills ordered to be engroffed, shall be executed in

a fair round hand.

When a bill shall pass, it shall be certified by the Clerk, noting the day of its passing, at the foot thereof.

Fourthly.—Of Committees of the whole House.

It shall be a standing order of the day, throughout the session, for the House to resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the state of the Union.

In forming a committee of the whole House, the Speaker shall leave his chair, and a Chairman to preside

in committee, shall be appointed by the Speaker.

Upon bills committed to a committee of the whole House, the bill shall be first read throughout by the Clerk, and then again read and debated by clauses, leaving the preamble to be last considered; the body of the bill shall not be defaced or interlined; but all amendments, noting the page and line, shall be duly entered by the Clerk on a separate paper, as the same shall be agreed to by the committee, and so reported to the House. After report, the bill shall again be subject to be debated and amended by clauses, before a question to engross it be taken.

All amendments made to an original motion in committee, shall be incorporated with the motion, and so reported.

All amendments made to a report committed to a committee of the whole House, shall be noted and re-

ported as in the case of bills.

All questions, whether in committee, or in the House, shall be propounded in the order they were moved, except, that in filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.

No motion or proposition for a tax, or charge upon the people, shall be discussed the day in which it is made or offered, and every such proposition shall receive its first discussion in a committee of the whole House.

No fum or quantum of tax or duty, voted by a committee of the whole House, shall be increased in the House, until the motion or proposition for such increase shall be first discussed and voted in a committee of the whole House; and so in respect to the time of its continuance.

All proceedings, touching appropriations of money, shall be first moved and discussed in a committee of the whole House.

The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed in committee, so far as they may be applicable, except that limiting the times of speaking.

No standing rule or order of the House shall be refeinded without one day's notice being given of the mo-

tion therefor.

Joint Rules and Orders of the two Houses.

In every case of an amendment of a bill agreed to in one House, and dissented to in the other, if either House shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a committee to confer, such committees shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed on by their Chairman, meet in the conference chamber, and state to each other verbally, or in writing, as either shall chuse, the reasons of their respective Houses for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon.

When a message shall be sent from the Senate to the House of Representatives, it shall be announced at the door of the House, by the door-keeper, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair, by the person

by whom it may be fent.

The same ceremony shall be observed, when a message shall be sent from the House of Representatives to the Senate.

Messages shall be sent by such persons, as a sense of propriety, in each House, may determine to be

proper.

While bills are on their passage between the two Houses, they shall be on paper, and under the signature of the Secretary or Clerk of each House, re-

spectively.

After a bill shall have passed both Houses, it shall be duly involled on parchment, by the Clerk of the House of Representatives, or the Secretary of the Senate, as the bill may have originated in the one or the other House, before it shall be presented to the President of the United States.

When bills are inrolled, they shall be examined by a joint committee, of one from the Senate, and two from the House of Representatives, appointed as a standing committee for that purpose, who shall carefully compare the inrolment with the engrossed bills, as passed in the two Houses, and correcting any errors that may be discovered in the inrolled bills, make their report forthwith to the respective Houses.

After examination and report, each bill shall be figned in the respective Houses, first by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and then by the President

of the Senate.

After a bill shall have thus been signed in each House, it shall be presented by the said committee to the President of the United States, for his approbation, it being first endorsed on the back of the roll, certifying in which House the same originated; which endorsement shall be signed by the Secretary or Clerk (as the case may be) of the House in which the same did originate, and shall be entered on the journal of each House. The said committee shall report the day of presentation to the President, which time shali also be carefully entered on the journal of each House.

All orders, resolutions, and votes, which are to be presented to the President of the United States, for his approbation, shall also in the same manner, be previously inrolled, examined, and figned, and shall be presented in the same manner, and by the same committee, as provided in case of bills.

When the Senate, and House of Representatives shall judge it proper to make a joint address to the President, it shall be presented to him in his audience chamber, by the President of the Senate, in the presence of the Speaker, and both Houses,

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the Secretary at War, on the petition of Peter Covenhoven; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Trumbull reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Resolved, That there be allowed to Peter Covenhoven, the sum of dollars, in sull for his expenses attending the cure of a wound received near fort Schuyler, during the late war.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Beatty, Mr. Blount, and Mr. Holten do prepare and bring in the same.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 14th of November, 1794.

Several other members, to wit; from Massachusetts, Samuel Dexter; from Virginia, Abraham Venable; and from Kentucky, Alexander D. Orr, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee to whom was referred the letter from James White, inclosing the credentials of his appointment as a representative of the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Ordered, That a Committee of Claims be appointed, pursuant to the slanding rules and orders of the House;

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Tracey, Mr. Foster, Mr. Malbone, Mr. Montgomery, Mr. Heath, Mr. Christie, and Mr. Mebane.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 17th of November, 1794.

Two other members, to wit; from Rhode-Island, Benjamin Bourne; and from South-Carolina, Andrew Pickens, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

A petition of Pierre Egron, was presented to the House and read, praying the patronage of Congress, and an exemption from postage, in aid of a literary work which he is now prosecuting.

Ordered, That the said petition do lie on the table. A petition of Joab Stafford, of the county of Harkemer, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying to be allowed an arrearage of pension due to him as a captain in the army of the United States, during the late war, or such other compensation in lieu thereof, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the petition of George Campbell, which lay on the table, be referred to the committee of claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the letter from James White, together with the credentials of his appointment as a representative of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Trumbull reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said report do lie on the table.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 18th of November, 1794.

Another member, to wit; Theodore Sedgwick, from Massachusetts, appeared, and took his seat in the House.

A memorial of James Crawford, of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, was presented to the House and read, praying that a new register may be granted in the case of the brig Betsey, an American bottom, taken by the British at Saint Pierre's in the island of Martinique, in the month of February last; the said brig being condemned, and her original register detained by the captors.

Ordered, That the said memorial, together with the petition of Samuel Emery, which lay on the table, be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Cadwalader, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee on the letter from James White, inclosing the credentials of his appointment as a representative of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, to which the committee of the whole House reported no amendment: Whereupon,

The faid report being again read at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the

House, as followeth:

That by the ordinance for the government of the territory of the United States north-west of the river Ohio, section 9, it is provided, "that so soon as there shall be five thousand free male inhabitants of sull age in the district, upon giving proof thereof to the governor, they shall receive authority to elect representatives to represent them in a general assembly;" and by the 12th section of the ordinance, "as soon as a legislature shall be formed in the district, the council and house as-

sembled in one room shall have authority, by joint ballot, to elect a delegate to Congress, who shall have a seat in Congress, with a right of debating, but not of voting, during this temporary government." Full effect is given to this ordinance by act of Congress, August 7,

1789.

That by the deed of cession of the territory south of the river Ohio, to the United States, in the sourth article it is also provided, "that the inhabitants of the said territory shall enjoy all the privileges, benefits and advantages set forth in the ordinance of the late Congress for the government of the western territory; that is to say, Congress shall assume the government of the said territory, which they shall execute in a manner similar to that which they support in the territory west of the Ohio, and shall never bar or deprive them of any privilege which the people in the territory west of the Ohio enjoy."

The cession on these conditions was accepted by act

of Congress on the 2d of April 1790.

By an act passed the 26th May 1790, for the government of the territory of the United States fouth of the river Ohio, it is enacted, "that the inhabitants shall enjoy all the privileges, benefits and advantages fet forth in the ordinance of the late Congress, for the government of the territory of the United States northwest of the river Ohio. And the government of the faid territory fouth of the Ohio, shall be similar to that which is now exercised in the territory north-west of the river Ohio; except so far as is otherwise provided in the conditions expressed in an act of Congress of the present session, intituled, "An act to accept a cession of the claim of the state of North-Carolina to a certain district of western territory." The committee are of opinion, that James White, has been duly elected as delegate from the territory of the United States fouth of the Ohio, on the terms of the foregoing acts: they therefore fubmit the following resolution.

Refolved, That James White be admitted to a feat in this House, as a delegate from the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, with a right of debating, but not of voting.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that a quorum of the Senate is assembled, and ready

to proceed to business: And then he withdrew.

Ordered, That the petition of Pierre Egron, which lay on the table, be referred to Mr. William Smith, Mr. Murray, and Mr. Madison, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have appointed a committee on their part, jointly with such committee as may be appointed on the part of this House, to wait on the President of the United States, and inform him, that a quorum of the two Houses is assembled, and ready to receive any communications he may think proper to make to them: And then he withdrew.

Ordered, That Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Dearborn, and Mr. Gilman, be appointed a committee on the part of this House, for the purpose expressed in the message from the Senate.

the Senate.

On motion,

Refolved, That two chaplains of different denominations, be appointed to Congress, for the present session, one by each House, to interchange weekly.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said resolution to the Senate, and desire their concur-

rence.

Mr. Boudinot, from the joint committee appointed to wait on the President of the United States and notify him, that a quorum of the two Houses is assembled, and ready to receive any communications he may think proper to make to them, reported, that the committee

had, according to order, performed that fervice, and that the President signified to them, that he would make a communication to both Houses of Congress, to-morrow at twelve o'clock, in the Representatives' chamber.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the fouth-western territory, and making provision for his compensation; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Thatcher, and Mr. Macon, be the said committee.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 15th of November, 1794.

Another member, to wit; Thomas Scott, from Pennfylvania, appeared, and took his feat in the House.

A memorial of Joze Roiz Silva, of the city of New-York, merchant, was presented to the House and read, praying that the sum of two thousand sive hundred and twenty-one dollars and fixty cents, may be refunded to him, it being the difference in the amount of duties on a quantity of wines imported by the memorialist, and which, through mistake, was exacted from him by the collector of the port of New-York, beyond the legal duties.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to Mr. Watts, Mr. Cossin, and Mr. Malbone; that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report of the commissioners for purchasing the public debt, stating the amount of their purchases and other proceedings since their report of the sixteenth of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That a message be sent to the Senate, to inform them that this House is now ready to attend them in receiving the communication from the President of

the United States, agreeably to his notification to both Houses yesterday; and that the Clerk of this House do go with the said message.

The Clerk accordingly went with the faid message,

and being returned,

The Senate attended and took feats in the House; when, both Houses being assembled, the President of the United States came into the Representatives' chamber, and addressed them as followeth:

Fellow Citizens of the SENATE, and of the House of Representatives,

WHEN we call to mind the gracious indulgence of Heaven, by which the American People became a nation; when we survey the general prosperity of our country, and look forward to the riches, power, and happiness, to which it seems destined; with the deepest regret do I announce to you, that during your recess, some of the citizens of the United States have been found capable of an insurrection. It is due, however, to the character of our government, and to its stability, which cannot be shaken by the enemies of order, freely to unfold the course of this event.

During the fession of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety, it was expedient to exercise the legislative power, granted by the constitution of the United States, "to lay and collect excises." In a majority of the states, scarcely an objection was heard to this mode of taxation. In some, indeed, alarms were at first conceived, until they were banished by reason and patriotism. In the four western counties of Pennsylvania, a prejudice, fostered and embittered by the artifice of men, who laboured for an ascendency over the will of others, by the guidance of their passions, produced fymptoms of riot and violence. It is well known, that Congress did not hesitate to examine the complaints, which were presented, and to relieve them, as far as justice dictated, or general convenience would permit. But the impression, which this moderation made on the

discontented, did not correspond, with what it deserved. The arts of delusion were no longer confined to the efforts of defigning individuals. The very forbearance to press prosecutions was misinterpreted into a fear of urging the execution of the laws; and affeciations of men began to denounce threats against the officers employed. From a belief, that by a more formal concert, their operation might be defeated, certain felf-created focieties assumed the tone of condemnation. Hence, while the greater part of Pennsylvania itself were conforming themselves to the acts of excise, a few counties were resolved to frustrate them. It was now perceived that every expectation from the tenderness which had been hitherto purfued, was unavailing, and that further delay could only create an opinion of impotency or irrefolution in the government. Legal process was, therefore, delivered to the marshal, against the rioters and delinquent distillers. No sooner was he understood to be engaged in this duty, than the vengeance of armed men was aimed at bis person, and the person and property of the inspector of the revenue. They fired upon the marshal, arrested him, and detained him for some time, as a prisoner. He was obliged by the jeopardy of his life, to renounce the service of other process. on the west side of the Allegheny mountain; and a deputation was afterwards fent to him to demand a furrender of that which he bad served. A numerous body repeatedly attacked the house of the inspector, feized his papers of office,—and finally destroyed by fire, his buildings, and whatfoever they contained. Both of these officers, from a just regard to their safety, fled to the feat of government; it being avowed, that the motives to such outrages were to compel the refignation of the inspector—to withstand by force of arms the authority of the United States, and thereby to extort a repeal of the laws of excise, and an alteration in the conduct of government.

Upon the testimony of these facts, an associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States notified to

me, that "in the counties of Washington and Allegheny in Pennsylvania, laws of the United States were opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed by combinations. too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshal of that district." On this call, momentous in the extreme. I fought and weighed, what might best fubdue the criss. On the one hand, the judiciary was pronounced to be stripped of its capacity to enforce the laws: crimes, which reached the very existence of focial order, were perpetrated without controul;—the friends of government were insulted, abused, and overawed into filence, or an apparent acquiescence; and to yield to the treasonable fury of so small a portion of the United States, would be to violate the fundamental principle of our constitution, which enjoins that the will of the majority shall prevail. On the other, array citizen against citizen-to publish the dishonor of fuch excesses—to encounter the expense, and other embarrassments of so distant an expedition, were steps too delicate,—too closely interwoven with many affecting confiderations, to be lightly adopted. I postponed, therefore, the summoning of the militia immediately into the field. But I required them to be held in readiness, that if my anxious endeavours to reclaim the deluded, and to convince the malignant of their danger, should be fruitless, military force might be prepared to act, before the feafon should be too far advanced.

My proclamation of the 7th of August last was accordingly issued, and accompanied by the appointment of Commissioners, who were charged to repair to the scene of insurrection. They were authorised to confer with any bodies of men, or individuals. They were instructed to be candid and explicit, in stating the sensetions, which had been excited in the Executive, and his earnest wish to avoid a resert to coercion. To represent, however, that without submission, coercion must be the resort; but to invite them, at the same time, to return to the demeanor of faithful citizens, by such

accommodations as lay within the sphere of executive power. Pardon too, was tendered to them by the government of the United States, and that of Pennsylvania, upon no other condition, than a satisfactory assurance of obedience to the laws.

Although the report of the Commissioners marks their firmness and abilities, and must unite all virtuous men, by shewing, that the means of conciliation have been exhausted, all of those who had committed or abetted the tumults, did not subscribe the mild form, which was proposed, as the atonement; and the indications of a peaceable temper were neither sufficiently general, nor conclusive, to recommend or warrant, the farther suspension of the march of the militia.

Thus, the painful alternative could not be discarded. I ordered the militia to march, after once more admonishing the insurgents, in my proclamation of the 25th of September last.

It was a task too difficult to ascertain with precision. the lowest degree of force, competent to the quelling of the infurrection. From a respect, indeed, to occonomy, and the ease of my fellow citizens belonging to the militia, it would have gratified me to accomplish such My very reluctance to ascribe too much an estimate. importance to the opposition, had its extent been accurately feen, would have been a decided inducement to the smallest efficient numbers. In this uncertainty, therefore, I put into motion fifteen thousand men, as being an army, which, according to all human calculation, would be prompt, and adequate in every view; and might perhaps, by rendering refistance desperate, prevent the effusion of blood. Quotas had been assigned to the states of New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia; the governor of Pennsylvania having declared on this occasion, an opinion which justified a requisition to the other states.

As commander in chief of the militia, when called into the actual fervice of the United States, I have visited the places of general rendezvous, to obtain more exact

information, and to direct a plan for ulterior movements. Had there been room for a persuasion, that the laws were secure from obstruction; that the civil magistrate was able to bring to justice such of the most culpable, as have not embraced the profered terms of amnesty, and may be deemed fit objects of example; that the friends to peace and good government were not in need of that aid and countenance, which they ought always to receive, and I trust, ever will receive, against the vicious and turbulent, I should have caught with avidity the opportunity of restoring the militia to their families and home. But succeeding intelligence has tended to manifest the necessity of what has been done; it being now confessed by those who were not inclined to exaggerate the ill-conduct of the infurgents, that their malevolence was not pointed merely to a particular law; but that a spirit, inimical to all order, has actuated many of the offenders. If the state of things had afforded reason for the continuance of my presence with the army, it would not have been withholden. appearance affuring fuch an iffue, as will redound to the reputation and strength of the United States, I have judged it most proper, to resume my duties at the seat of government, leaving the chief command with the governor of Virginia.

Still, however, as it is probable, that in a commotion like the present, whatsoever may be the presence, the purposes of mischief and revenge may not be laid aside, the stationing of a small force for a certain period in the sour western counties of Pennsylvania will be indispensable, whether we contemplate the situation of those, who are connected with the execution of the laws, or of others who may have exposed themselves by an honorable attachment to them. Thirty days from the commencement of this session, being the legal limitation of the employment of the militia, Congress

cannot be too early occupied with this subject.

Among the discussions, which may arise from this aspect of our affairs, and from the documents which

will be submitted to Congress, it will not escape their observation, that not only the inspector of the revenue. but other officers of the United States, in Pennsylvania, have, from their fidelity in the discharge of their functions, sustained material injuries to their property. The obligation and policy of indemnifying them are strong and obvious. It may also merit attention, whether policy will not enlarge this provision to the retribution of other citizens, who, though not under the ties of office, may have suffered damage by their generous exertions for upholding the constitution and the laws. The amount, even if all the injured were included, would not be great; and on future emergencies, the government would be amply repaid by the influence of an example, that he, who incurs a loss in its defence, shall find a recompence in its liberality.

While there is cause to lament, that occurrences of this nature should have difgraced the name, or interrupted the tranquility of any part of our community, or should have diverted to a new application, any portion of the public resources, there are not wanting real and substantial consolations for the missortune. It has demonstrated, that our prosperity rests on solid foundations; by furnishing an additional proof, that my fellow citizens understand the true principles of government and liberty:—that they feel their inseparable union:—that notwithstanding all the devices which have been used to sway them from their interest and duty, they are now as ready to maintain the authority of the laws against licentious invasions, as they were to defend their rights against usurpation. It has been a spectacle, displaying to the highest advantage, the value of Republican Government, to behold the most and the least wealthy of our citizens standing in the fame ranks as private foldiers,—pre-eminently distinguished by being the army of the constitution, undeterred by a march of three hundred miles over rugged mountains, by the approach of an inclement season, or by any other discouragement. Nor ought I to omit to acknowledge the efficacious and patriotic co-operation, which I have experienced from the chief magistrates of the states, to which my requisitions have been addressed.

To every description, indeed, of citizens let praise be given. But let them persevere in their affectionate vigilance over that precious depository of American happiness, the constitution of the United States. Let them cherish it too, for the sake of those, who from every clime are daily seeking a dwelling in our land. And when in the calm moments of resection, they shall have retraced the origin and progress of the insurrection, let them determine whether it has not been someted by combinations of men, who, careless of consequences, and disregarding the unerring truth, that those who rouse, cannot always appease a civil convulsion, have disseminated, from an ignorance or perversion of facts, suspicions, jealousies, and accusations of the whole government.

Having thus fulfilled the engagement, which I took, when I entered into office, "to the best of my ability to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States," on you, Gentlemen, and the people

by whom you are deputed, I rely for support.

In the arrangements, to which the possibility of a similar contingency will naturally draw your attention, it ought not to be forgotten, that the militia-laws have exhibited such striking defects, as could not have been supplied but by the zeal of our citizens. Besides the extraordinary expense and waste, which are not the least of the defects, every appeal to those laws is attended with a doubt on its success.

The devising and establishing of a well regulated militia, would be a genuine source of legislative honor, and a perfect title to public gratitude. I, therefore, entertain a hope, that the present session will not pass, without carrying to its full energy the power of organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia; and thus providing, in the language of the constitution, for calling them forth to execute the laws of the union, suppress

infurrections, and repel invalions.

As auxiliary to the state of our defence, to which Congress can never too frequently recur, they will not omit to enquire, whether the fortifications, which have been already licensed by law, be commensurate with

our exigencies.

The intelligence from the army under the command of general Wayne, is a happy presage to our military operations against the hostile Indians north of the Ohio. From the advices which have been forwarded, the advance which he has made must have damped the ardor of the savages, and weakened their obstinacy in waging war against the United States. And yet, even at this late hour, when our power to punish them cannot be questioned, we shall not be unwilling to cement a lasting peace, upon terms of candor, equity, and good neighborhood.

Towards none of the Indian tribes have overtures of friendship been spared. The Creeks in particular, are covered from encroachment by the interposition of the General Government and that of Georgia. From a desire also to remove the discontents of the Six Nations, a settlement, meditated at Presqu'isse on Lake Erie, has been suspended; and an agent is now endeavoring to rectify any misconception, into which they may have fallen. But I cannot refrain from again pressing upon your deliberations, the plan which I recommended at the last session, for the improvement of harmony with all the Indians within our limits, by the fixing and conducting of trading houses, upon the principles then expressed.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

The time, which has elapsed, since the commencement of our fiscal measures, has developed our pecuniary resources, so as to open the way for a definitive plan for the redemption of the public debt. It is believed, that the result is such, as to encourage Congress

to consummate this work, without delay. Nothing can more promote the permanent welfare of the nation, and nothing would be more grateful to our constituents. Indeed whatsoever is unfinished of our system of public credit, cannot be benefited by procrastination; and as far as may be practicable, we ought to place that credit on grounds which cannot be disturbed, and to prevent that progressive accumulation of debt which must ultimately endanger all governments.

An estimate of the necessary appropriations, including the expenditures into which we have been driven by the insurrection, will be submitted to Congress.

Gentlemen of the SENATE, and of the House of Representatives,

The mint of the United States has entered upon the coinage of the precious metals, and confiderable sums of desective coins and bullion have been lodged with the director by individuals. There is a pleasing prospect that the institution will, at no remote day, realize the expectation which was originally formed of its utility.

In subsequent communications, certain circumstances of our intercourse with foreign nations, will be transmitted to Congress. However, it may not be unseasonable to announce that my policy in our foreign transactions has been, to cultivate peace with all the world;—to observe treaties with pure and absolute faith;—to check every deviation from the line of impartiality;—to explain what may have been misapprehended, and correct what may have been injurious to any nation;—and having thus acquired the right, to lose no time in acquiring the ability, to insist upon justice being done to ourselves.

Let us unite, therefore, in imploring the Supreme Ruler of nations, to spread his holy protection over these United States:—to turn the machinations of the wicked to the confirming of our constitution:—to enable us at all times to root out internal sedition, and

put invalion to flight:—to perpetuate to our country that prosperity, which his goodness has already conferred, and to verify the anticipations of this government being a safe guard to human rights.

G°: WASHINGTON.

United States, November the 19th, 1794.

The President of the United States then withdrew, and the two Houses seperated.

On motion,

Ordered, That the speech of the President of the United States to both Houses, be committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 20th of November, 1794.

Another member, to wit; William Findley, from Pennsylvania, appeared, and took his feat in the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on
the speech of the President of the United States to both
Houses of Congress, and after some time spent therein,
Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Trumbull
reported, that the committee had, according to order,
had the said speech under consideration, and come to
a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the
Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed
to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that a respectful address ought to be presented by the House of Representatives, to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, at the commencement of this session, containing assurances, that this House will take into consideration, the various and important matters recommended to their attention.

Ordered, That Mr. Madison, Mr. Sedgwick and Mr. Scott, be appointed a committee to prepare an address, pursuant to the said resolution.

Resolved, That this House will, to morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on

the said speech.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have agreed to the resolution of this House for the appointment of two chaplains to Congress for the present session, and have elected the right reverend bishop White, on their part: And then he withdrew.

The House then proceeded by ballot, to the appointment of a chaplain to Congress, on the part of this House; and upon examining the ballots, a majority of the votes of the whole House was found in favor of the reverend Ashbel Green.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, who delivered in sundry documents referred to in the President's speech to both Houses, from No. 1, to No. 8, inclusive, relative to the insurrection in the counties of Washington and Alleghany, in the state of Pennsylvania; also, sundry communications from general Wayne; from the governor of Georgia; from the superintendant of Indian affairs in the Creek nation; and respecting the establishment of a post by the state of Pennsylvania at Presqu'isle; together with a letter from the Director of the mint: And then he withdrew.

The faid documents and communications were partly read, and ordered to lie on the table.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 21st of November, 1794.

A petition of Joseph M'Craken, of the county of Washington, in the state of New-York, was presented

to the House and read, praying compensation for services rendered, and monies advanced, as a captain in

the continental army, during the late war.

Also, a petition of Elisha Frizell, of the state of New-York, praying that he may receive an arrearage of pension due to him for military services rendered to the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill for the relief of John R. Livingston; and that Mr. Coit, Mr. Gordon, and Mr. Neville, be the faid committee.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the south-western territory, and making provision for his compensation, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House,

no Monday next.

Mr. Madison, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, an address to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the speech of the President of the United States to both Houses of Congress, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Trumbull reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said speech under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were read, and are as follow:

1st. Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that provision ought be made by law for raising a force to be composed of the militia of the United States to be stationed within the four western counties of Pennsylvania, for such period, as may be requisite to secure the execution of the laws.

2d. Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that farther provision ought to be made by law, for

the redemption of the public debt.

3d. Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that a plan ought to be prepared, for the better organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States; and further to provide for calling them forth, to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions.

4th. Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that enquiry ought to be made, whether the fortifications, which have already been licensed by law, are

commensurate with the public exigence.

5th. Refolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that so much of the President's speech, as relates to improving of harmony with the Indian nations within our limits, by fixing and conducting of trading houses, should be referred to a special committee to report thereon.

The first, second, third and fifth resolutions were severally read the second time, and on the question put

thereupon, agreed to by the House.

The fourth resolution was read a second time, amended at the Clerk's table, and agreed to by the House, as solloweth:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to direct the proper officer to lay before this House, a statement of the progress made in the fortifications licensed by law."

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the first resolution, and that Mr. Murray, Mr. Hill-house and Mr. Giles, do prepare and bring in the same.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and report a plan, pursuant to the second resolution, and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Ames, Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Duvall and Mr. Nicholas, be the said committee.

Ordered, That Mr. Giles, Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Heifter, Mr. Locke and Mr. Van Cortlandt, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the first part of the third resolution.

Ordered, That Mr. Dayton, Mr. Hartley, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Harrison, and Mr. M'Dowell, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the second part of the third resolution.

Ordered, That Mr. Bailey and Mr. Armstrong, be appointed a committee, to wait on the President of the United States, with the sourch resolution.

Ordered, That Mr. Parker, Mr. Blount, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Findley and Mr. Greenup, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the fifth resolution.

Refolved, That this House will, on Monday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said speech.

Mr. Parker, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Moles Myers, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

" United States, November the 21ft, 1794.

"Gentlemen of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before Congress copies of a letter from the governor of the state of New-York, and of the exemplification of an act of the legislature thereof, ratifying the amendment of the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Senate and House of Representatives, at their last session, respecting the judicial power.

Go: WASHINGTON.

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House resumed the reading of the papers, communicated yesterday, by message from the President of the United States, and made a farther progress therein.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morn-

ing, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 24th of November, 1794.

The petitions of Thomas Marshall and of Robert Peling, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for services rendered, and injuries sustained in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Also, a petition of Abigail Lewis, widow, and legal representative of the reverend Ichabod Lewis, deceased, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for damages done to the property of the deceased, by a detachment of the American army, some time in the year 1776.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter and report from the Secretary at War, on the memorial of Peter Perrit, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the address to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said address under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on

the faid address.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 25th of November, 1794.

Another member, to wit; James Gillespie, from North Carolina, appeared, and took his seat in the House.

Mr. Murray, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the sour western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time, which was received, and read the first time;

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill extending the privilege of franking to James
White, the delegate from the south western territory;
and making provision for his compensation; and after
some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair,
and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration,
and made an amendment thereto, which he delivered
in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read,
and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendment, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

On motion,

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to direct the proper officer to state to this House, the difficulties and inconveniencies which have occurred in the execution of the act, intituled "An act more effectually to provide for the national desence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States."

Ordered, That Mr. Moore and Mr. Gordon be appointed a committee to wait on the President, with the foregoing resolution.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the address to the President of the United States, in

answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said address under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table:

Ordered, That the faid address, with the amend-

ments, do lie on the table.

A message, in writing, was received from the Prefident of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, as followeth:

"United States, November 25, 1794"Gentlemen of the Schate, and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before you a statement of the troops in the service of the United States, which has been submitted to me by the Secretary of War. It will rest with Congress to consider and determine whether further inducements shall be held out for entering into the military service of the United States, in order to complete the establishment authorized by law.

"G": WASHINGTON."

The faid message and statement were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 26th of November, 1794.

An engrossed bill extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the south-western territory, and making provision for his compensation, was read the third time:

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be "An act extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio; and making provision or his compensation."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Samuel Miller, of the county of West-Chester, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying to be placed on the list of pensioners, in consideration of a wound received in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the Secretary at War, with instruction to examine the same,

and report his opinion thereupon, to the House.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter signed Oliver Wolcott, jun. on behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanied with estimates of the sums necessary to be appropriated for the service of the year 1795; also, statements of the application of certain sums of money granted by law; which were read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A motion was made and feconded, that the House

do come to the following resolution;

"Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to increase the pay, and regulate the other allowances hereaster to be given to non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the troops on the military establishment of the United States, and of the militia, when called into actual service, and to ascertain the time when the pay of the militia shall in suture commence; and to make farther and more ample provision for the pay of the militia on the present expedition to Fort Pitt."

Ordered, That the said motion be referred to the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the better organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the four western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the address to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, and debate arising thereon; after some time spent therein,

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 27th of November, 1794.

An engrossed bill to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the sour western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time, was read the third time, and a blank therein silled up:

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be "An act to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the sour western counties of

Pennsylvania, for a limited time."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

Mr. Coit, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of John R. Livingston, which was received, and read the first time.

Ordered, That the report of the Secretary at War on the memorial of Peter Perrit, which lay on the table,

be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House resumed the consideration of the amendments, reported on Tuesday last, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the address to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress: Whereupon,

The first amendment being under consideration, to insert as the second clause of the said address, the words

following, to wit:

"In tracing the origin and progress of the insurrection, we can entertain no doubt that certain combinations of men, careless of consequences, and disregarding the truth, by disseminating suspicions, jealousies, and accusations of the government, have had all the agency you ascribe to them, in somenting this daring outrage against social order, and the authority of the laws."

A motion was made, and seconded, to amend the said clause by inserting after the word "certain" in the second line, the words "felf-created societies and;"

And on the question thereupon,

It was resolved in the affirmative—{YEAS 47. NAYS 45.

The year and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present;

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames, James Armstrong, John Beatty, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwaladers David Cobb. Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, William J. Dawson, Jonathan Dayton, Samuel Dexter, Thomas Fitzimons. Dwight Foller, Ezekiel (lilbert, Nicholas Gilman, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, James Gordon, Samuel Griffin. William Barry Grove, Thomas Hartley, James Hillhouse

William Hindman Samuel Holten John Wilkes Kitters Henry Latimer, Amala Learned Richard Bland Lee, Francis Malbone. William Vans Morray. Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, John S. Sherburne. Jeremiah Smith. William Smith Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull. John E. Van Allen Peter Van Gaasbeck, Peleg Wadfworth Artemas Ward, John Watts, and Paine Wingate,

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin, Thomas Bloust,

Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie, Thomas Claibonne, Ifaze Coles, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Gabriel Duvall. William Findley, William B. Giles, James Gillespie, Christopher Greenup, Andrew Gregg, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison, lohn Heath. Daniel Heilter, John Hunter, Matthew Locke. William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon, James Madison, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane,

William Montgomery, Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg, Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas. Nathaniel Niles. Alexander D. Ort, Joliah Parker Andrew Pickens, Francis Pretton. Robert Rutherford John Smilie. Ifrael Smith, Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlandt Abraham Venable. Francis Walker, and Joseph Wintton.

Another motion was then made and seconded, surther to amend the said clause, by inserting after the words "combinations of men" the words "in the four western counties of Pennsylvania, and parts adjacent."

And on the question thereupon,

It was resolved in the affirmative, the House being equally divided, to wit:— {YEAS 46. NAYS 46.

And Mr. Speaker declaring himself with the yeas. The yeas and nays, as demanded by one fifth of the members present, were as follow:

YEAS.

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin. Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie, Thomas Claiborne, Isaac Coles, William J. Dawson, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Gabriel Duvall, William Findley, William B. Giles, James Gillespie, Christopher Greenup, Andrew Gregg, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath,

Daniel Heister. John Hunter. Matthew Locke, William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon, James Madison, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery, Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas. Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Orr, Josiah Parker, Andrew Pickens, Francis Preston,

Robert Rutherford, John Smilie, Ifrael Smith, Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlandt, Abraham Venahle, Francis Walker, and Joseph Winston,

NATE.

Fisher Ames, James Armstrong, John Beatty, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, David Cobb, Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, Jonathan Dayton, Samuel Dexter, Thomas Fitzimons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert. Nicholas Gilman, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, James Gordon, Samuel Griffin, William B. Grove, Thomas Hartley, James Hillhouse,

William Hindmen. Samuel Holten, John Wilkes Kittera, Henry Latimer, Amafa Learned. Richard Bland Lee. Francis Malbone, William Vans Murray, Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, Íohn S. Sherburne, eremiak Smith, William Smith, Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Ionathan Trumbull. John E. Van Allen, Peter Van Gaasbeck, Peleg Wad sworth, Artemas Ward, John Watts, and Paine Wingate.

Another motion was then made and seconded, further to amend the said clause, by inserting after the word "adjacent" in the amendment last agreed to, the words countenanced by self-created societies elsewhere."

And on the question thereupon,
It passed in the negative—

{ Yeas 42.
NAYS 50.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fifter Ames,
James Armstrong,
John Beatty,
Elias Boudinot,
Shearjashub Bourne,
Benjamin Bourne,
Lambert Cadwalader,
David Cobb,
Peleg Cossin,
Jeshua Coit,
Jonathan Dayton,
Samuel Dexxer,

Thomas Fitzimons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Henry Glen, Eenjamin Goodhue, James Gordon, Thomas Hartley, James Hillhoufe, William Hindman, Samuel Holten, John Wilkes Kittera, Henry Latimer, Amasa Learned,
Richard Bland Lee,
Francis Malbone,
William Vans Murray,
Thomas Scott,
Theodore Sedgwick,
Jeremiah Smith,
William Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,

George Thatcher,
Uriah Tracey,
Jonathan Trumbull,
John E. Van Allen,
Peter Van Gaafbeck,
Peleg Wadfworth,
Artemas Ward,
John Watts, and
Paine Wingats.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie, Thomas Claiborne, Ifaac Coles, William J. Dawson, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Gabriel Duvail, William Findley. William B. Giles, James Gillespie, Nicholas Gilman, Christopher Greenup, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William B. Grove, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath, Daniel Heitter, John Hunter, Matthew Locke.

William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon James Madison, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery. Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas. Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Orr. Joliah Parker, Andrew Pickens, Francis Preston, Robert Rutherford John S. Sherburne, John Smilie, Lirael Smith. Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlands Abraham Venable, Francis Walker, and Joseph Wintton.

And then the main question being put, that the House do agree to the said clause, amended to read as followeth:

"In tracing the origin and progress of the insurrection, we can entertain no doubt, that certain self-created societies and combinations of men in the sour western counties of Pennsylvania, and parts adjacent, careless of consequences, and disregarding the truth, by disseminating suspicions, jealousies and accusations of the government, have had all the agency you ascribe to them, in somenting this daring outrage against social order, and the authority of the laws."

It passed in the negative.

An adjournment was then called for: Whereupon, The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 28th of November, 1794.

Ordered, That Mr. Hartley have leave to be absent from the service of this House, until this day se'nnight.

A petition of a number of Germans, reliding in the county of Augusta, in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, stating the inconveniences to which they are subjected, from an entire ignorance of the English language, and praying that a certain portion of the laws of the United States, may be printed in the German language. Also,

A memorial of Andrew Ramsay, of Monongalia county, in the state of Virginia, praying compensation for his services as an express rider, from Ohio county in the said state, to the salls of Ohio river in Kentucky, by order of brigadier-general Irvine, in the year 1782.

Ordered, That the said petition and memorial do lie on the table.

A petition of John Minor, of Grenville county, in the state of North-Carolina, administrator of Reuben Minor, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the pay and other emoluments due for the services of the deceased, as a serjeant in the South-Carolina line, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the Committe of Claims.

A bill for the relief of John R. Livingston, was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Ordered, That the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Moses Myers, be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House resumed the consideration of the amendments reported on Tuesday last, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the address to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress: Whereupon,

The fecond amendment reported by the committee of the whole House, being again read at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to

by the House.

A motion was then made and seconded, further to amend the said address, by inserting after the word "insurrection," in the first paragraph, the following clause: "And we learn with the greatest concern, that any misrepresentations, whatever, of the government, and its proceedings, either by individuals or combinations of men, should have been made, and so far credited, as to some the stagrant outrage which has been committed on the laws."

And on the question thereupon, It was resolved in the affirmative.

The faid address, as amended, being then read throughout at the Clerk's table,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the same, in the words following, to wit:

SIR,

THE House of Representatives calling to mind the blessings enjoyed by the people of the United States, and especially the happiness of living under constitutions and laws, which rest on their authority alone, could not learn, with other emotions than those you have expressed, that any part of our fellow citizens should have shewn themselves capable of an insurrection. And we learn, with the greatest concern, that any misrepresentations, whatever, of the government and its proceedings, either by individuals or combinations of men, should have been made, and so far credited, as to sometime the slagrant outrage which has been committed on the laws. We feel, with you, the deepest regret at so painful an occurrence in the annals of our country. As men, regardful of the tender interests of humanity,

we look, with grief, at scenes which might have stained our land with civil blood. As lovers of public order, we lament that it has suffered so flagrant a violation: as zealous friends of republican government, we deplore every occasion, which, in the hands of its enemies, may be turned into a calumny against it.

This aspect of the crisis, however, is happily not the only one, which it presents. There is another which yields all the confolations which you have drawn from It has demonstrated to the candid world, as well as to the American people themselves, that the great body of them, every where, are equally attached to the luminous and vital principle of our constitution, which enjoins, that the will of the majority shall prevail; that they understand the indissoluble union between true liberty and regular government; that they feel their duties no less than they are watchful over their rights; that they will be as ready, at all times, to crush licentiousness, as they have been to descat usurpation: in a word, that they are capable of carrying into execution, that noble plan of felf-government, which they have chosen, as the guarantee of their own happiness, and the asylum for that, of all from every clime who may wish to unite their destiny with ours.

These are the just inferences slowing from the promptitude, with which the summons to the standard of the laws has been obeyed; and from the sentiments, which have been witnessed, in every description of citizens, in every quarter of the union. The spectacle, therefore, when viewed in its true light, may well be affirmed to display, in equal lustre, the virtues of the American character, and the value of republican government. All must particularly acknowledge and applaud the patriotism of that portion of citizens, who have freely sacrificed every thing less dear than the love of their country, to the meritorious task of desending its happiness.

In the part which you have yourself borne through this delicate and distressing period, we trace the additional proofs it has afforded, of your solicitude for the public good. Your laudable and successful endeavors to render lenity in executing the laws conducive to their real energy, and to convert tumult into order, without the effusion of blood, form a particular title to the considence and praise of your constituents. In all that may be found necessary, on our part, to complete this benevolent purpose, and to secure the ministers and friends of the laws, against the remains of

danger, our due co-operation will be afforded.

The other subjects, which you have recommended, or communicated, and of which several are peculiarly interesting, will all receive the attention which they de-We are deeply impressed with the importance of an effectual organization of the militia. We rejoice at the intelligence of the advance and success of the army under the command of general Wayne, whether we regard it as a proof of the perseverance, prowess and superiority of our troops, or as a happy presage to our military operations against the hostile Indians, and as a probable prelude to the establishment of a lasting peace, upon terms of candor, equity and good neighbourhood. We receive it with the greater pleasure, as it increases the probability of sooner restoring a part of the public resources to the desirable object of reducing the public debt.

We shall, on this, as on all occasions, be disposed to adopt any measure, which may advance the safety and prosperity of our country. In nothing, can we more cordially unite with you, than in imploring the Supreme Ruler of nations, to multiply his blessings on these United States; to guard our free and happy constitution against every machination and danger; and to make it the best source of public happiness, by verifying its character of being the best safeguard of human rights.

Refolved, That Mr. Speaker, attended by the House, do present the said address; and that Mr. Madison, Mr. Sedgwick and Mr. Scott, be a committee to wait on the President, to know when and where, it will be conve-

nient for him to receive the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio; and providing for his compensation:" The Senate have also appointed Mr. Ross, on their part, of the committee for inrolled bills: And then he withdrew.

Ordered, That Mr. Peter Muhlenberg and Mr. New, be appointed a committee for inrolled bills, on the part of this House, jointly with the committee appointed for that purpose, on the part of the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Giles, from the committee appointed, presented according to order, a bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes; which was received and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee, to whom were referred the petitions of Samuel Emery and James Crawford, made a report, which was read, and ordered

to lie on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Treasurer of the United States, accompanying his account of receipts and expenditures of public monies, from the 1st of April, to the 30th of June 1794; also his account of payments and receipts for the war department, from the 1st of July, to the 30th of September 1794 inclusive; which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That the report of the committee to whom was referred the memorial of William Denning and

others, holders of bills of credit, emitted in pursuance of the resolution of the late Congress, of the eighteenth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, which was made to this House, on the sixteenth of May last, be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled "An act to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the sour western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Madison, from the committee appointed to wait on the President of the United States, to know when, and where, it will be convenient for him to receive the address of this House, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress, reported, that the committee had, according to order, waited on the President, who signified to them, that it would be convenient to him to receive the said address, at twelve o'clock, to-morrow, at his own house.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the four western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, 'That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That the report of the committee, to whom was referred the report of the Secretary of the Treafury on the petition of George Blanchard, in behalf of Edward Blanchard, which was made to this House, on the 14th of May last, be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the

Prefident of the United States, and present for his approbation, an involled bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the four western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time."

The House resumed the reading of the papers communicated by message from the President of the United States, on the twentieth instant, and made a farther progress therein.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

SATURDAY, the 29th of November, 1794.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from Arthur St. Clair, major-general, and commander in chief of the expedition carried on against the western Indians, in the year 1791, requesting a speedy decision on the report of the committee appointed to enquire into the causes of the failure of the said expedition, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act, which originated in this House, intituled, "An act to authorize the President to call out and station a corps of militia in the four western counties of Pennsylvania, for a limited time."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to report, whether any, and what alterations are necessary in the act, intituled, "An act concerning the registering and recording of ships or vessels."

Also, in the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for regulating the same."

Also, in the act, intituled, "An act to regulate the collection of the duties imposed by law, on goods, wares, and merchandize, imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Coit, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Fitzsimons and

Mr. Parker.

The Speaker, attended by the House, then withdrew to the house of the President of the United States, and there presented to him the address of this House, in answer to his speech to both Houses of Congress; to which, the President made the following reply:

GENTLEMEN,

I anticipated with confidence, the concurrence of the House of Representatives in the regret produced by the insurrection. Every effort ought to be used to discountenance what has contributed to soment it; and thus discourage a repetition of like attempts. For notwithstanding the consolations which may be drawn from the issue of this event, it is far better that the artful approaches to such a situation of things, should be checked by the vigilant and duly admonished patriotism of our fellow citizens, than that the evil should increase, until it becomes necessary to crush it by the strength of their arm.

I am happy that the part which I have myself borne on this occasion, receives the approbation of your House. For the discharge of a constitutional duty, it is a sufficient reward to me, to be assured, that you will unite in consummating what remains to be done.

I feel also great satisfaction in learning, that the other subjects which I have communicated or recommended, will meet with due attention; that you are deeply impressed with the importance of an essectual organization of the militia; and that the advance and success of the army under the command of general Wayne, is regarded by you, no less than myself, as a proof of the perseverance, prowess, and superiority of our troops.

Go: WASHINGTON.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United States, made pursuant to the resolution of this House, of the 21st instant, which was read, and ordered to be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Malbone, and Mr. Macon, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 1st of December, 1794.

A petition of Henry Roberts, of the town of Baltimore, in the state of Maryland, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for his services as an artificer in the third regiment of light dragoons, of the army of the United States, during the late war.

Also, a memorial of Robert Harris, praying that he may receive the pay and other emoluments of a captain in the continental army, during the late war, to which he conceives himself justly entitled by resolu-

tions of the late Congress. Also,

A petition of James Rowland, executor of the last will and testament of William Rowland, deceased, praying compensation for the hire of two teams, the property of the deceased, employed in the service of the United States, under the direction of Francis Wade, deputy quartermaster-general, for the state of Delaware, some time in the year 1780.

Ordered, That the said petitions and memorial, together with the petition of Absalom Baird, and the memorial of Nathan Smith, which were presented to this House, at the last session, be referred to the Committee

of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the relief of John R. Livingston, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from farther proceeding in the said bill, and that it be committed to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of fundry inhabitants living between the lines, commonly called Walker's and Henderson's lines, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying that the line known by the name of Walker's line, may be established by Congress, as the boundary between the states of Virginia and North-Carolina.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Preston, Mr. Winston, and Mr. Pickens, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Moore, Mr.

Baldwin, and Mr. Heister.

Ordered, That the petition of a number of Germans, residing in the county of Augusta, in the state of Virginia, which lay on the table, be referred to the com-

mittee last appointed.

Mr. Parker, from the committee, to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States, which relates to the improvement of harmony with the Indian nations, within the limits of the United States, by fixing and conducting of trading houses, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House on Thursday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Moses Myers; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the

faid report.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the territory of the United States, south of the tiver Ohio; and making provision for his compensation;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned
officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the
United States, when called into actual service, and for
other purposes; and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the
said bill under consideration, and made some progress
therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 2d of December, 1794.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating his intention of resigning his office on the last day of January next, and which he now communicates, in order that an opportunity may be given, previous to that event, to institute any further proceedings which may be contemplated, if any there be, in consequence of the enquiry during the last session, into the state of the Treasury department, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A petition of Thomas Willock, of the borough of Norfolk, in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying the remission of a penalty incurred in consequence of the illegal use of the register of the schooner Abby, the property of the petitioner,

without his privity.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Fitzsimons, and Mr. Grove, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Josiah Batchelder, surveyor of the port of Beverly, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, stating the insufficiency of the sees and other emoluments allowed him by law; and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to his services.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Coit, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Fitzsimons, and Mr. Parker, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion

thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Sarah Thompson, of the state of Georgia, widow of William Thompson, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying that she may receive the pay and other emoluments due for the services of the deceased, as a lieutenant and adjutant in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A memorial of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives, of the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio, was presented to the House and read, praying that such further measures may be adopted for the effectual protection and preservation of the people of the said territory, against the hostile incursions of the Indian tribes, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said memorial be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee appointed to examine the journal of the last session, and to report therefrom all such matters of business as were then depending and undetermined; and also, to examine and report such laws of the United States as have expired, or will expire before the next session, made a further report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio; and making provision for his compensation."

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein:

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill. The House resumed the reading of the papers communicated by the message from the President, on the twentieth ultimo, and went through the same.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 3d of December, 1794.

A memorial of Nathaniel Appleton, Commissioner of Loans for the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may be allowed the expenses of office rent, firewood and candles, in addition to the salary granted him by law; also, that he may receive compensation for the value of a building erected for an office, by the memorialist, which was consumed by fire on the thirtieth day of July last.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Dexter, Mr. Niles and Mr. Learned, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their

opinion thereupon, to the House.

The petitions of Thomas Curtice, and of Joshua Whitney, by Timothy Winn, his attorney, were prefented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for military services rendered in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do come to the following resolution:

"Refolved, That provision be made by law for compensating the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania."

Ordered, That the said motion be committed to a

committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his Secretary, as followeth:

" URITED STATES, December 3d, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to you an official statement of the expenditure, to the thirtieth of September last, from the sums heretofore granted, to desray the contingent expenses of government, by acts passed the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, and the ninth of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

"Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and statement were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act, which originated in this House, intituled, "An act extending the privilege of franking to James White, the delegate from the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio; and making provision for his compensation."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee to whom was referred
the report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the petition of George Blanchard, in behalf of Edward Blanchard; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the
committee had, according to order, had the said report
under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where
the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as
followeth:

Resolved, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby authorized to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased, according to the course of treasury settlement.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Ames, Mr. Wingate and Mr. Glen, do prepare and bring in the same.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom were referred the reports of the Secretary at War, of the seventeenth of March last, on sixty petitions: Whereupon,

Refolved, That Caleb Worley be placed on the lift of pensioners, pursuant to the report of the Secretary of War.

Resolved, That Charles Fierer, from the peculiar circumstances attending his case, be also placed on the list of pensioners, and that he be allowed the half pay of captain.

Ordered, That the faid resolutions be committed to the Committee of Claims, with instruction to prepare and

bring in a bill or bills, pursuant thereto.

Ordered, That the reports of the Secretary at War, on the several petitions of John Bennet and Abraham Sutton, of John Læhman, and of Hassield White, which were made to this House, on the seventeenth of March last, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the report of the committee on the memorial of Joseph Hull, which was made on the twenty-second of April last, be also referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 4th of December, 1794.

A petition of Paul Schenck, of Poughkeepsie, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for services rendered, and supplies surnished to a detachment of militia in the service of the United States, as a commissary of purchases and issues, in the year 1777.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

Mr. Beatry, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Peter Covenhoven, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill or bills for the relief of fick and disabled seamen; and that Mr. Venable, Mr. Wingate, Mr. Cobb, Mr. Kittera and Mr. Carnes, be the said committee.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do

come to the following resolution:

"Refolved, That the thanks of this House be given to major-general Wayne, for the good conduct and bravery displayed by him in the action of the 20th of August last, with the Indians."

The previous question was called for by five members, to wit: "Shall the main question to agree to the

faid resolution, be now put?"

And on the previous question, "Shall the said main question be now put?"

It was resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 52.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames, James Armitrong, Abraham Baldwin, Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, David Cobb, Peleg Coshin, William J. Dawson, Henry Dearborn, Gabriel Duvall, William Findley, Thomas Fitzfumons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, James Gillespie, Henry Glen, James Gordon, Christopher Greenup, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William Barry Grove, George Hancock, Daniel Heister, William Hindman, Samuel Holten.

John Wilkes Kittera. Henry Latimer, Amasa Learned, William Lyman, Francis Malbone, William Montgomery, Peter Muhlenberg, William Vans Murray, Joseph Neville, Andrew Pickens, Robert Rutherford. Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, Jeremiah Smith, William Smith, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen, Philip Van Cortlandt, Peter Van Gaalbeck, Peleg Wadsworth, John Watts, Paine Wingate, Richard Winn, and Joseph Winston.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey, John Beatty, Thomas Blount, Elias Boudinot, Thomas Claiborne, Joshua Coit, Ísaac Coles, George Dent, Samuel Dexter, William B. Giles, Nicholas Gilman, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath, James Hillhouse, John Hunter, Richard Bland Lee, Matthew Locke, Nathaniel Macon,

James Madison, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, Andrew Moore. Anthony New, John Nicholas, Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Ort, Josiah Parker, Francis Preston, John S. Sherburne, John Smilie, Ifrael Smith, Zephaniah Swift, Thomas Tredwell, Abraham Venable, Francis Walker, and Artemas Ward,

And then the main question being put, that the House do agree to the said resolution,

It was resolved unanimously.

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of this House be given to the brave officers and soldiers of the legion

under the orders of major-general Wayne, for their pa-

tience, fortitude and bravery.

Refolved unanimously, That the thanks of this House be given to major-general Scott, and to the gallant mounted volunteers from the state of Kentucky, who have served their country in the field, during the late campaign, under the orders of major-general Wayne, for their zeal, bravery and good conduct.

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to transmit the foregoing resolutions; and that Mr. William Smith and Mr. Murray, be appointed a committee to wait on the President therewith.

Refolved unanimously, That the thanks of this House be given to the gallant officers and privates of the militia of the states of New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, who, on the late call of the President, rallied round the standard of the laws, and in the prompt and severe services which they encountered, bore the most illustrious testimony to the value of the constitution, and the blessings of internal peace and order: and that the President be requested to communicate the above vote of thanks, in such manner as he may judge most acceptable to the patriotic citizens who are its objects.

Ordered, That Mr. William Smith and Mr. Murray, be appointed a committee to wait on the President with

the foregoing resolution.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee to whom was referred, the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United States, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,

that the committee had, according to order, again had the faid bill under confideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the

faid bill.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 5th of December, 1794.

Ordered, That the report of the committee, to whom was referred the message from the President of the United States, of the 30th of January, 1794, inclosing the copy of a letter from the governor of North-Carolina, covering a resolution of the legislature of that state; as also, the petitions of Thomas Person and others, proprietors of lands in the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio, and of the trustees of the university of North-Carolina, which was made to this House on the 19th of February last, be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the relief of Peter Covenhoven, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under considera-

tion, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read

the third time, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the estimates of appropriation, for the service of the year 1795, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid estimates under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That for the expenditure of the civil list of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety sive, together with the incidental and contingent expenses of the several departments and offices thereof, there be appropriated the several sums of money following, to wit:

	Dols. Cts.	Dels. Cts.
For compensation to the President of the United		
States	25,000	
To the Vice-President	5,000	
		30,000
THE LEGISLATURE.		
		•
For compensations to the Senators, and Members of the House of Representatives, their Officers and Clerks, and for the contingent expenses of both Houses, estimating the attendance of the whole number for six months.		
Speaker of the House of Representatives, at 12		
dollars per day	2,190	
One hundred and thirty-four members at 6 dol-		
lars per day	146,730	
Travelling expenses to, and from the seat of go-	••••	
Secretary of the Senate, one-year's falary 1,500	25,000	
Additional allowance, estimated for 6		
months at a dollars per day - 365		
	1,365	
Principal Clerk to the Secretary of the Senate for	.,	
365 days, at 3 dollars per day	1,095 -	
Two engroffing Clerks to do. at 2 dollars per		
day each, for 365 days	1,460	
Chaplain to the Senate, estimated for 6 months		
at 500 hundred dollars per annum -	250	
Door-keeper to the Senate, one year's falary	- 500	•
Assistant door-keeper, ditte	450	•
Clerk to the House of Representatives,		
one year's falary - 1,500		
Additional allowance, estimated for 6		
months at 2 dollars per day - 365	. 1,865	
Principal Clerk in the office of the Clerk of the	.,	
House of Representatives, for 365 days, at 3		
dollars per day	1,095	
Carried forward	182,500	30,000

				Dols. Cts.	Dels. Cts.
		Brought fo	rward :	182,500	30,000
Two engroffing	Clerks, 1	ut 2 dellars	her qaà	_	
each, for 365 d	ays	•	- 4.	z,460	
Chaplain to the I					
mated for 6 m	ontns, at	500 nunare	d donarts		
per annum	for the	- 	أماد	250	
Serjeant-at-Arms	, for the 1	ianne tune, ai	4 001-	•••	
Jars per day Door-keeper to th	ne IlouiG	of Represent	statives.	730	
one year's falar		or suprem		500	
Assistant doot-kee				450	
Expenses of firewo	od, flatio	nery, printin	g-work	1,5-	
and all other c	ontingent	expenses of	the two		
Houses of Con	greis :	•			
For the Senate, et			3,000		
House of	Represent	tatives, do.	6,500		
	•			9,500	
					195,390
	E JUDIC				
Compensation to			•	4,000	
Ditto, to five a	flociate Ju	idges, at 3,5	co del-		
Jans each	4		•	17,500	
Ditto, to the di	nrict Jua	ge of Maine	· 0.:	1,000	
Ditto,	_	of New-H		1,000	
Ditto,		of Vermon		200	
Ditto, Ditto,	_	of Rhode-		1,200 800	
Ditto,	_	of Connec		1,000	
Ditto,	_	of New-Y		1,500	
Ditto,	_	of New-Je	_	1,000	
Ditto,		of Pennsy		1,600	
Ditto,		of Delawa		800	
Ditto,	-	of Maryla	ınd -	1,500	
Ditto,	-	of Virgini	ia -	1,800	
Ditto,	-	of Kentue	:ky	1,000	
Ditto,	-	of North-		1,500	
Ditto,	-	of South-		1,800	
Ditto,		of Georgi		1,500	
Ditto, to the			. 3754	1,900	
Expenses of Cle	rks or Co	ourts, juror	s, WIT-		
nesses and other	T Charges	or notating	judicim		
courts of the t	e from f	ner forfeit	irion m		
penalties, whi					
ficient		acto prote		12,000	
For the expenses	towards	the fafe-keep	ing and	,	
profecution of	persons ce	mmitted for	offences		
against the Un			•	4,000	
					59,200
TREASU	RY DEP	ARTMEN	T.		
Compensation to	the Secret	ary of the			
Treasury .	•		3,500		
				*******	-
	Carrie	d forward	3,500		284,590

Brought forward Two principal Clerks at 300 dollars	Dels. C	is. Dels.	284,590
each	1,60e		
Five Clerks at 500 dollars each .	2,500		
Mellenger and office-keeper -	250	A -	
Compensation to the Comptroller of the Treasury	2,650	7,850	
Principal Clerk	500		
Thirteen Clerks at 500 dollars each	6,500		
Messenger and office-keeper -	250		
Compensation to the Auditor of the Treasury		10,200	
Principal Clerk	2,400		
Sixteen Clerks at 500 dollars each	8,000		
Mellenger and office-keeper	250		
•		11,450	
Compensation to the Treasurer of the			
United States	2,400		
Principal Clerk	600		
Two Clerks at 500 dollars each Messenger and office-keeper	1,000		
Contingent expenses for office rent.	100		
fuel, stationery, printing bills of			
exchange, additional Clerk hire in			
allilling to copy accounts current,			
and to make up deficiency in last			
year's appropriation	600		
Compensation to the Commissioner of the Revenue		4,700	
One principal and 6 other Clerks on	2,400		•
the business of the revenue, military,			
naval, and Indian contracts, light-			
houses, and general returns and			
Ratements -	3,500		
Messenger and office-keeper -	250		•
Compensation to the Register of the		6,1 50	
Treasury			
•	2,000		
To 26 Clerks, on the feveral branches of the public records, at 500 dollars each, viz.			
One principal and two affiftant Clerks			
on the books in relation to the im-			
post, tonnage and revenue arising			
from duties on distilled spirits and			
other articles	1,500		
One principal and one affiftant Clerk on the books of the receipts and ex-			
penditures of public monies	1 000		
f or known mounts	1,000		
Carried ferward	4,500	40,350	284,590

•	Dols. Cts.	Dols. Cts.	Dels.	c.
Brought forward			_	w.,.
One principal and two affiftant Clerks	4,500	40,350	284,590	
on the books in relation to the				
loans, under the act making provi-				
fion for the public debt which ex-				
hibit the accounts of the treasury,				
and the loan offices in the feveral				
flates, with the general accounts of				
interest arising thereon -	1,500			
One Clerk, on the unclaimed divi-				
dends, at the several loan offices				
which are payable at the treasury	500			
One principal and eight assistant				
Clerks on the fix several sets of				
books of funded fleck, at the trea-				
fury, for the issuing of certificates				
of transfer, and forming the quar-				
ter yearly dividends	4,500			
Three Clerks on the records and du-	. •			
ties assigned by the acts for regis-				
tering, enrolling, and licenfing thips				
or veilels	1,500			
Four Clerks, on the books of the late				
government, comprehending the				
registered debt and payment of its				
interest	2,000			
One transcribing Clerk -	500			
Two office keepers, for the leveral of-	•			
fices of record, who are also em-				
ployed as messengers, at 250 dol-				
larseach	500			
		15,500		
Expense of stationery, printing and all		0-0		
other contingent expenses of the se-				
veral offices of the treatury, (the				
Treasurer's excepted)				
Secretary of the Treasury	500			
Comptroller of the Treatury -	800			
Auditor of the Treasury	500			
Commissioner of the Revenue -	400			
Register of the Treasury, (including	400			
books for the public stock, print.				
ing work and books for the ar-				
rangement of the marine papers	2,400			
Rent of the Treasury	1,000			
Do. of a house for part of the Regis-	.,			
ter's office	140			
Do. of a house for the office of the	-4-			
Commissioner of the Revenue, and				
for part of the office of the Comp-				
troller, and part of the office of				
the Anditor	266 68			
Carried forward	6,106 68	55,850	284,590	

Breughs forward Rent of a house for the Auditor, and a small store for public papers Wood for the department, (Treasurer's excepted) and other contingencies And for the expease incident to the stating and printing the public accounts for 1795	Dels. Cts. 6,106 68 440 1,509 800		284,590 284,696 68
	_		
Compensation to the several	Loan-		
Officers, viz.		.	•
For the State of New-Hampshire - of Massachusetts -	. •	650	
of Rhode-Island	-	1,500	
of Connecticut	-	60 0	
of New-York.	-	1,00 <u>0</u> 1,500	
of New-Jersey -	•	7.90	
of Pennsylvania		7,500	
of Delaware -	• •	600	
of Maryland -	· •	1,000	
of Virginia	•	1,500	
of North-Carolina	-	1,000	
of South-Carolina -	•.	1,000	
of Georgia		700	
DEPARTMENT OF STATE	2.		73,250
Compensation to the Secretary of State	3,500		
To the chief Clerk	800		
To one Clerk	709		
To five Clerks, at 500 dollars each -	2,500		•
To Office-keeper and mellenger	250		
		7,7.50	
INCIDENTAL AND CONTINGENT EXPE	MSBS.		
Stationery of all kinds	240		
Firewood Office-rent	- 100		
News-papers from the different flates, abo	533 33		
20, at 4 dollars each	So.		•
Gazettes from, and gazettes sent to Amer			
can ministers abroad -			
Laws of the second session of the third Co			
grefs, to be published in five news-paper	76,		
at about 100 dollars each	500		
For printing an edition of the lame, to			
diffributed according to law	- 800		
For printing fea-letters, fafe-conducts, a			
all other printing for the department	200		
For binding	50		
Carried forward	2,683 33	7,750	162,536 68

	Dols. Cts.	Dols. Cis.	Dels. Cts.
Brought forward	2,683 68		362,536 68
For an index to the laws of the third Congress			• 100
For translating foreign languages	250		
For an additional Clerk from 3d day of June			
to 31st day of December 1794, inclusive	288 46		
For extra Clerk hire in bringing up the re-	•		
cords, and for which no appropriation has	B		
hitherto been made	250		
For extra Clerk hire during the year 1795	250		
For an affiltant to the mellenger "-	50		
		3,971 79	11,721 79
			,, ,,
MINT OF THE UNITED STATES.			
Compensation to the Director -	2,000		
To the Treasurer	1,200		
To the Affayer	1,500		
To the shief Coiner	1,500		
To the Engraver To four Clerks at 500 dollars each	1,000		
10 tout Cierks at 300 donais each		9,406	
Wages of Labourers.		<i>,</i>	
The Director estimates 100 dollars per			
week to pay the labourers employed in			
all the different branches of refinery,			
melting and coining (which includes			
all the workmen employed in the mint,			
except the mechanics) -	5,206		
Incidental and Contingent			
Expenses and Repairs.			
To pay mechanics employed in making			
and repairing machinery, &c. for the	- (
mint, about 50 dollars per week	2,600		•
For a new coining press, to weigh about	200		
fixty hundred weight			
For ironmongery	450		
For lead, coals, wood, and a variety of			
other articles of confumption necessary for the establishment	3,200		
For stationery, office-furniture, &c. for the			
different offices of the mint	250		
For the purchase of one, and for the keep-			
ing of four horses	500		
For the purchase of a house and lot	1,200		
For the purchase of lumber, bricks and			
other materials for buildings to be erect-			
ed, and other necessary improvements to			
be made, including carpenter and malon			
work, cartage and labourers -	700		
For 600 gallons of rum, at 100 cents	600		
For a Watchmen	300	T / 400	
		1 5,200	24,600
	Carried fo	rward	398,858 47

Brought f	iersvard	Dels. Ct	. Dels. Cts. 398,858 47
WAR DEPARTMENT.			390,030 41
Compensation to the Secretary at War	3,000		
One principal Clerk	Spo		
Nine Clerks, at 500 dollars each	4,500		
One messenger and office-keeper - Contingencies of the War-Office.	250		
Expenses for stationery, wood, &c.	200		•
Ditte. for rent	333 33		
	333 33	9,683	15
Compensation to the Accountant	1,200	J	
Seven Clerks, at 500 dollars each	5,500		
Contingencies	400		
The accountant being informed that the marine accounts are to pass his office,			
estimates therefore 3 Clerks at 500 dol-			
lars each	1,500		
Contingencies	200		
Office-keeper and messenger	250		
_		7,050	
GOVERNMENT OF THE WES-			- 16,733 33
TERN TERRITORY.			
District North-West of the River Obio:	1		
Governor, for his falary as such, and for			
discharging the duties of Superintendant			
of Indian affairs, northern department	2,000		
The Scoretary of the faid diffrict Three Judges at 800 dollars each	750		
Stationery, office rent, &c.	2,400		
	350	5,500	
District South of the Obio.		3,3	
Governor, for his falary as fuch, and for			
discharging the duties of Superinten-			
dant of Indian affairs, fouthern depart-		•	
The Secretary of the faid diffrict	2,000		
Three Judges at 800 dollars each	750		
Stationery, office rent, &c.	2,400 . 350		
•		5,500	
Demonsor			11,000
Pensions granted by the late Government.			
Isaac Van Voert, Teach a pension of 200			
John Paukling. L amium, puriuant to	an act of		
David Williams, Congress of the 230	ot Nov.		
Dominique L'Eglize, per act of Congress	of 8th of	600·	
August, 1782	•	120	
Joseph Traversie, per ditto Youngest children of the late Major Genera	1 TV	120	
per act of aft July, 1780	4 44 M1600	4.50	
		450	
Carried for	ward	1,290	426,591 80

Samuel M'Kenzie, Per act of 10th of Sc Joseph Bruffels, John Jordan, Elizabeth Bergen, per act of 21th Aug. 17 Joseph de Beauleau, per act of 5th Aug. 17 Richard Gridley, per act of 17th Nov. 177 Feb. 1781 Annual allowance to Baron Steuben, per a gress of June 4th, 1790 Annual allowance to the widow and orpha of colonel John Harding, per act of 27th 1793 Annual allowance to the orphan children Alexander Trueman, by the act of 27th 1793 Annual allowance for the education of Hu fon of the late Major General Mercer, Congress of 2d March, 1793	pt. 1783, of 40 dols. 120 81 - 53 782 - 100 5 and i6th - 444 6t of Con- 2,500 an children February, - 450 of Major February, 50 Mercer,	426,591 80 33
For the discharge of such demands against States, on account of the civil depart otherwise provided for, as shall have be tained and admitted in due course of the Treasury, and which are of a naturing to the usage thereof, to require passes.	ment, not een alcer- tlement at e, accord-	3,65 0
Total of the Civil lift		435,249 53
		7337-77 33

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Shearjashub Bourne, and Mr. Grissin, do prepare and bring in the same.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, to whom was committed the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes, be discharged from the farther consideration thereof, and that the said bill be recommitted to Mr. Giles, Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Heister, Mr. Locke and Mr. Van Cortlandt.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Pierre Egron, made a report, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the motion of the third instant, "that provision be
made by law, for compensating the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of
Pennsylvania;" and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that
the committee had, according to order, had the said
motion under consideration, and made some progress
therein.

On motion.

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from farther proceeding on the said motion, and that so much of the speech of the President of the United States, as relates to the subject matter thereof, be committed to Mr. Hillhouse, Mr. Findley, Mr. Lyman, Mr. Watts, and Mr. William Smith.

Ordered, That the petition of George Calmese, which was presented to this House on the thirtieth of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, be

referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President, which relates to the improvement of harmony with the Indian nations, within the limits of the United States, by fixing and conducting of trading houses; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That dollars be appropriated for the purpose of carrying on trade with the Indian nations.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Parker, Mr. Blount, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Findley, and Mr. Greenup, do prepare and bring in the same.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning

eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 8th of December, 1794.

An engrossed bill for the relief of Peter Covenhoven, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the relief of Peter Covenhoven."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of John Learned, of the county of Worcester, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying that the sum of four hundred and forty one dollars, and two-thirds of a dollar, in the bills of credit emitted by Congress in the years 1775 and 1776, which the petitioner received in lieu of gold and silver, may be made good to him, at its nominal value. Also,

A petition of Edward Goddard, praying compensation for military services rendered the United States,

during the late war. Also,

A petition of William Boyd, praying relief, in confideration of a wound received while a private of militia in the service of the United States, under the command of brigadier-general Harmar, in the year 1790, on an expedition against the Indians.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to the

Committe of Claims.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to examine and report what proceedings have been had under the act of Congress, intituled, "An act for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," passed the 5th of March, 1792; also, to report whether any, and what amendments are necessary to the several laws respecting the military establishment, and the protection of the frontiers of the United States.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Dearborn and Mr. Smilie.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and that Mr. Madison, Mr. Dexter and Mr. Carnes, be the said committee.

Mr. Preston, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of fundry inhabitants living between the lines commonly called Walker's and Henderson's lines, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That a law should pass, establishing Walker's line, as the southern boundary between the state of Virginia and the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, reserving to the said inhabitants their claims to lands lying between the said lines, according to the laws of the state under which they claims

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Preston, Mr. Winston and Mr. Pickens, do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill making appropriations for the support of government, for the year one thoufand seven hundred and ninety-sive, which was received, and read the first time;

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

On motion,

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the proper officer to lay before this House, a copy of the instructions given to the superintendants and engineers for erecting the fortifications for the desence of the sea ports of the United States, and of their reports thereupon; and also, to insorm the House, in what instances cessions have been made by the respective states, of the lands on which fortifications are to be erected.

Ordered, That Mr. Parker and Mr. Claiborne, be appointed a committee to wait on the Prefident, with the

foregoing refolution.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill or bills to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Sedgwick, and Mr. Venable, be the said committee.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill or bills, to authorize the President of the United States to receive on loan, a sum not exceeding two million of dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding sive per cent. payable at the pleasure of the United States; and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Hindman and Mr. Coles, be the said committee.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have appointed a committee on their part, jointly with such committee as may be appointed on the part of this House, to examine and report what business is necessary to be done during the present selsion: The Senate have also passed a bill, intituled, "An act to amend and explain the twenty second section of the act "establishing the judicial courts of the United States," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to confider and report on the expediency of making any further provision in the laws of the United States, relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states, in lands phere are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys and public piers.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Coit, Mr.

Tredwell and Mr. Lee.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow merning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 9th of DECEMBER, 1794.

A petition of John Nixon, of Sudbury, in the state of Massachusetts, late a Brigadier-General in the service of the United States, was presented to the House and read, praying to be placed on the list of pensioners, in consideration of a wound received at the battle of Bunker's-Hill, in the year 1775.

Also, a petition of Ebenezer Kent, of the county of Middlesex, in the state of Massachusetts, praying that he may receive the pay and other emoluments of an Ensign in the service of the United States, during the late war, to which he conceives himself justly entitled by resolu-

tions of the late Congress.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the Secretary of the Treasury, to whom were referred the several petitions of Ebenezer Foster, Thomas Frothingham, Sarah Parker and William Story, be discharged from the farther consideration of the same.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the letter from the director of the Mint, communicated by a message from the President of the United States, of the 20th ultimo, be referred to Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Trumbull and Mr. Hunter, with instruction to examine and report on the state of the Mint, and what further measures may be necessary to render the institution more beneficial.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill authorizing a loan of two million of dollars, which was received, and read the first time:

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend and explain the twenty-second section of the act "establishing the judicial courts of the United States;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under confideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The faid bill was then read the third time, And on the question that the same do pais,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered. That the report of the committee, to whom. was referred the report of the Secretary of State on the petition of Stephen Sayre, which was made to this House on the 5th day of May last, be committed to a committee

of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee on the message from the President of the United States, of the 30th of January last, inclosing the copy of a letter from the governor of North-Carolina, covering a resolution of the legislature of that state; as also, the petitions of Thomas Person and others, proprietors of lands in the territory of the United States fouth of the river Ohio, and of the trustees of the university of North-Carolina; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the

faid report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 10th of December, 1794.

An engroffed bill making appropriations for the fupport of government, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, was read the third time, and a

blank therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making appropriations for the support of government, for the y-ar one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill authorizing a loan of two million

of dollars, was read the third time.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of John White, junior, of Middletown, in the state of Connecticut, administrator of the estate of Jacob White, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the services of himself, and of the deceased, on board the frigate Trumbull, in the navy of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the report of the committee on the petition of Thomas Miller, which was made to this House on the 4th day of April last, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of William Rotch and sons, of Nantucket, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying that they may be exonerated from the payment of the duties imposed on foreign vessels, to which they will be subjected, in the case of the ships Maria and Diana, the property of the petitioners, which, being absent from the United States, were not registered within the time prescribed by law. Also,

A petition of Epaphras Jones, of the city of New-York, in behalf of himself, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham and Charles Selden, of the said city, merchants, and owners of the brigantine called the Peru of New-York, praying that the collector of the port of New-

York may be authorized to receive the oaths of the faid Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham and Charles Selden, to the register of the said brigantine, they having been prevented from taking the same within the time prescribed by law, by absence from the United States.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Cossin and Mr. Gilman, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do

come to the following resolution:

** Refolved, That provision be made for effecting the transfer of so much of the stock standing to the credit of any state, pursuant to the report of the commissioners for settling accounts between the United States and individual states, to creditors of such state, as may be necessary to satisfy their respective demands, with the confent of the said state, and its creditors."

Ordered, That the faid motion be committed to a

committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Ames, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the report of the committee, on the petition of William Dewees, which was made on the eleventh of February last, be committed to a committee

of the whole House, on Monday next.

Ordered, That the reports of the Secretary at War, of the 25th of April, and of the 22d and 29th of May last, accompanying statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the pension list of the United States, returned by the judges of the circuit courts, and the judge

of the district of Maine, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House proceeded to consider the resolution of the Senate, of the 8th instant, for the appointment of a joint committee of the two Houses, to examine and report what business is necessary to be done during the present session: Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth disagree to the said

resolution.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 11th of December, 1794.

A memorial of William Gardner, commissioner of loans for the state of New-Hampshire, was presented to the House and read, stating the insufficiency of the compensation allowed him by law, and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to his services.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, with instruction to examine the same, and report his opinion thereupon to the House.

A petition of William B. Gould, legal representative of David Gould, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for services rendered, and monies advanced by the deceased, as surgeon and paymaster to the second Virginia regiment, of the continental army, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act to amend and explain the twenty-

fecond fection of the act establishing the Judicial Courts of the United States," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid involled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, as followeth:

" United States, December 11th, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to you, for consideration, a representation made to me by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the subject of constituting an officer to be specially charged with the business of procuring certain public supplies. Go: WASHINGTON."

The said message and representation were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Giles, from the committee, to whom was recommitted the bill to regulate the pay of the non-commiffication of the united states, mulicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and for other purposes, reported an amendatory bill, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, im-

mediately.

The House, accordingly, resolved itself into the said committee; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engroffed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter and report from the Secretary at War, respecting the difficulties and inconveniences which have occurred in the execution of the act, intituled, "An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States," in pursuance of a resolution of this House, of the 25th ultimo, which were read, and ordered to be referred to the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the better organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States.

Mr. Preston, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for determining the northern boundary of the territory ceded to the United States, by the state of North-Carolina, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and orderedto be committed to a a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Hillhouse, from the committee, to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States, which relates to the policy of indemnifying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 12th of December, 1794.

An engroffed bill to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service. and for other purposes, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Resolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commisfioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and

for other purposes."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and defire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill to authorize the officers of the treafury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward

Blanchard, deceased, was read the third time.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceafed."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and defire their concurrence.

A petition of George Gibbs, of Newport, in the state of Rhode-Island, merchant, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may be allowed the drawback of the duties on a quantity of wines exported to Caleutta, in the East-Indies, in December 1790, and of which, owing to unavoidable circumstances, he has not been able to produce the certificates required by law to cancel the bond given on the exportation of the same.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the Com-

mittee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, an involled bill, intituled, "An act to amend and explain the twenty-second section of the act establishing the Judicial Courts of the United States."

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee on the memorial of Tobias Rudolph, representative of John Rudolph, deceased, which was made to this House on the 23d day of April last: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the accounting officers of the treafury be authorized to accept the vouchers produced in support of the claim of John Rudolph, deceased, late a major in lieutenant-colonel Lee's legion of the continental army, and to pay the amount of the said claim to Tobias Rudolph, as the legal representative of the deceased.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Christie, Mr. Sherburne and Mr. Bailey do prepare and bring in the same.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire and report what progress has been made in the settlement of the accounts of the former government;—what are the unpaid balances on the settled accounts, together with the measures taken for recovering payment of the same;—whether any, and what steps have been taken to compel persons to whom public money was entrusted, to settle their accounts;—and whether any further measures are necessary on that subject:

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Heath, Mr. Lyman, Mr. Findley, Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Harrison.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do come to the following resolution:

"Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to regulate the pay and allowances to the commissioned officers of the militia of the United States."

Ordered, That the faid motion be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their se-cretary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign an act which originated in the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend and explain the twenty-second section of the act establishing the Judicial Courts of the United States:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the motion of the 10th instant, making provision for
essecting the transfer of so much of the stock standing
to the credit of any state, to creditors of such state, as
may be necessary to satisfy their respective demands;
and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed
the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee
had, according to order, had the said motion under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The said motion was again read at the Clerk's table, and on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the

House, as followeth:

Resolved, That provision be made for effecting the transfer of so much of the stock standing to the credit of any state, pursuant to the report of the commissioners for settling accounts between the United States and individual states, to creditors of such state, as may be necessary to satisfy their respective demands, with the consent of the said state, and its creditors.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Swift and Mr. Van Gaasbeck, do prepare and bring

in the same.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 15th of December, 1794.

Two other members, to wit: from Virginia, John Page; and from North-Carolina, Benjamin Williams, appeared, and took their feats in the House.

A petition of Henry Meyer, of the city of Philadelphia, administrator of Joackim Jacob Brandt, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pension due for the services of the deceased, as a private in the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of William Story, of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for his services as clerk to the navy board, in the Eastern department, from September

1777, to September 1782.

Ordered, That the said petitions, together with the petition of Daniel Byrnes, which was presented to this House on the 31st day of December 1793, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A memorial of Mary S. Jones, of Charles county, in the state of Maryland, widow, and administratrix of William Jones, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of certain loan-office certificates, the property of the deceased, which were consumed by fire, or otherwise destroyed, some time in the year 1782.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee and Mr. Hartley, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the fame, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

On motion,

Ordered, That the respective heads of departments be discharged from further considering all such petitions referred to them, concerning claims of indivi-

duals, as they cannot speedily report upon.

Mr. Nicholas, from the committee appointed to examine and report what proceedings have been had under the act "for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," and to report whether any and what amendments are necessary to the several laws respecting the military establishment, and the protection of the frontiers of the United States, made a report, which was

read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of William Dewees; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to no resolution thereupon.

Resolved, That the petition of the said William

Dewces, be rejected.

Mr. Christie, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill for the benefit of Tobias Rudolph, representative of major John Rudolph, deceased, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the motion of the 12th instant, " that a committee be
appointed to bring in a bill to regulate the pay and allowances to the commissioned officers of the militia of
the United States;" and after some time spent therein,
Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had
the said motion under consideration, and directed him
to report to the House, their disagreement to the same.

On the question, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disagreement to the said motion.

It was resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 50. NAYS 29.

The year and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames. Abraham Baldwin, John Beatty, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Gabriel Chrittie, David Cobb. Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, onathan Dayton. Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Samuel Dexter. Gabriel Duvall, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin. Thomas Hartley, John Heath, James Hillhouse,

William Hindman. Samuel Holten. John Hunter, John Wilkes Kittera. Richard Bland Lee, Francis Malbone, Peter Muhlenberg, William Vans Murray, Joseph Neville, Alexander D. Orr, Andrew Pickens, Francis Preston. Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, John S. Sherburne, Jereniah Smith, Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull. John E. Van Alien. Peter Van Gaasbeck. Peleg Wadsworth, John Watts, and Richard Winn.

Those who voted in the negative, are

James Arintrong,
Theodorus Bailey,
Thomas Blount,
Thomas Claiborne,
William J. Dawfon,
William Findley,
James Gillefpie,
Christopher Greenup,
William Barry Grove,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harrison,
Matthew Locke,
Joseph M'Dowell,
Alexander Mebane,
William Montgomery,

Andrew Moore,
Anthony New,
Nathaniel Niles,
John Page,
Josiah Parker,
Robert Rutherford,
Jfrael Smith,
Thomas Tredwell,
Philip Van Certlandt,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker,
Benjamin Williams,
Paine Wingate, and
Jeseph Winston.

Mr. Madison, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the estimates of appropriation for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said estimates under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That there be appropriated for the pay, subsistence, forage and other expenses attending the militia in their late expedition to the western counties of Pennsylvania, a sum not exceeding dollars.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Shearjashub Bourne and Mr. Griffin, do prepare and bring in the same.

On motion,

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire if any, or what alterations ought to be made to the act, passed the seventh day of June 1794, intituled, "An act concerning invalids."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Boudinot,

Mr. Greenup and Mr. Gillespie.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire how far the post-office law has been carried into execution, and to report thereon; and that Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Grove and Mr. Winn be the said committee.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the redemption of the public debt, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred,

the report of the Secretary of State, on the petition of Stephen Sayre, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker refumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved. That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid report.

The several orders of the day were futher postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 16th of December, 1794.

A petition of fundry foldiers of the late army of the United States, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House, and read, praying that the locations which they have made of the respective proportions of lands due for their military fervices during the late war, in the second range of townships, on the river Ohio, together with the improvements thereon, may be confirmed to them, and grants issued for the fame.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Hartley, Mr. Page and Mr. Winston, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Isaac Taylor and John Harvey, of the town of Newbern, in the state of North-Carolina, merchants, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties accruing on a quantity of rum, sugar and coffee, the property of the petitioners, which were confumed by fire, together with the storehouses in which they were deposited, in the months of October and November last.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Parker, Mr. Williams and Mr. Orr, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Jacob Beltzhuwer, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services as a private and waggoner in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the benefit of Tobias Rudolph, representative of major John Rudolph, deceased, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill, and that it be recommitted to the Committee of Claims.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

" United States, December 16th, 1794. "Gentlemen of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to Congress, the copy of a letter from the Secretary of State, with his account, as adjusted with the treasury department, of the expenditure of monies appropriated for our intercourse with foreign nations, up to the first of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

G°: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion,

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause a report to be laid before this House, of the measures that have been adopted, pursuant to the act of the twenty-seventh of March last, for building

ships, of the progress hitherto made, the compensations allowed to persons employed in the different branches of the business, together with an estimate of the expense for completing the same.

Ordered, That Mr. Gilman and Mr. Preston be appointed a committee to wait on the President, with the

foregoing resolution:

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill making appropriations for the expenses of the militia, lately called into the service of the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars:" And then he withdrew.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the report of the committee on the report of the Secretary of State, on the petition of Stephen Sayre, be discharged from the farther consideration of the same.

The House then proceeded to consider the said report at the Clerk's table: Whereupon,

The first resolution reported by the committee, in the

words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That the accounting officers of the treafury, be directed to audit and fettle the account of Stephen Sayre, as secretary to the legation of the American commission at Berlin; and that they allow him seven months pay, at the rate of one thousand pounds sterling, per annum, with interest thereon, till paid," was, on the question put thereupon, disagreed to by the House. The fecond resolution reported by the committee, in

the words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That Stephen Sayre, late secretary to Arthur Lee, one of the commissioners from the United States at Berlin, be allowed the sum of dollars, for extra services rendered the United States, subsequent to the departure of Arthur Lee from the court of Berlin," was, on the question put thereupon, disagreed to by the House.

Resolved, That the said Stephen Sayre have leave to

withdraw his petition.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury, to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States, which relates to the policy of indemnifying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the faid resolutions do lie on the table. Mr. Parker, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Isaac Taylor and John Harvey, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 17th of December, 1794.

A petition of George Crookskank, of the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the use and value of a batteau, the property of the petitioner, which was taken into the service of the United States, by order of general Greene, some time in the year 1776.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A meffage, in writing, was received from the Prefident of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his fecretary, as followeth:

"UNITED STATES, December 17th, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of REPRESENTATIVES,

"I lay before Congress copies of the journal of the proceedings in the executive department of the government of the United States south of the river Ohio, to the first of September 1794.

Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined two inrolled bills, one, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased," and another, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Where-upon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee on the petition of Isac Taylor and John Harvey; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said

report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said

report.

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the establishment of clerks in the several departments, and to report a plan for ascertaining the number necessary to be permanently employed in each, and their compensations.

Ordered, That Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Watts, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. New, be appointed a com-

mittee, pursuant to the said resolution.

Mr. Coit, from the committee appointed to consider, and report on the expediency of making any farther alterations in the laws of the United States, relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states, in lands, where are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys and public piers, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, two inrolled bills, one, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars," and another, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased."

The House proceeded to consider the resolutions, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States, which relates to the policy of indemnifying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and made some progress therein.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary at War, accompanying certain dispatches from major-general Wayne, dated the seventeenth of October, and twelfth of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 18th of December, 1794.

A petition of Joseph Shorb, son and administrator of Andreas Shorb, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for military services rendered by the deceased, in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the petition of John Rowland, which was presented to this House, on the second day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts, which originated in this House; one intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased," and another, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Epaphras Jones, in behalf of himfelf, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill making appropriations for the expenses of the
militia lately called into the service of the United States;
and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under
consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The faid bill was amended at the Clerk's table, and, together with the amendment, ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 19th of DECEMBER, 1794.

Another member, to wit; William Irvine, from Pennsylvania, appeared, and took his seat in the House.

An engrossed bill making appropriations for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, accompanying copies of the instructions to the engineers for erecting fortifications for the defence of the sea-ports of the United States, together with their reports thereupon, made pursuant to the resolution of the eighth instant, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table. A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the said bill: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the faid amendments be committed

to Mr. Madison, Mr. Dearborn, and Mr. Dayton.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions, reported on Wednesday last, from the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States which relates to the policy of indemnisying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania: Whereupon,

The first resolution being under consideration, in the

words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause an ascertainment to be made of the losses sustained by the officers of government, and other citizens, in their property (in consequence of their exertions in support of the laws) by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania."

The previous question was called for by five members, to wit: " shall the main question to agree to the said resolution, be now put?" And on the previous question,

" shall the said main question be now put?"

It was resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 52. NAYS 31.

The year and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames. James Armstrong, John Beauty, Elias Boudinot. Shearjashuh Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader. David Cobb. Peleg Coshn, Jonathan Dayton, Henry Dearborn, Samuel Dexter, Gabriel Duvall, William Findley, Thomas Fitzlimons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman. Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue. James Gordon, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William B. Grove, Thomas Hartley, Daniel Heitter,

James Hillhouse, William Hindman, Samuel Holten. John Wilkes Kittera, Henry Latimer, Amaia Learned, William Lyman, Francis Malbone, William Montgomery, Peter Muhlenberg. Alexander D. Orr. John Page, Joliah Parker, Andrew Pickens, Thomas Scott, Throdore Sedgwick, William Smith, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, Philip Van Cortlandt, Peter Van Gaasbeck, Pelcy Wadiworth. John Watts, Benjamin Williams, and Richard Winn.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey,
Thomas Blount,
Thomas P. Carnes,
Gabriel Christie,
Joshua Coit,
George Dent,
William B. Giles,
James Gillespie,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harrison,
John Heath,
John Hunter,
Richard Bland Lee,
Matthew Locke,
James Madison,
Joseph McDowell,

Alexander Mebane,
Andrew Moore,
Anthony New,
John Nicholas,
Nathaniel Niles,
Robert Rutherford,
John S. Sherburne,
Jeremiah Smith,
Ifrael Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,
Thomas Tredwell,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker,
Paine Wingate, and
Joseph Winston.

The faid resolution was then amended at the Clerk's table.

And the main question being put, that the House do agree to the said resolution, amended to read as followeth:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause an ascertainment to be made of the

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames. Abraham Baldwin, John Beatty, Elias Boudinot. Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Gabriel Chrittie, David Cobb, Peleg Coffin. Joshua Coit, Jonathan Dayton, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Samuel Dexter. Gabriel Duvall, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman. Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, Thomas Hartley, lohn Heath. lames Hillhouse.

William Hindman. Samuel Holten. John Hunter, John Wilkes Kittera. Richard Bland Lee. Francis Malbone, Peter Muhlenberg. William Vans Murray, Joseph Neville, Alexander D. Orr. Andrew Pickens, Francis Preston, Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, John S. Sherburne, Jeroniah Smith, Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen. Peter Van Gaalbeck, Peleg Wadsworth, John Watts, and Richard Winn.

Those who voted in the negative, are

James Arintrong,
Theodorus Bailey,
Thomas Blount,
Thomas Claiborne,
William J. Dawfon,
William Findley,
James Gillespie,
Christopher Greenup,
William Barry Grove,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harrison,
Matthew Locke,
Joseph M'Dowell,
Alexander Mebane,
William Montgomery,

Andrew Moore,
Anthony New,
Nathaniel Niles,
John Page,
Josiah Parker,
Robert Rutherford,
Ifrael Smith,
Thomas Tredwell,
Philip Van Cortlandt,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker,
Benjamin Williams,
Paine Wingate, and
Joseph Winston.

Mr. Madison, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the estimates of appropriation for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said estimates under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as solloweth:

Refolved, That there be appropriated for the pay, subsistence, forage and other expenses attending the militia in their late expedition to the western counties of Pennsylvania, a sum not exceeding dollars.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Shearjashub Bourne and Mr. Griffin, do prepare and bring in the same.

On motion,

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire if any, or what alterations ought to be made to the act, passed the seventh day of June 1794, intituled, "An act concerning invalids."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Boudinot,

Mr. Greenup and Mr. Gillespie.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire how far the post-office law has been carried into execution, and to report thereon; and that Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Grove and Mr. Winn be the said committee.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the redemption of the public debt, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred, the report of the Secretary of State, on the petition of Stephen Sayre, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the said report.

The several orders of the day were futher postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 16th of December, 1794.

A petition of fundry soldiers of the late army of the United States, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House, and read, praying that the locations which they have made of the respective proportions of lands due for their military services during the late war, in the second range of townships, on the river Ohio, together with the improvements thereon, may be confirmed to them, and grants issued for the same.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Hartley, Mr. Page and Mr. Winston, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Isaac Taylor and John Harvey, of the town of Newbern, in the state of North-Carolina, merchants, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties accruing on a quantity of rum, sugar and cossee, the property of the petitioners, which were consumed by sire, together with the storehouses in which they were deposited, in the months of October and November last.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Parker, Mr. Wissiams and Mr. Orr, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Jacob Beltzhuwer, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services as a private and waggoner in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the benesit of Tobias Rudolph, representative of major John Rudolph, deceased, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill, and that it be recommitted to the Committee of Claims.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

" United States, December 16th, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE, and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to Congress, the copy of a letter from the Secretary of State, with his account, as adjusted with the treasury department, of the expenditure of monies appropriated for our intercourse with foreign nations, up to the first of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

G°: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion,

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause a report to be laid before this House, of the measures that have been adopted, pursuant to the act of the twenty-seventh of March last, for building

ships, of the progress hitherto made, the compensations allowed to persons employed in the different branches of the business, together with an estimate of the expense for completing the same.

Ordered, 'That Mr. Gilman and Mr. Preston be appointed a committee to wait on the President, with the

foregoing resolution:

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill making appropriations for the expenses of the militia, lately called into the service of the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars:" And then he withdrew.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the report of the committee on the report of the Secretary of State, on the petition of Stephen Sayre, be discharged from the farther consideration of the same.

The House then proceeded to consider the said report at the Clerk's table: Whereupon,

The first resolution reported by the committee, in the

words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That the accounting officers of the treafury, be directed to audit and fettle the account of Stephen Sayre, as secretary to the legation of the American commission at Berlin; and that they allow him seven months pay, at the rate of one thousand pounds sterling, per annum, with interest thereon, till paid," was, on the question put thereupon, disagreed to by the House. The fecond resolution reported by the committee, in

the words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That Stephen Sayre, late secretary to Arthur Lee, one of the commissioners from the United States at Berlin, be allowed the sum of dollars, for extra services rendered the United States, subsequent to the departure of Arthur Lee from the court of Berlin," was, on the question put thereupon, disagreed to by the House.

Resolved, That the said Stephen Sayre have leave to

withdraw his petition.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury, to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee, to whom was referred
that part of the speech of the President of the United
States, which relates to the policy of indemnisying the
sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the
western counties of Pennsylvania, and after some time
spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr.
Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to
order, had the said report under consideration, and come
to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in
at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the faid resolutions do lie on the table. Mr. Parker, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Isaac Taylor and John Harvey, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 17th of December, 1794.

A petition of George Crookskank, of the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the use and value of a batteau, the property of the petitioner, which was taken into the service of the United States, by order of general Greene, some time in the year 1776.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

"United States, December 17th, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before Congress copies of the journal of the proceedings in the executive department of the government of the United States south of the river Ohio, to the first of September 1794.

Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined two inrolled bills, one, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased," and another, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee on the petition of Isaac Taylor and John Harvey; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said

report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said

report.

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the establishment of clerks in the several departments, and to report a plan for ascertaining the number necessary to be permanently employed in each, and their compensations.

Ordered, That Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Watts, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. New, be appointed a com-

mittee, pursuant to the faid resolution.

Mr. Coit, from the committee appointed to consider, and report on the expediency of making any farther alterations in the laws of the United States, relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states, in lands, where are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys and public piers, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, two inrolled bills, one, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars," and another, intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased."

The House proceeded to consider the resolutions, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States, which relates to the policy of indemnifying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and made some progress therein.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary at War, accompanying certain dispatches from major-general Wayne, dated the seventeenth of October, and twelfth of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 18th of December, 1794.

A petition of Joseph Shorb, son and administrator of Andreas Shorb, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for military services rendered by the deceased, in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the petition of John Rowland, which was presented to this House, on the second day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts, which originated in this House; one intituled, "An act to authorize the officers of the treasury to audit and pass the account of the late Edward Blanchard, deceased," and another, intituled, "An act authorizing a loan of two million of dollars."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Epaphras Jones, in behalf of himself, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill making appropriations for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The faid bill was amended at the Clerk's table, and, together with the amendment, ordered to be engrossed,

and read the third time to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 19th of DECEMBER, 1794.

Another member, to wit; William Irvine, from Pennsylvania, appeared, and took his seat in the House.

An engrossed bill making appropriations for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, accompanying copies of the instructions to the engineers for erecting fortifications for the defence of the sea-ports of the United States, together with their reports thereupon, made pursuant to the resolution of the eighth instant, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the said bill: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the faid amendments be committed

to Mr. Madison, Mr. Dearborn, and Mr. Dayton.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions, reported on Wednesday last, from the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred that part of the speech of the President of the United States which relates to the policy of indemnisying the sufferers by the depredations of the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania: Whereupon,

The first resolution being under consideration, in the

words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause an ascertainment to be made of the losses sustained by the officers of government, and other citizens, in their property (in consequence of their exertions in support of the laws) by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania."

The previous question was called for by five members, to wit: " shall the main question to agree to the said resolution, be now put?" And on the previous question, " shall the said main question be now put?"

It was refolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 52. NAYS 31.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames, James Armftrong, John Bezuty, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashuh Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader. David Cobb, Peleg Coffin, Jonathan Dayton, Henry Dearborn. Samuel Dexter, Gabriel Duvall. William Findley, Thomas Fitzlimons, Dwight Fofter, Ezekiel Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, James Gordon, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William B. Grove, Thomas Hartley. Daniel Heifter,

James Hillhouse, William Hindman, Samuel Holten, John Wilkes Kittera, Henry Latimer, Amaia Learned, William Lyman, Francis Malbone. William Montgomery, Peter Muhlenberg Alexander D. Orr, John Page, Joliah Parker, Andrew Pickens. Thumas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, William Smith, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, Philip Van Cortlandt, Peter Van Gaasbeck, Peleg Wadiworth, John Watts. Benjamin Williams, and Richard Winn.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie, Joshua Coit, George Dent, William B. Giles, James Gillespie, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison. John Heath, John Hunter, Richard Bland Lee, Matthew Locke, ames Madison, Joseph M'Dowell,

Alexander Mebane,
Andrew Moore,
Anthony New,
John Nicholas,
Nathaniel Niles,
Robert Rutherford,
John S. Sherburne,
Jeremiah Smith,
Ifrael Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,
Thomas Tredwell,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker,
Paine Wingate, and
Joseph Winston.

The faid resolution was then amended at the Clerk's table.

And the main question being put, that the House do agree to the said resolution, amended to read as followeth:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause an ascertainment to be made of the

losses sustained by the officers of government and other citizens, by the actual destruction of their property (in consequence of their exertions in support of the laws) by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, together with a report of the particular condition of the respective sufferers in relation to their ability to prosecute their several claims, and recover at law satisfaction from the insurgent aggressors."

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The fecond resolution being amended at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

"Refolved, That the President be authorized to draw out of the treasury of the United States, the sum of

dollars, to be applied by him to aid such of the said sufferers, as, in his opinion, stand in need of immediate assistance, to be accounted for by them in such manner as may hereaster be directed by law."

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions, and that Mr. Hillhouse, Mr. Findley, Mr. Lyman, Mr. Watts and Mr. William

Smith, do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Benjamin Bourne, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary at War, accompanying certain communications from the governor of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, which were partly read.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 22d of December, 1794.

A petition of Oliver Barnett, of the state of New-Jersey, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for a quantity of hides, which he received in lieu of shoes, furnished the Virginia line, in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty, and were taken out of a store-house, in which they were deposited, by a detachment of the British army. Also,

A petition of Walter Cruise, of the city of Philadelphia, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for military services rendered, and injuries sustained in the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Gilbert Dean, of Orange county, in the state of New-York, praying compensation for his services, while employed by order of the commander in chief of the American army, to gain intelligence from the enemy, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions, together with the memorial of Andrew Ramfay, which lay on the table, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the report of the committee, appointed to confider and report on the expediency of making any further alterations in the laws of the United States, relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states in lands, where are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys, and public piers, which lay on the table, be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Refolved, That a committee be appointed, to enquire and report the means of providing for the payment of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States, and for the payment of any instalments which may fall due on foreign loans, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive.

Ordered, That Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Giles, and Mr. Irvine, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the said

resolution.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the

faid bill.

Mr. Madison, from the committee, to whom were committed the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to confider and report on the policy of remitting the duties on goods, wares and merchandize, in cases where such goods, wares or merchandize shall be destroyed by fire, or other accident.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Venable, Mr. Scott, and Mr. Claiborne.

Mr. Dent, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Mary S. Jones, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also passed the bill, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the support of government, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the said bill: Whereupon,

The first, second, and third amendments were, on the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the other amendments proposed to the faid bill, be committed to Mr. Blount, Mr. Foster, and Mr. Jeremiah Smith.

The bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 23d of DECEMBER, 1794.

An engrossed bill authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A memorial of the inspectors of the customs for the district of New-London, was presented to the House and read, stating the insufficiency of the compensation allow-

ed them by law, and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to their services.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Coit, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Fitzsimons, and Mr. Parker, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of David Scott, of the city of Albany, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of a certain loan-office certificate, the property of the petitioner, which was consumed by fire, or otherwise destroyed, in the month of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five. Also,

A petition of James M'Callmont, praying compensation for his services as a surgeon in the army and navy of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That Mr. Duvall have leave to be absent from the service of this House, until this day fort'night.

Mr. Greenup, from the committee appointed to enquire if any, or what alterations ought to be made to the act, passed the seventh day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, intituled, "An act concerning invalids," made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Epaphras Jones, in behalf of himself, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said

report, and that it be re-committed to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Cossin, and Mr. Gilman.

Mr. Moore, from the committee appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive, and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States:" And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom were committed the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes:" Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the amendments proposed to the fourth section of the said bill.

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the amendment proposed to be added to the end of the said bill, with an amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee appointed to enquire how far the post-office law has been carried into effect, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confide-

ration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 24th of December, 1794.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for determining the northern boundary of the territory ceded to the United States by the state of North-Carolina; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On the question, that this House will, on Friday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill,

It passed in the negative.

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee appointed to enquire and report the means of providing for the payment of the third instalment due on a loan made of the

bank of the United States, and for the payment of any instalments which may fall due on foreign loans, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, on Friday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the said report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until Friday next.

And then the House adjourned until Friday morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 26th of December, 1794.

Two other members, to wit: from Connecticut, Jeremiah Wadsworth; and from Maryland, Samuel Smith, appeared, and took their seats in the House.

A petition of William Strachan and others, inspectors of the customs for the district of New-York, was presented to the House and read, stating the insufficiency of the compensation allowed them by law, and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to their services.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Coit, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Fitzsimons, and Mr. Parker, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Lydia Cogswell, late widow of Samuel Wallingford, deceased, by Amos Cogswell, her attorney, was presented to the House and read, praying that

she may receive the seven years half-pay and other emoluments, due for the services of the deceased, as a lieutenant of marines, on board the ship Ranger, in the service of the United States, during the late war, to which she conceives herself justly entitled by resolutions of the late Congress. Also,

A petition of John Holt, of Richmond county, in the state of Virginia, praying to be allowed the arrearages of pay, due to him for his services as a private in the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Thomas Roche, of the county of Hampfhire, in the state of Massachusetts, praying that he may receive the arreatages of pay, and other emoluments, due for his services as a private in colonel John Crane's regiment of the continental army, during the late war, which he conceives has been unjustly detained from him, by the paymaster of the said regiment.

Ordered, That the said petitions, together with the petition of Dunkin M'Kinley, which was presented to this House, on the twenty-fourth day of March last, be

referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of William and Archibald M'Neil, of Bofton, in the state of Massachusetts, rope-makers, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties accruing on a quantity of hemp and yarns, imported in the brig Betsey, in the month of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, which was consumed by sire, together with other property of the petitioners, on the thirtieth day of July last.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Venable, Mr. Scott, and Mr. Claiborne, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Hillhouse, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill for the ascertainment of certain losses of the officers of government, and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers, which was received, and read the first time. On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on

Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee appointed to enquire and
report the means of providing for the payment of the
third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the
United States, and for the payment of any instalments,
which may fall due on foreign loans, in the year one
thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and after some
time spent therein, Mr Speaker resumed the chair, and
Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according
to order, had the said report under consideration, and
come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in
at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read,
and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Resolved, That provision be made by law, for the payment of any instalments of foreign loans, which may fall due in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and for the payment of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States, out of the proceeds of any foreign loans heretofore

made.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Giles, and Mr. Irvine, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Peter Covenhoven:" The Senate have disagreed to the amendment of this House, to the amendment proposed by the Senate to be added to the end of the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," and do insist on their amendment to the said bill: They

desire a conserence with this House, on the subject matter of the said amendment, and have appointed managers at the same, on their part: And then he withdrew

The House proceeded to consider so much of the said message, as desires a conference with this House, on the subject matter of the amendments depending between

the two Houses, to the said bill: Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the said conference, and that Mr. Madison, Mr. Dearborn, and Mr. Dayton, be appointed managers at the same, on the part of this House.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, on Monday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States, which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 29th of December, 1794.

A memorial of Josiah Flagg, of the state of Rhode-Island, late a lieutenant-colonel in a brigade of artillery, in the service of the United States, in behalf of himself and the officers and soldiers of the said brigade, was presented to the House and read, praying that they may be allowed the depreciation of pay and other emoluments, due to them for military services rendered during the late war. Also,

A petition of Mary Potens, of the city of Albany, in the state of New-York, widow and relict of Matthew Potens, deceased, praying that she may receive the allowance of one year's pay, due to the deceased, as a deranged officer in the regiment commanded by colonel Peter Gansevoort, of the New-York line, during the

late war.

Ordered, That the said memorial and petition, together with the petition of Manus Kean, in behalf of himself and others, late soldiers in the Pennsylvania line, which was presented to this House, on the eleventh day of February last, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of Nehemiah Somes, of the town of Bolton, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties accruing on a quantity of salt, which he imported in the ship George, from Lymington, in the kingdom of Great-Britain, and was consumed, together with the store-houses in which it was deposited, by a late sire in the said town.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Venable, Mr. Scott, and Mr. Claiborne, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of tobacco, in the city of Philadelphia, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying a revision of the excise laws of the United States, and that so much of the act, passed at the last session of Congress, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon fnuff and refined fugar," as imposes a duty on manu-

factured tobacco, may be repealed.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for

the reduction of the public debt.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting an account of the receipts and expenditures of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, and accompanied with an explanatory letter to him, from the Comptroller of the Treasury; which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills. reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Peter Covenhoven," and had found the fame to be truly inrolled:

Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill making further provision in cases of drawbacks, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on

Wednesday next.

Mr. Giles, from the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the better organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Madison, from the managers appointed on the part of this House, to attend the conference with the Senate, on the subject matter of the amendments depending between the two Houses, to the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill providing for the payment of certain instalments
of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on
a loan made of the bank of the United States; and after
some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair,
and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration,
and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate recede from their amendment, disagreed to by this House, and insisted on by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and pri-

vates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and for other purposes," and do agree to the said amendment, with an amendment and modification of the same, agreeably to the report of the joint committee of conference: And then he withdrew.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, respecting the frigates authorized by the act "to provide a naval armament," made pursuant to the order of the President of the United States, conformably to the resolution of the sixteenth instant, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Wednesday next.

Mr. Blount, from the committee, to whom were committed the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five," made a report: Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the said amendments.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 30th of DECEMBER, 1794.

An engrossed bill providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States, was read the third time. Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of James Davis, of the town of Carlifle, in the state of Pennsylvania, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for a quantity of forage, and other supplies furnished the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Robert Crab, of Amelia township, in the state of South-Carolina, praying that he may be permitted to fund a certificate, for a certain sum of money, which he deposited in the treasury of the state of Georgia, in the month of May, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and which, from unavoidable circumstances, has not been funded within the time preseribed by law.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Walter Cruise, be discharged from the farther consideration of the same, and that the petitioner have leave to withdraw his said petition.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, as followeth:

"United States, December 30th, 1794.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before you a report made to me by the Secretary of War, respecting the frontiers of the United States. The disorders, and the great expenses which incessantly arise upon the frontiers, are of a nature and magnitude to excite the most serious considerations.

"I feel a confidence that Congress will devise such constitutional and efficient measures as shall be equal to

the great objects of preserving our treaties with the Indian tribes, and of affording an adequate protection to our frontiers.

Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and report were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House proceeded to consider the amendment and modification proposed by the Senate, to the amendment of this House, in lieu of their amendment, disagreed to by this House, and insisted on by the Senate, to the bill, installed, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes:" Whereupon,

Resolved, That this House doth agree to the said

amendment and modification.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined two inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the fupport of government for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive;" and another, intituled, "An act authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states," and had sound the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the

faid bill.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 31st of December, 1794.

Another member, to wit; Lemuel Benton, from South-Carolina, appeared and took his feat in the House.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary at War, accompanying the several petitions of Theodore Andruss, Jonathan Ayres, Joseph Barnard, Sarah Beacham, Francis Galvan de Bernoux, Everardus Bogardus, Charles Bowman, Thomas Boyd, Gideon Brownson, Samuel Carey, Thomas Jenners Carnes, Patrick Carryl, Jonathan Cilley and others, Charles Clingan, Patrick Collins, Noah Cooke, William Copeland and others, George Crow, Francis Dade, James Diemer, Nathaniel Dummer, Philip and George Durk, William Edwards, Christian and George Elholm, Abigail Fairwether, Thomas Flint, Theodofia Ford, Nathaniel Gift, John Goodman, Peter Grobe, Daniel Hall, James Hall and others, Cornelius and Wilhelmus Houghtaling, Zaccheus Hunt, Inhabitants of Kingston, and Inhabitants of Ulster County in the state of New-York, Thomas Jenney and Andrew Dover, Severinus Koch, Enoch Leonard. Henry B. Livingston, John Lynch, James M'Dowell, Peter Nagle and others, Adam Polander, Francis Procter, Jacob Reid, James Richardson, Benjamin Ricketts, Matthias Saddler, Richard Sappington, Nicholas Schuyler, William Shattuck, Sarah Smart, Joab Stafford, Joseph Stout, Aaron Stratton, James Taylor, Edward Thompson, Jonathan Titcomb, John Trueman, Nicholas Tuttle, Robert Williams and others, Valentine Wirick, Michael Wissar and Daniel Murray, Josiah Witter, and George Yearhouse, returned pursuant to the order of this House of the fifteenth instant, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, accompanying statements received

fince the twenty-ninth day of March last, in the cases of claimants to be placed on the pension list of the United States, who have obtained certificates from the judges of the circuit courts, signed as commissioners, and from the judge of the district of Maine, which were read, and ordered to be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and for other purposes," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill, to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments, do lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive; and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Peter Covenhoven;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states;" another, intituled, "An act making ap-

propriations for the support of government for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive; and another, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes."

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 1st of January, 1795.

The Speaker laid before the House, two letters, one from Uriah Forrest, one of the members for the state of Maryland, dated the twenty-fourth ultimo, stating the election of Benjamin Edwards, as a member of this House, in his stead, he having resigned to the executive of the said state of Maryland; the other from John Kilty, clerk of the council of the faid state, dated the twenty-seventh ultimo, addressed to the said Benjamin Edwards, informing him, that an attested certificate of his election as a representative for the said state, in the room of the said Uriah Forrest, had, by order of the council of the said state, been transmitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives; which letters were read, and ordered to be referred to the Committee of Elections, with instruction to withdraw, and report prefently thereon.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tarv.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Dayton, from the Committee of Elections, to whom were referred the letters from Uriah Forrest, and John Kilty, clerk of the council of the state of Maryland, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill, to amend the act, intituled, act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization," and the same being read, were agreed to.

A motion was then made and seconded, further to amend the said bill at the Clerk's table; and debate

arising thereon.

An adjournment was called for: Whereupon,

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 2d of JANUARY, 1795.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the governor of the state of Maryland, inclosing a return of the election of Benjamin Edwards, to serve as one of the members of this House, for the said state, in the room of Uriah Forrest, who has resigned his seat; as also, a letter from the said Uriah Forrest to the said governor of Maryland, dated the eighth day of November last, stating his resignation, which were read, and ordered to be referred to the Committee of Elections.

Ordered, That the report, made yesterday, by the Committee of Elections on the letters from Uriah Forrest, and John Kilty, clerk of the council of the state of Maryland, be re-committed to the same Committee.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, on the thirty first ultimo, approve and sign an act, which originated in this House, intituled, "An act making appropriations for the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety sive; and for the expenses of the militia lately called into the service of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That the memorial of Nathaniel Dummer, which was prefented to this House, on the fifth day of March last, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts, and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Joab Stafford, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a Committee of the whole House on Monday next.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, on the first instant, approve and fign an act, which originated in this House, intituled, "An act for the relief of Peter Covenhoven;" also, that the President did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one, intituled, "An act authorizing the transfer of the stock standing to the credit of certain states;" another, intituled, "An act making appropriations for thesupport of government for the year one thousand feven hundred and ninety five;" and another, intituled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and for other purposes."

Ordered, That the clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Dayton, from the Committee of Elections, to whom was re-committed their report of yesterday, on the letters from Uriah Forrest, and John Kilty, clerk of the council of the state of Maryland, and to whom was this day referred the letter from the governor of Mary-

land, with its inclosures, made a report, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was read as followeth:

That it appears, from a certificate signed by the governor of the state of Maryland, in council, and under the seal of the said state, that Benjamin Edwards was duly elected to serve in the House of Representatives of the United States, in the place of Uriah Forrest, who had resigned his seat.

That the refignation of Uriah Forrest satisfactorily appears from his letter of the twenty sourth of December, directed to the Speaker of the House of Represen-

tatives.

Refolved, That, in the opinion of the committee, Benjamin Edwards is entitled to take a feat in the House, as one of the representatives for the state of Maryland, in the room of Uriah Forrest.

The faid refolution was again read, and on the

question put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

Mr. Edwards then appeared; and the oath to support the constitution of the United States, being administered to him by Mr. Speaker, according to law, he took his seat in the House, as one of the representatives for the state of Maryland, in the room of Uriah Forrest.

The House resumed the consideration of the amendments, reported on Wednesday last, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization: Whereupon,

The amendment moved yesterday to the said bill, being under consideration, in the words following, to

wit:

"And in case any such alien applying for admission to become a citizen of the United States, shall have borne any hereditary title, or been of any of the orders of nobility, in the kingdom or state from which he came, in addition to the requisites of this, and the before recited act, he shall make an express renunciation of his title or order of nobility, in the court to which

his application shall be made, before he shall be entitled to such admission; which renunciation shall be recorded in the said court."

A motion was made and seconded to amend the faid amendment, by adding to the end thereof, the words

following, to wit:

"And also, in case such alien shall, at the time of his application, hold any person in slavery, he shall, in the same manner, renounce all right and claim to hold such person in slavery."

On the question that the House do agree to the said

amendment to the amendment,

It passed in the negative, YEAS 28. NAYS 63.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames,
James Armstrong,
Shearjashub Bourne,
Lambert Cadwalader,
David Cobb,
Peleg Cossin,
Joshua Coit,
Samuel Dexter,
Dwight Foster,
Ezekiel Gilbert,
Henry Glen,
Benjamin Goodhue,
James Gordon,
Thomas Hartley,

James Hillhouse,
Samuel Holten,
Henry Latimer,
Amaia Learned,
William Lyman,
Francis Malbone,
William Vans Murray,
Theodore Sedgwick,
Jeremiah Smith,
George Thatcher,
Uriah Tracey,
John E. Van Allen,
Peter Van Gaasbeck, and
Peleg Wadsworth.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Theodorus Bailey,
Abraham Baldwin,
Lemuel Benton,
Thomas Blount,
Elias Boudinot,
Benjamin Bourne,
Thomas P. Carnes,
Thomas Claiborne,
Ifaac Coles,
Jonathan Dayton,
Henry Dearborn,
George Dent,
Benjamin Edwards,
Thomas Fitzimons,
William B, Giles,

James Gillespie,
Nicholas Gilman,
Christopher Greenup,
Andrew Gregg,
William B. Grove,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harrison,
John Heath,
Daniel Heister,
John Hunter;
William Irvine,
John Wilkes Kittera,
Richard Bland Lee,
Matthew Locke,
Nathaniel Macon,

Tames Madison, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery, Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg, Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas, Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Otr, John Page Josiah Parker, Andrew Pickens, Francis Preston, Robert Rutherford. Thomas Scott,

John 9. Sherburne,
John Smille,
John Smille,
Itrael Smith,
Samuel Smith,
William Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,
Thomas Tredwell,
Jonathan Trumbull,
Philip Van Cortlandt,
Abraham Venable,
Jeremiah Walfworth,
Francis Walker,
Benjamin Williams,
Paine Wingate,
Richard Winn, and
Joseph Winton.

On the main question, that the House do agree to the said amendment, as first proposed,

It was resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 59. NAYS 32.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin, Lemuel Benton, Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Thomas Claiborne, Isaac Colet, Jonathan Dayton, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Benjamin Edwards, William Findley, William B. Giles, James Gillespie, Nicholas Gilman, Christopher Greenup, Andrew Gregg, William Barry Grove, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath, Daniel Heitter, Samuel Holten John Hunter, William Irvine, Henry Latimer, William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon, James Madison, Francis Malbone

Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery, Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg, William Vans Murray, Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas, Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Orr, John Page, Joliah Parker, Andrew Pickens, Francis Prefton Robert Rutherford Thomas Scott, John S. Sherburne, John Smilie, Ifrael Smith, Samuel Smith, Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlandta Abraham Venable, Francis Walker, Benjamin Williams Paine Wingate, Richard Winn, and Jeseph Winflow.

Those who youed in the negative, are

Fisher Ames, James Armitrong, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne. Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader. David Cobb, Peleg Coffin. Joshua Coit. Samuel Dexter, Tiomas Fitzemone, Dwight Fotter, Ezekiel Gilbert, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, Jaines Gordon,

Thomas Hartley, James Hillhouse, John Wilkes Kittera, Amafa Learned, Richard Bland Lee. Matthew Locke. Theodore Sedgwick. William Smith, Zephanjah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen. Peter Van Gaasbeck. Peleg Wadsworth, and Jeremiah Wadiworth.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments agreed to, be recommitted to Mr. Madison, Mr. Dexter and Mr. Carnes.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 5th of JANUARY, 1795.

Another member, to wit; Thomas Sprigg, from Maryland, appeared, and took his feat in the House.

A memorial of Thomas Dannery, conful of the French republic, residing in the town of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, in behalf of a number of French citizens, late inhabitants of Saint Petre and Miquelon, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the tonnage duties, accruing on sundry shallops and small schooners, which were employed to convey the said French citizens to the said town of Boston, from Halisax and Shelburne, in the province of Nova-Scotia, where they were sent as prisoners, by the British army, in the course of the late war.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. Van Cortlandt, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of George Schreffwar, a native of Poland, and now residing in the city of Philadelphia, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services, as a surgeon in the legion commanded by count Pulaski, in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Paul Schenck, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw

his said petition.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire and report whether any, and what alterations ought to be made to the act imposing duties on snuff, manufactured within the United States; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. Findley, be the said committee.

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt, to whom was committed the memorial of fundry manufacturers of tobacco, in the city of Philadelphia, be discharged from the farther consideration of the same, and that the said memorial be referred to the

committee last appointed.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the ascertainment of certain losses of the officers of government, and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereso.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom was re-committed the report on the petition of Epaphras Jones, in behalf of himself, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill making further provision in cases of drawbacks; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act further extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the United States," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, appointed to consider and report on the expediency of making any surther alterations in the laws of the United States, relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states, in lands, where are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys, and public piers; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said resolution do lie on the table. The bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act surther extending the time for receiving on loan the

domestic debt of the United States," was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the sortifications of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the said report.

Mr. Madison, from the committee, to whom was recommitted the bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization," reported an amendatory bill, to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The said bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying the several petitions of Samuel Aborn, John F. Amelung, Daniel Barnet and James Worley executors of Barnet Eichelberger deceased, Robert Bigham executor of Thomas Armor deceased, Sluyter Bouchell, Timothy Bradley, Brown and Francis, Duncan Campbell, John Clark, citizens of New-York holders of certain bills of credit, citizens of North-Carolina, Jacob Clemens, Tristram Cossin, comb-makers of Massachusetts Rhode-Island Connecticut New-York and Pennsylvania, commissioners

of the city and county of Philadelphia, William Constable and company, George Crowingshield and others, Gustavus Conyngham, George Craghead, dealers in painters colours of the city of Philadelphia, Patrick Dennis, John Baptist Dumon, Andrew Dunscomb. William Ellery, William Brown Foggo, Ebenezer Foster, Alexander Fowler, Samuel Fowler, Thomas Frothingham, Lawrence Furlong, Thomas Geefe, John Gibbon, Aquila Giles, Mary Catharine Goddard, Thomasin Gordon, Daniel Graham and Philip Newhouse, Daniel Gray, Stephen Haight, John Halstead, Mary Harper executrix of Thomas Harper deceased, Benjamin Harwood, Udney Hay, Moses Hazen, Adam Hill, Hugh Hughes, John S. Hunn, inhabitants of the city of Hudson, Robert Johnston, Peter Le Maigre, Aaron Lyons, Macomb and Edgar, Thomas Mathews, metchants of Philadelphia, merchants of Providence in Rhode-Island, John M'Gowan, John Miller and others, Jacob Milligan, William Minns, James Montgomery, Zedekiah Morgan, William Moulton, Caleb Newbold. Jeremiah Nicols, Sarah Parker, John Pearson, Dorsey Pentecost, Perry and Hayes, Jacob Philips, Richard Philips, William Piercy, Oliver Pollock, Francis Porie and Stephen Carpenter, John Pray and others, Robert Ralston assignee of Thomas Barclay, John Ross, John M. Russell, Isaac Sherman, James Simpson, Abraham Skinner, Isaac Spencer, William Story, Abraham Supplee, Jonathan Sturges and others, Joseph Tatlow. Andrew Taylor, Isaiah Thomas, John Torrey, Aaron Vail, Abraham J. Van Alstyne, Killian Van Rensselaer and others, Martha Walker, James Warington, James Watson, Reuben Weed, Hezekiah Wetmore, Joseph Wheaton, Jonathan Wheeler, William Whitlock, George Williams and Eleazer Johnson, Beverley Winflow and Joseph Hawkins, and John Wood, returned pursuant to an order of this House, of the fifteenth ultimo:-also, a letter from Monsieur Le Brun, in behalf of the heirs of Jerom Michael Le Brun;—the exemplification of an act of the legislature of New-York, ceding the light-house and land at Sandy-Hook;—a copy of an act of the legislature of South-Carolina, ceding the light-house on middle bar island, within the bar of Charleston harbor;—and the proceedings of the legislature of the said state of South-Carolina, respecting certain regulations at the post of Fort Johnson, heretofore referred by order of the House; which letter was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 6th of January, 1795.

An engrossed bill, for the ascertainment of certain losses of the officers of government and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the ascertainment of certain losses of the officers of government and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill, making further provision in cases of drawbacks, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making further provision in eases of draw-

backs."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Timothy Concklin, of Dutchess county, in the state of New York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for a pair of oxen, the property of the petitioner, which was taken by a detachment of the enemy, during the late war. Also,

A petition of David Barns, of Cheshire, in the state of Connecticut, praying to be placed on the list of

pensioners, in consideration of injuries received, while a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions, together with the petition of Benjamin Titcomb, which was presented to this House on the tenth of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two; and the petitions of Samuel Aborn, Thomas Frothingham, Sarah Parker, and Joseph Tatlow, returned yesterday, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A memorial and remonstrance of the sugar refiners, in the city of Philadelphia, was presented to the House and read, praying a revision of the excise laws of the United States; and that so much of the act passed at the last session of Congress, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," as imposes a duty on sugar refined within the United States, may be repealed.

Ordered, That the faid memorial and remonstrance be referred to the committee appointed to enquire and report whether any, and what alterations ought to be made in the act imposing duties on snuff manufactured within the United States;—and that Mr. Fitzsimons and Mr. Madison be added to the said committee.

A memorial of the Transylvania company, commonly called Richard Henderson and company, was presented to the House and read, praying that such compensation may be made to the memorialists, and their legal representatives, for a quantity of land which they purchased from the Cherokee Indians, in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-sour, and has since been ceded to the United States, by the treaty of Holston, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said memorial do lie on the table. Mr. Hartley, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of sundry soldiers in the late army of the United States, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the House, on Monday next.

A petition of James Denniston, of Ohio county, in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying that the location which he has made of the proportion of land, due for his services during the late war, in the second range of townships on the river Ohio, together with the improvements thereon, may be confirmed to him, and a grant issued for the same. Also,

A petition of Elijah Woods, to the same effect.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the petition of sundry

soldiers in the late army of the United States.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, do lie on the table.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the report of the Secretary at War, on the memorial of Peter Perrit, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, do lie on the table.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 7th of JANUARY, 1795.

A petition of William Mead, of the county of Saratoga, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the depreciation of pay due to him, as surgeon in the first New-York regiment of the commental army, from the first of January, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the thirtieth of November, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine. Also,

A petition of Jellis D. Van Voorst, late a serjeant in the regiment under the command of colonel Seth Warner, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pay, and other emoluments, due to him for military services rendered the United States, during the late

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the Secretary at War, with instruction to examine the same, and report his opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of John Blake, of the city of Albany, in the state of New-York, administrator of Daniel Tucker, deceased, late a deputy quartermaster in the army of the United States, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may be exonerated from the payment of certain sums of money, or specie certificates, received by the deceased, during the late war, to discharge the demands of sundry persons employed in public service; the vouchers for the due application of the said sums of money, or specie certificates, having been delivered to Hugh Hughes, quartermaster for the state of New-York, and afterwards destroyed by sire. Also,

A petition of Dirck Swart, of the county of Saratoga, in the state of New-York, praying that he may receive compensation for a quantity of ashes, the property of the petitioner, which was deposited in a store-house, for the purpose of having the same manusactured into

pot and pearl ashes, and lost during the late war; the said store-house having been taken for the use of a de-

tachment of the American army. Also,

A petition of John Van Sice, and others, of the county of Albany, in the state of New-York, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for services rendered, and supplies surnished the Indians in the northern department of the United States, by order of Henry Glen and Philip Schuyler, late agents for Indian affairs in the said department; of which the petitioners have been hitherto debarred by the operation of the acts of limitation.

Oredred, That the said petitions, together with the petition of William Parsons, by his attorney Stephen Parsons, which was presented to this House on the sixteenth of April last, and the petitions of John Clark, Caleb Newbold and others, Oliver Pollock, and William Story, returned by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the fifth instant, and the petition of Francis Galvan de Bernoux returned by the Secretary at War, on the thirty-first ultimo, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of James Caldwell, of the city of Albany, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties imposed by law on a quantity of snuff manufactured by the petitioner, which, together with his manufactory, and other property, was consumed by sire, on the twelsth day of sulv last.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the committee appointed to enquire and report whether any, and what alterations ought to be made in the act imposing duties on snuff manusactured within the United States.

A memorial of John Field, Jesse and Robert Waln, and Hartshorne, Large and company, merchants, of the city of Philadelphia, was presented to the House and read, praying that the exportation of lead from the United States may be permitted in all vessels engaged in the India or China trade.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Rutherford, that

they do examine the matter thereof, and report the fame, with their opinion thereupon, to the House:

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee to whom was referred the
memorial of Mary S. Jones, widow, and administratrix
of William Jones, deceased; and after some time spent
therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb
reported, that the committee had, according to order, had
the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid report.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject, and the same being read, some were agreed to, and others disagreed to.

The faid bill was then further amended at the Clerk's table, and, together with the amendments, ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid report.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize

imported into the United States, and the same being

read, were agreed to.

The faid bill was further amended at the Clerk's table, and, together with the amendments, ordered to

be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the he President of the United States, and present for his approbation, an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts, and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States."

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Epaphras Jones, in behalf of himself, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That it shall and may be lawful for the collector of the district of New-York, to remit to Epaphras Jones, Stephen Gorham, Shubal Gorham, and Charles Selden, owners of the brigantine called the Peru, the duties of impost and tonnage which may be incurred, in consequence of the incompetent or invalid register of the said brigantine; provided they shall obtain within one hundred and twenty days, a new register for the said brigantine, in the manner prescribed by law.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Cosfin, and Mr. Gilman, do prepare and bring in the same.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 8th of January, 1795.

An engrossed bill supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Francis Peyrinnaut, of the town of Edenton, in the state of North-Carolina, administrator of Pierre Decamps, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of certain loan-office certificates, the property of the deceased, which were destroyed by an armed banditti, some time in the month of December, one thousand seven hundred and eightytwo; the loss of which, owing to unavoidable circumstances, has not been advertised within the time, and in the manner prescribed by law.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Hartley, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That the petition of Gilbert Dench, which was presented to this House the twelfth of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and the

memorial of Anna Welch, presented the third of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two,

be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the memorial of the Transylvania company, commonly called Richard Henderson and company, which lay on the table, be referred to Mr. William Smith, Mr. Blount, Mr. Carnes, Mr. Orr, and Mr. Preston, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

"United States, January 8th, 1795.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before Congress copies of acts passed by the legislatures of the states of Vermont, Massachusetts, and New-York, ratifying the amendment proposed by the Senate and House of Representatives, at their last session, to the constitution of the United States, respecting the judicial power thereof.

"The Minister of the French republic, having communicated to the Secretary of State, certain proceedings of the committee of public safety, respecting weights and

measures, I lay these also before Congress.

"The letter from the governor of the western territory, copies of which are now transmitted, refers to a defect in the judicial system of that territory, deserving

the attention of Congress.

"The necessary absence of the judge of the district of Pennsylvania, upon business connected with the late insurrection, is stated by him, in a letter, of which I forward copies, to have produced certain interruptions in the judicial proceedings of that district, which cannot be removed without the interposition of Congress.

Go: WASHINGTON."

Ordered, That so much of the said message as relates to the letters from the judge of the district of Pennsyl-

vania, and the governor of the territory of the United States north-west of the river Ohio, be referred to Mr. Dexter, Mr. Hartley, and Mr. Harrison; with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That such other parts of the said message as relate to the ratification of the amendment proposed by Congress to the constitution of the United States, by the legislatures of the states of Massachusetts, Vermont, and New-York, and the proceedings of the committee of public safety of the French republic, respecting weights and measures, do lie on the table.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act which originated in this House, intituled, "An act providing for the payment of certain instalments of foreign debts; and of the third instalment due on a loan made of the bank of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire whether any, or what alteration is necessary to be made in the laws respecting lost or destroyed certificates; and that Mr. Lee, Mr. Dent, and Mr. Gregg, be the said committee.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 9th of JANUARY, 1795.

A petition of Thomas Heslep, of the county of Chester, in the state of Pennsylvania, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for supplies surnished a detachment of the American army, some time in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight.

Ordered, That the said petition do lie on the table.

A petition of Charles Heems, of the state of Georgia, was presented to the House and read, praying that a new register may be granted in the case of the brig Solitaire, an American bottom, which was captured by the British, and afterwards re-taken by the French, and carried into Aux Cayes, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three; the said brig being condemned as British property, and the original register detained by the captors.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Carnes, Mr. Gilbert, and Mr. Hancock, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Daniel Perkins, of the county of Hampshire, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pay and other emoluments due to him as a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Also, a petition of Philip Duck, in behalf of himself and others, late soldiers in the fifth Pennsylvania regiment, praying the liquidation and settlement of their claims for military services rendered the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A petition of Allen Gilbert, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pension due to him, in consideration of wounds and other injuries received while a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the committee of the whole House, on the report of the Committee of Claims, on the petition of Joab Stafford.

A petition of William Hill Serjeant, and Nathan Richardson, merchants and partners of the town of Petersburg in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying that they may be allowed the amount of the drawback on a quantity of wine ex-

ported from the port of Petersburg, and duly landed at Rotterdam in the United Netherlands, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two; a judgment having been obtained in the district court of the United States for the state of Virginia, on the bond given for the duties accruing on the said wine, previous to receiving the evidence required by law for relanding the same.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Giles, Mr. Gilbert, and Mr. Latimer; that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House,

A petition of John Finley, late a captain in the Pennfylvania line of the continental army, was presented to the House and read, praying that the location which he has made of the proportion of land due for his military services during the late war, in one of the ranges of townships on the river Ohio, together with the improvements thereon, may be confirmed to him, and a grant issued for the same.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the report of the committee on the petition of sundry

foldiers in the late army.

Mr. Venable, from the committee, to whom were referred the petitions of William and Archibald M'Neil, and of Nehemiah Somes, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Tuesday next.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others, which was received and read

the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Otis, their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau;" to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the better organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House as followeth:

Refolved, That the act, intituled, "An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States," ought to be amended; and that further provision ought to be made by law for arming the militia of the United States, and for enforcing the execution of the militia laws, by adequate and uniform penalties.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Giles, Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Heister, Mr. Locke, Mr. Van Cortlandt, Mr. Dayton, Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Irvine, Mr. Parker, and Mr. Jeremiah Wadsworth, do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of John Field, Jesse and Robert Waln, and Hartshorne, Large, and Company, merchants of the city of Philadelphia, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to authorize the fettlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau," was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House on Monday next.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 12th of JANUARY, 1795.

A memorial of fundry merchants, and other citizens of the towns of Norfolk and Portsmouth, in the state of Virginia, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying that the most speedy and effectual measures may be adopted by Congress, to obtain restitution for the depredations committed on the property of the citizens of the United States, by the subjects of Great Britain, under the authority of that government.

Ordered, That the said memorial do lie on the table. A memorial of sundry citizens of the state of New-York, who respectively carry on the business of auctioneers, was presented to the House and read, praying a revision and amendment of the act passed at the last session of Congress, intituled, "An act laying duties on property sold at auction."

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Watts, Mr. Hancock and Mr. Holten, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Andrew Lee, of the state of Pennsylvania, late a lieutenant in the regiment commanded by colonel Moses Hazen, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for military services rendered in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition, together with the petitions of Joseph Barnard, Henry B. Livingston, James Richardson, and James Taylor, returned on the thirty-first ultimo, by the Secretary at War; and the

petitions of Nicholas Schuyler, Abraham J. Van Alstyne, and Killian Van Rensselaer and others, returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of Francis Nash, of Greenwich, in the state of Connecticut, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of a certain loan-office certificate, the property of the petitioner, which was burnt, or otherwise destroyed, by a detachment of the British army, some time in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine. Also,

A petition of Philip Bush, of the town of Winchester, in the state of Virginia, praying the renewal of a certificate of public debt, which was lost or destroyed some time in the year one thousand seven hundred and

eighty-five.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Hartley, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Watts, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Joze Roiz Silva, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, as followeth:

"United States, January 12th, 1795.

"Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before Congress, for their consideration, the copy of a letter from the Secretary of War, accompanied by an extract from a memorandum of James Seagrove, agent of Indian affairs.

G°: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the act "for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fisheries, and for regulating the same," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Attorney General, accompanying a report of such tables of sees and regulations as are proper to be established for the courts of the United States, pursuant to a resolution of this House, of the fifth of June last, which were read, and ordered to be referred to Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Kittera and Mr. Sherburne, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

On a motion made and seconded, that the message of the President of the United States, of the thirtieth ultimo, and the report from the Secretary at War, referred to therein, be committed to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the memorial of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio.

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Samuel Smith, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Thomas Dannery, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Wednesday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau," and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein. On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill, and that it be re-committed to the Committee of Claims.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 13th of JANUARY, 1795.

A memorial of Arthur St. Clair, late a major general in the army of the United States, in behalf of himfelf and his son Daniel St. Clair, an officer in the same army, was presented to the House and read, praying, that the locations which they have made of the respective proportions of land due for their military services during the late war, in one of the ranges of townships on the river Ohio, may be confirmed to them, and grants issued for the same.

Also, the memorials and petitions of sundry officers and soldiers of the late army of the United States whose names are thereunto subscribed, of Samuel Brady, of Absalom Martin, and of Dudley Woodbridge, to the

same effect.

Ordered, That the faid memorials and petitions be referred to Mr. Hartley, Mr. Greenup, and Mr. Peleg Wadsworth, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of John Moore, one of the executors of John Okely, late of the county of Lancaster, in the state of Pennsylvania, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for services rendered, and supplies surnished by the deceased, while a deputy quarter-master general in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the petitions of Timothy Bradley, and Ebenezer Foster,

returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Otis, their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

Mr. Dexter, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Nathaniel Appleton, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of the committee appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said report, and that it be re-committed to Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Moore, Mr. Heister, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Macon, Mr. Murray, Mr. Latimer, Mr. Beatty, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Orr, Mr. Swist, Mr. Malbone, Mr. Israel Smith, Mr. Dexter, Mr. Wingate, and Mr. White.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee to whom was referred the memorial of John Field, Jesse and Robert Waln, and Hartshorne, Large and Company, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Refolved, That John Field, and the other owners of the ship Pigou, be authorized to export in the said ship, a quantity of lead imported in the same ship in the month of last; and that the collector of the district of Pennsylvania, be authorized to grant a clearance for the same.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Rutherford, do prepare and bring

in the same.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed to enquire and report whether any, and what alterations ought to be made in the act imposing duties on snuff manufactured within the United States; and to whom was referred the memorial of the sugar refiners in the city of Philadelphia, made a report, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was read, as followeth:

"That, in the opinion of the committee, there is not sufficient experience of the utility of the acts imposing duties on snuff and refined sugar, to recommend a continuance of the said acts beyond the period to which they are at present limited;—with respect to the act laying duties on snuff, the committee recommend an immediate alteration of the mode of collecting the duties, by laying the same on the mortar:—They therefore submit the following resolution:

"Refelved, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill to amend the act laying duties on manufactured fnuff, and to alter the mode of impofing the said duties, by imposing the same on the mortar."

The said report being again read,

Ordered, That so much thereof as relates to the discontinuance of the act "for laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," beyond the period to which it is at present limited, be committed to the committee of the whole House to whom is committed the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt.

Ordered, That such other parts of the said report as relate to an immediate alteration of the mode of collecting the duties on snuff manufactured within the United States, be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the report of the committee to whom were referred the laws of the territory of the United States north-west of the river Ohio, passed the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, which was made to this House on the twenty-fourth day of May last, be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 14th of JANUARY, 1795.

A memorial of Parker, Hopkins and Meers, of the town of Savannah, in the state of Georgia, was prefented to the House and read, praying the aid and patronage of Congress to enable them to complete a work which they have undertaken for the purpose of making an accurate survey of the sea-coast and inland navigation of the states of South Carolina and Georgia.

Ordered, That the faid memorial do lie on the table.

A memorial of George Latimer and others, merchants, of the city of Philadelphia, was presented to the House and read, praying that they may be allowed the drawback of the duties on a quantity of sugar and cossee, imported by the memorialists into the port of Newbern, in North Carolina, and thence brought to the port of Philadelphia, from which they are desirous of exporting them to a foreign port.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Edwards, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of William Tompkins, of the county of Louisa, in the state of Virginia, legal representative of Robert Tompkins, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the commutation of half pay, and other emoluments due for the services of the deceased, as a lieutenant in the Virginia line, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition, together with the petitions of George Crowingshield and others, Lawrence Furlong, Francis Porie and Stephen Carpenter, and Andrew Taylor, returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Com-

mittee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the memorial of Thomas Dannery; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That the prayer of the said memorial is reasonable, and that the tonnage duties on the vessels

therein mentioned, be remitted.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Lyman and Mr. Van Cortlandt, do prepare and bring in the same.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to report a plan for perfecting a road between the southern and eastern states, the expense whereof to be defrayed out of the revenue of the post-office; and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Giles, Mr. Murray, Mr. Jeremiah Wadlworth, Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Dearborn and Mr. M'Dowell, be the said committee.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to authorize the exportation of a quantity of lead, in the ship Pigou, to China; which was received, and read the first time. On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be engroffed, and read the third time to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

Mr. Dexter, from the committee, to whom was referred so much of the message from the President of the United States, of the eighth instant, as relates to the letter from the judge of the district of Pennsylvania, respecting certain interruptions in the judicial proceedings of that district, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill; and that it be re-committed to Mr. Carnes, Mr.

Sedgwick and Mr. Venable.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the said report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 15th of JANUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill to authorize the exportation of a quantity of lead, in the ship Pigou, to China, was read the third time, and ordered to be re-committed to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue and Mr. Rutherford, with instruction to prepare and bring in a bill to repeal so much of the act passed at the last session of Congress, intituled "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same," as prohibits the exportation of lead from the United States.

The bill sent from the Senate, intituled "An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," was read

the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be read the third time, to-morrow.

A petition of Daniel Goodwin, of Eastown, in the state of Massachusetts, executor of Benjamin Goodwin, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the rent of, and damages done to the dwelling-house and other property of the deceased, which were taken by order of Thomas Cushing, agent to the United States for building a seventy-four gun ship, at Boston, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom was referred so much of the message

from the President of the United States, of the eighth instant, as relates to the letter from the judge of the district of Pennsylvania, respecting certain interruptions in the judicial proceedings of that district, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Refolved, That provision be made by law for reviving all suits and processes which were commenced for the district court of Pennsylvania, which by law ought to have been holden on the third Monday of November last, and all suits and processes which were pending in the said court, and discontinued by the failure to hold the same, and also, all suits and processes which were pending in any special court of the said district, the adjournment whereof has been lost by the same; and for giving day to all the suits and processes aforesaid, in the district court next by law to be holden in the same district.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Dexter, Mr. Hartley, and Mr. Harrison do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Lee, from the committee appointed to enquire whether any or what alteration is necessary to be made in the laws respecting lost or destroyed certificates, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

fideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

Mr. Carnes, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Charles Heems, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 16th of January, 1795.

The bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," was read the third time, and ordered to be committed to Mr. Kittera, Mr. Heath and Mr. Irvine.

A petition of Joseph Brevard, of the state of South Carolina, a lieutenant in the army of the United States during the late war, was presented to the House, and read, praying the renewal of a certain certificate of public debt, the property of the petitioner, which was lost or destroyed, some time in the month of July, one

thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

Ordered, That the said petition do lie on the table. A petition of William Martin, of North Yarmouth, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House, and read, praying selief, in the case of the schooner Fox, the property of an inhabitant of Nova-Scotia, concerned in trade with the petitioner, which was seized by the collector for the district of Portland, in the said state, as a foreign bottom, under thirty tons burthen, importing articles from a foreign port, subject to the payment of impost duties, contrary to the revenue laws of the United States. Also,

A petition of John Montgomery and Thomas Smith, executors of the late brigadier-general Butler, deceafed, who was killed in an engagement with the Indians, in November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, praying that the allowance granted to the widows and orphan children of officers who were killed or died in the service of the United States, during the late war, may be extended to the widow and orphans of the deceased.

Ordered. That the faid petitions be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the petition of Parker, Hopkins and Meers, which lay on the table, be referred to Mr. Parker, Mr. Goodhue and Mr. Carnes: that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker refumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under confideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read

the third time, on Monday next.

Mr. Samuel Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels, which was received and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the faid report under confideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, on Monday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

On motion,

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be requested to furnish this House with a statement of the amount of goods on which a duty of seven and a half per cent. was paid from the thirtieth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, to the sirst day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four;—the amount, on which ten per cent. was paid for that period;—and the nett amount of duty on coal, and on cossee and cocoa, for the same time.

Mr. Kittera, from the committee to whom was committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purpofes," reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

On the question that the said bill do pass, It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating, "that pursuant to the second section of the act establishing the Treasury department, which expressly makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to digest and prepare plans for the improvement and management of the revenue, and for the support of public credit, he has digested and prepared a plan, on the basis of the actual revenues, for the surther support of public credit, which is ready for communication to the House of Representatives."

The faid letter was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be informed that this House is ready to receive the communication therein referred to.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY the 19th of January, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others, was read the third time.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Samuel Cheney, of the town of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, executor of Ebenezer Cheney, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the rent of a dwelling-house, and a quantity of suel surnished by the deceased, for the use of a detachment of the American army, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition, together with the petitions of Harry Terrell, presented the eighth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, and Isaac Ledyard, presented the tenth of March last, and the petitions of William Brown Foggo, and William Minns, returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying the plan referred to in his letter of the sixteenth instant, for the improvement and management of the public revenue, together with sundry statements marked A, B, C, D, E, and F, relative thereto, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire and report on the expediency of erecting a light-house near the entrance of the harbour of Georgetown, in the state of South-Carolina:

And a committee was appointed of Mr. William Smith, Mr. Grove and Mr. Benton.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 20th of JANUARY, 1795.

A petition of Joseph Bozman, of the state of North-Carolina, was presented to the House and read, praying to be relieved from execution on a judgment obtained against him, at the suit of the United States, in the district court of North-Carolina.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Niles, Mr. Rutherford, and Mr. Mebane, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the fame, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of fundry of the representatives from York county, in the legislature of the state of Pennsylvania and others, was presented to the House and read, praying that a post-road may be established from York town, in the said state, by Abbot's town and Gettisburg, to Hager's town, in the state of Maryland.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish the post-

office and post-roads within the United States."

A petition of Tobias Lord and others, of Kennebunk, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying to be reimbursed the expense of erecting a stone pier at the entrance of Kennebunk river; and for that purpose, as well as to keep the same in repair, that they may be authorized to collect tonnage on shipping of a certain burthen, which shall pass or re-pass the same.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Van Allen, and Mr. Ward, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Richard Keys, of Lancaster county, in the state of Pennsylvania, was presented to the House and read, praying compensa ion for services rendered, and supplies turnished the army of the United States, while a waggon master in the commissary's department, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Francis Procter, late captain of a company of artillery raised by the state of South-Carolina, praying that such allowance may be made him for recruiting a number of soldiers for the continental army, and for hardships and injuries sustained while a prisoner taken by the enemy, when in the actual service of the United States, during the late war, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the faid petition, together with the petition of William Seymour, presented the thirteenth of March last, and the report of a committee thereon, and the petition of Sarah Beacham, returned on the thirty-first ultimo, by the Secretary at War, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to repeal part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same." which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to authorize the fettlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau," made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the faid bill and report be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels," which was received, and read the first time. On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of George Latimer and others, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on
the bill supplementary to the act, "for enrolling and
licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fisheries, and for regulating the same,"
and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed
the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee
had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto,
which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, do lie on the table.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed to enquire and report on the expediency of erecting a light-house near the entrance of the harbor of George town, in the state of South-Carolina, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Joab Stafford; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, when the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as solloweth:

Refolved, That all persons who have been, or shall be placed on the pension list of the United States, by virtue of the law, passed the twenty-eighth of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, intituled,

"An act to regulate the claims to invalid pensions," shall be deemed to commence the receipt of their respective monthly allowances, at the date of their completing their testimony before the commissioners who took the same;—that no arrears, in any case, be allowed;—and that the payment of such monthly allowance be continued during the continuance of such disability.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that the Committee of Claims

do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes," and had sound the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid involled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 21st of JANUARY, 1795.

Ordered, That the report of the committee on the petition of David S. Franks, which was made on the eleventh day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Dexter, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for reviving certain suits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act surther extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the United States," and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The faid bill was read the third time; And on the question that the same do pass, It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Watts, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Latimer, Mr. William Smith, Mr. Niles and Mr. Greenup, be added to the committee apointed on the fourteenth instant, to report a plan for perfecting a road between the southern and eastern states.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to
authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that
the committee had, according to order, had the said
bill under consideration, and made an amendment
thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table,
where the same was twice read, and agreed to by
the House.

The faid bill, with the amendment, was then read the third time;

And on the question that the same do pass, It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to examine and report what proceedings have been had under the act, "for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," and to report whether any, and what amendments are necessary to the several laws respecting the military establishment, and the protection of the frontiers of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their Secretary:

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act making surther provision in cases of drawbacks," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also agreed to the amendment proposed by this House, to the bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau:" And then he withdrew.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying a statement of the amount of goods paying a duty of seven and a half, and ten per cent. imported from the first day of January to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, inclusive;—also, the amount of the duties on cossee, cocoa and coal for the same time, pursuant to the resolution of this House of the sixteenth instant, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion,

Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to direct the proper officer to lay before the House, a statement of the number of troops that will

be necessary to maintain such a line of military posts as it will be expedient to establish, essecually to protect the frontiers of the United States.

Ordered, That Mr. Sedgwick and Mr. Hartley be appointed a committee to wait on the President with the foregoing resolution.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 22d of JANUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill for reviving certain suits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania, was read the third time;

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for reviving certain suits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of William Morris and others, of the city of Savannah, legal representatives of Thomas Morris, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for services rendered, and supplies furnished by the deceased, while a captain in the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Noble Benedict and others, of the county of Fairfield, in the state of Connecticut, praying that they may receive the depreciation of pay, and other emoluments due to them for military services rendered the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions, together with the petition of Lewis Van Woert, presented on the sixth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of the inspectors of the revenue for the port of Baltimore, was presented to the House and read,

stating the insufficiency of the fees and other emoluments allowed them by law; and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to their fervices.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Coit, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Fitzsimons, and Mr. Parker, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion

thereupon, to the House.

A petition of fundry masters of market vessels in the river Hudson, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying a revision and amendment of the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licenfing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fisheries, and for regulating the same."

Ordered, That the faid petition do lie on the table. The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee appointed to enquire whether any, and what alteration is necessary to be made in the laws respecting lost or destroyed certificates, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Resolved, That any alteration in the act, " limiting the time for prefenting claims for destroyed certificates of certain descriptions," would be improper; and that all claims for lost or destroyed certificates, not comprehended in the provisions of the said act, ought to be decided on by the legislature, according to their respective merits.

Ordered, That the report of the committee on the petition of Henry Hill, which was made on the seventh day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Dayton, from the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan further to provide for calling forth the militia of the United States, to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare and report a bill to provide for calling forth the militia of the United States, to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in sorce for those purposes.

Ordered, That Mr. Dayton, Mr. Hartley, Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Harrison, and Mr. M Dowell, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the said resolution.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the bill, intituled, "An act making further provision in cases of drawbacks," and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Giles, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of William Hill Serjeant and Nathan Richardson, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the postoffice and post-roads within the United States;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein,

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill; and that it be re-committed to Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Hartley, Mr. Dearborn, Mr. M'Dowell and Mr. Greenup.

Mr. Dent, from the committee, to whom were referred the petitions of Francis Peyrinnaut, administrator of Pierre Decamps, deceased, and of Francis Nash, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the report of the committee on the memorial of Mary S. Jones.

The House, according to the order of the day, resol-

ved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under confideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered. That the said bill be engrossed, and read

the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, presented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the act concerning invalids, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Charles Heems; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confideration, and directed. him to report to the House their disagreement to the fame.

The House then proceeded to consider the said re-

port at the Clerk's table: Whereupon.

The question being taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disagreement to the faid report.

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill supplementary to the act, "for enrolling and licenfing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fisheries, and for regulating the same," and the said amendments being severally twice read at the Clerk's table, were, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Parker, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for establishing trading-houses for the purpose of supplying the Indian nations within the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill to repeal part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The House proceeded to consider the resolution, reported on the fifth instant, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the report of the committee appointed to consider and report on the expediency of making any further alterations in the laws of the United States relative to the cession of the jurisdiction by particular states, in lands, where are established, or may, by law, be directed to be built and established, light-houses, buoys, and public piers; and the said resolution being twice read at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill, declaring that cessions of jurisdiction made by any state, in lands, where have been erected, or may, by law, be provided to be erected and placed, light-

houses, beacons, buoys and public piers, with a reservation of concurrent jurisdiction, so far as shall authorize the service of process civil and criminal under the authority of such state, shall be deemed sufficient cessions of jurisdiction, in pursuance of the laws providing for the maintenance and erection of light-houses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; and that where absolute cessions for such purposes have been made, the states who have made the same, shall, notwithstanding, be entitled to exercise and retain a concurrent jurisdiction, so far as shall authorize the service of process civil and criminal, under their authority, within the ceded territory.

Ordered, That Mr. Coit, Mr. Tredwell, and Mr. Lee, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the said resolution.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to enquire and report on the expediency of continuing in force, or repealing the whole or part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. William

Smith, Mr. Dayton, and Mr. Carnes.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee appointed to consider and
report on the policy of remitting the duties on goods,
wares and merchandize, in cases where such goods,
wares and merchandize shall be destroyed by fire, or
other accident; and to whom were referred the petitions
of William and Archibald M'Neil, and of Nehemiah
Somes; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the
committee had, according to order, had the said report
under consideration, and directed him to report to the
House their disagreement to the same.

Ordered, That the said report do lie on the table.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 23d of JANUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill supplementary to the act, "for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for regulating the same," was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for

regulating the same."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels, was read the third time:

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Andrew Massy, of the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services as a clerk to James Hamilton, assistant commissary of issues to a brigade of New-York levies, in the service of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Martin Keepheart, praying that he may be allowed the depreciation of pay and other emoluments due for his services as a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war, of which he has been hitherto debarred by the operation of the acts of limitation.

Ordered, That the faid petitions, together with the petition of John Roff, presented the twenty-sixth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, and the petition of Samuel Fowler, returned on the fifth instant,

by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others," with an amendment, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do

come to the following refolution:

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill or bills to amend the act, intituled, "An act for establishing the falaries of the executive officers of government, with their assistants and clerks;" and an act, "for allowing compensation to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the officers of both Houses;" and to reduce all such salaries, as, in the opinion of the said committee, after having made due enquiry, ought to be reduced.

Ordered, That the faid motion be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Mr. Dayton, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes, which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House,

on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the report of the Secretary at War respecting the sortifications of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order,

again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said report; and that it be re-committed to Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Dearborn, Mr. Dayton, Mr. Parker, and Mr. Pickens.

The House proceeded to consider the amendment proposed by the Senate to the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others;" and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Dexter, from the committee, to whom was referred that part of the message from the President of the United States, of the eighth instant, which relates to the letter from the governor of the territory north-west of the river Ohio, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 26th of JANUARY, 1795.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of hemp in the town of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House, and read, praying that the drawback of the duty imposed by law on the importation of foreign hemp, may be allowed on the exportation of the same, when manufactured into cordage within the United States.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Watts and Mr. Heister, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Joseph Howell, accountant to the war department, was presented to the House and read,

stating the insufficiency of the compensation allowed him by law; and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to his services.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Watts, Mr. Lyman and Mr. New, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill supplementary to the act concerning invalids; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read

the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act making further provision in cases of drawbacks;" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others;" another, intituled, "An act further extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the United States; and another, intituled, "An act to authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid involled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Coit, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill relative to cessions of jurifdiction in places where have been, or may hereaster be erected and fixed, light-houses, beacons, buoys, and public piers, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House on Wednesday next.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed to consider and report on the expediency of continuing in force, or repealing the whole, or part of the act, installed, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same," made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That it would be expedient to repeal the first, second, third, and sourth sections of the said act, and to continue the fifth section in sorce for another year, so far as relates to the importation of brass cannon, muskets, and firelocks, with bayonets suited to the same; pistols, swords, cuttasses, musket-ball, lead, and gun-powder;—and for two years longer, so far as relates to the importation of sulphur and salt-petre.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, purluant to the faid resolution; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Dayton and Mr. Carnes, do prepare and bring in the same.

A memorial of Brothers Coster and Company, of the city of New-York, merchants, was presented to the House and read, praying that they may be permitted to export to the West-Indies, or be allowed the draw-back of the duty on a quantity of cutlasses, which they imported before the passing of the act, prohibiting the exportation of arms and ammunition.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to the committee last appointed, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their

opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill relative to the compensations to certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage, which was received, and read the first time:

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Wednesday next. The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of George Latimer and others, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill authorizing the allowance of a drawback of the duties on such part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize, Herbert Jones, commander, as has been imported from Newbern, in North Carolina, and shall be exported from Philadelphia.

Ordered, That Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Edwards, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the said resolution.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for reviving certain suits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania:" Also, the bill, intituled, "An act for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels:" Also, the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States," with several amendments to the said last mentioned bill, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Sherburne, from the committee, to whom was re-committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States," made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the faid bill and report be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties on goods, wares and merchandize, imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

On a motion made and seconded, that the House do

come to the following resolution:

Refolved, That the state of Georgia be reimbursed the amount of a suit of the executors of Robert Farquahar against the said state, for sundry goods sold to the said state, for the use of the troops of the United States; which suit was depending before the supreme court, at the time of the settlement of the accounts between the United States and individual states; and has been since discharged by the said state giving its obligation for the principal sum of the said suit."

Ordered, That the said motion be committed to the

Committee of Claims.

Mr. Heath, from the committee appointed to enquire and report what progress has been made in the settlement of the accounts of the former government;—what are the unpaid balances on the settled accounts, together with the measures taken for recovering payment of the same;—whether any, and what steps have been taken to compel persons to whom public money was entrusted, to settle their accounts;—and whether any further measures are necessary on that subject, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretosore passed on that subject," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to repeal a part, and to continue in force another part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Wednesday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Nathaniel Appleton; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and directed him to report to the House their disagreement to the same.

An adjournment was then called for: Whereupon, The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 27th of JANUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill, supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of

the duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels," was read the third time, and the blanks therein

filled up.

Refolwed, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill supplementary to the act concern-

ing invalids, was read the third time.

Re, olved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A memorial of Thomas Boyd, was presented to the House and read, praying, that he may be allowed the depreciation of pay and other emoluments, due for his services as a serjeant in the Pennsylvania line, during the late war: Also,

A memorial of Jacob Shoemaker, of the city of Philadelphia, attorney of John Eberley, of the state of South Carolina, praying the liquidation and settlement of the claim of the said John Eberley, for services rendered the United States, during the late war, of which he has been hitherto debarred by the operation of the acts of limitation. Also,

A petition of Walter Cruise of the city of Philadelphia, praying compensation for military services rendered, and injuries sustained in the army of the United

States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorials and petition, together with the petition of Andrew Johnston, presented the eighth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, be referred to the Committee of Claims. A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the ascertainment of certain losses of the ossicers of government, and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Treasurer of the United States, accompanying his account of the receipts and expenditures of public monies from the sirst day of July, to the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, inclusive, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels;" another, intituled, "An act for reviving certain suits and process, which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania;" another, intituled, "An act supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels;" and another, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject:" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker signed the said inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize, which was received, and read the sirst time. On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the motion of the twenty-third instant: " that a commmittee be appointed to bring in a bill or bills, to amend the act, intituled, "An act for establishing the falaries of the executive officers of government, with their assistants and clerks;"-and an act, " for allowing compensation to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the officers of both Houses:" and to reduce all such salaries as, in the opinion of the said committee, after having made due enquiry, ought to be reduced;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid motion under confideration, and directed him to report to the House their disagreement to the same.

The House then proceeded to consider the said motion

at the Clerk's table: Whereupon,

The question being taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their difagreement to the said motion.

It was resolved in the affirmative.

On a motion made and seconded, that a committee be appointed to consider and report whether any, and what alterations are proper to be made in the acts for ascertaining the salaries of the officers of government, and making compensation to the members of each House of Congress.

It passed in the negative.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the postoffice and post-roads within the United States:" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the said bill; and that it be again re-committed to Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Harsley, Mr. Dearborn, Mr. McDowell, and Mr. Greenup.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter and report from the Secretary at War, made by order of the President of the United States, pursuant to the resolution of this House, of the twenty-first instant, which were read, and ordered to be committed to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the report of the committee appointed to examine and report what proceedings have been had under the act, "for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," and to report whether any, and what alterations are necessary to the several laws respecting the military establishment, and the protection of the frontiers of the United States.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, " An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual fervice, and for other purposes;" another, intituled, "An act making further provision in cases of drawbacks;" another, intituled, "An act further extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others;" another intituled, " An act to authorize the settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau;" another, intituled, " An act to establish an uniform

rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject;" another, intituled, "An act supplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for reviving certain suits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania;" and another, intituled, An act for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels."

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee appointed to enquire and report on the expediency of erecting a light-house near the entrance of the harbour of George-town, in the state of South-Carolina, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Resolved, That it will be proper that a light-house be erected near the entrance of the harbour of George-

town, in the state of South-Carolina.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Grove and Mr. Benton, do prepare and bring in the same.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 28th of January, 1795.

The several memorials and petitions of John Hollingshead, Henry Shade, Jesse Coles, Jane Godfrey, and Martha Dow, in behalt of themselves, or as legal representatives of others, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for military services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in their persons and property, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid memorials and petitions, together with the petition of William M'Kee, presented on the thirtieth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four; the petition of John Goodman, returned on the thirty-first ultimo, by the Secretary at War; and the petition of Isaac Sherman, returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of fundry iron masters in the state of Pennfylvania, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was preiented to the House, and read, praying that an additional duty may be imposed on all iron imported from foreign countries; or that such other encouragement may be given to the manusacturing the said article within the United States, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet. Also,

A petition of the inspectors of the revenue for the port of Boston and Charlestown, stating the insufficiency of the sees and other emoluments allowed them by law, and praying that the same may be increased and rendered more adequate to their services. Also,

A petition of Henry Wagner, of the borough of Reading, in the state of Pennsylvania, praying to be placed on the list of pensioners, in consideration of wounds and injuries received while a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions do lie on the table. The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to repeal a part, and to continue in sorce, another part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one, intituled, "An act for reviving certain

fuits and process which have been discontinued in the district court of Pennsylvania;" another, intituled, "An act for the remission of the tonnage duties on certain French vessels;" and another, intituled "An act for the relief of Epaphras Jones and others."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee to whom was referred that
part of the message from the President of the United
States, of the eighth instant, which relates to the letter
from the governor of the territory north-west of the
river Ohio; and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the
said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's
table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to
by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That an appellate jurisdiction of all causes whereof one judge of the supreme judicial court of the territory north-west of the river Ohio, now has jurisdiction, ought to be given to the two judges of the same court, who may not have adjudicated on the first trial, and the governor of the territory; any two of whom to form a court for that purpose:—and also, that in causes of greater amount than sive hundred dollars, an appeal ought to be given to the supreme judicial

court of the United States.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Dexter, Mr. Hartley and Mr. Harrison, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign two acts which originated in the Senate; to wit: one, intituled, "An act to authorize the

settlement of the claim of Samuel Prioleau;" and another, "intituled, "An act further extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the United States:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the message from the President of the United States, of the thirtieth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, inclosing the copy of a letter from the governor of North-Carolina, covering a resolution of the legislature of that state; as also, the petition of Thomas Person and others, proprietors of lands in the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, and of the trustees of the university of North-Carolina; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report.

Mr. Samuel Smith, from the committee, to whom was re-committed the report of the committee on the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United States, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 29th of JANUARY 1795.

Another member, to wit: Aaron Kitchell, returned to serve in this House as a member for the state of New-Jersey, in the room of Abraham Clark, deceased, appeared, produced his credentials, and took his seat in the House; the oath to support the constitution of the United States, being first administered to him, by Mr. Speaker, according to law.

An engrossed bill, to repeal a part, and to continue in force another part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same," was read the third time.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be "An act to repeal a part, and to continue in force another part of the act, intituled "An act prohibiting for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A representation of the legislature of South-Carolina, was laid before the House and read, suggesting the propriety of an amendment to the militia laws of the United States, relative to the rank of officers in the cavalry and artillery; as well as of those in the lines of the different states, generally.

Ordered, That the faid representation be referred to the committee appointed to prepare and bring in a bill or bills respecting the organizing, arming and disci-

plining the militia of the United States.

The feveral petitions of Edward Bryant, John Turner, and Ernst Greess, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petitions, together with the memorial of Tristram Cossin, and the petition of John Baptist Dumon, returned on the fifth instant, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one, intituled, "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject;" another, intituled, "An act

fupplementary to the several acts imposing duties on goods, wares and merchandize, imported into the United States;" and another, intituled "An act making further provision in cases of drawbacks."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill authorizing the erection of a light-house near the entrance of Georgetown harbour, in the state of South-Carolina, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Joze Roiz Silva, which lay on the table: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the collector of the district of New-York be authorized to receive the invoice and other proofs of Joze Roiz Silva, respecting the cargo of wines mentioned in his memorial, and if he shall be satisfied, that the same, or any part thereof, was subject to a less duty than that charged and paid, then to resund to the said Joze Roiz Silva, such sum, if any, as shall appear to be overcharged on the said cargo.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Watts, Mr. Cossin and Mr. Malbone do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Gilbert Dench, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee to whom was recommitted the report of the committee appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next-

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee to whom was referred the message of the President of the United States, of the thirtieth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, inclosing the copy of a letter from the governor of North-Carolina, covering a resolution of the legislature of that state; as also, the petitions of Thomas Person and others, proprietors of lands in the territory of the United States fouth of the river Ohio. and of the trustees of the university of North-Carolina; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the faid report under consideration, and directed him to report to the House their disagreement to the same.

An adjournment was then called for: Whereupon, The several orders of the day were surther postponed until to-morrow.

And the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 30th of January, 1795.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of hemp, in the town of Newport, in the state of Rhode Island, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying that a drawback of the duty imposed by law on the importation of foreign hemp, may be allowed on the exportation of the same, when manufactured into cordage within the United States. Also,

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of chocolate in the state of Massachusetts, praying that so much of an act passed at the last session of Congress, as imposes an additional duty of two cents per pound on cocoa imported from foreign countries, may be repealed; and that such measures may be adopted for encouraging the manufacture of the said article within the United States, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said memorials be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Watts and Mr. Heister, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The memorial of John Sears, and the petitions of Luke White and Elizabeth Lovel, in behalf of them-felves, or as legal representatives of others, were prefented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for military services rendered in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorial and petitions, together with the petition of Israel Jones, in behalf of Joshua Ashbridge, presented the seventeenth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and the petition of Andrew Jackson, presented the sixth of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating, "that, pursuant to the duty enjoined by law, upon the head of that department, he has prepared a report, containing some suggestions for the improvement and better management of the several branches of the actual revenues of the United States, which is ready to be communicated, as the House may please to direct."

The faid letter was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be informed that this House is ready to receive the report therein referred to.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of George Schreffwar, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw

his said petition.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom was referred the message from the President of the United States, of the thirtieth of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, inclosing the copy of a letter from the governor of

North Carolina, covering a refolution of the legislature of that state; as also, the petitions of Thomas Person and others, proprietors of lands in the territory of the United States south of the river Chio, and of the trustees of the university of North-Carolina, to which the committee of the whole House had, yesterday, reported their disagreement: Whereupon,

The first resolution reported by the committee, being

again read, in the words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That it shall be lawful for the executive of the state of North-Carolina, to subscribe, by way of loan, to the United States, the amount of all such certificates as have been deposited in payment for any lands (reserved by the act of cession aforesaid) in payment for any lands which may have been relinquished to the Indians by the treaty aforesaid, in trust for the persons by whom they were so deposited, according to their respective rights and interests."

The question was taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disagree-

ment to the faid first resolution,

And resolved in the affirmative.

The second resolution reported by the committee, being again read, in the words following, to wit:

"Refolved, That the United States ought to reimburse the said persons, the money which they have expended in having entries and surveys made, and in obtaining grants, and any other incidental charges which they have necessarily incurred, with interest; and that they should moreover make a reasonable allowance for the loss and damage which the petitioners have sustained, by having possession of the said land withheld from them."

The question was taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disagreement to the said second resolution,

And resolved in the affirmative.

The third resolution reported by the committee, being again read, in the words following, to wit:

"And whereas the grants to the aforesaid lands, made by virtue of an act of the legislature of North-Carolina, are valid to all intents and purposes, as coming fully within the purvieu of a condition contained in the act of cession from the said state to the United States: Therefore.

"Refolved, That whenever the United States shall think proper to extinguish the Indian claim to the said lands, by purchase, or otherwise, it will be just and reasonable, that the several persons who have obtained grants, or made surveys or entries, should have such rights confirmed and established, and their titles persected, in preference to any other persons, on repaying to the Treasury of the United States, the amount of what they may now receive, as a compensation for their disbursements and losses, in case such persons shall think proper to make such re-payment within a certain time, to be limited by Congress for that purpose."

The question was taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disa-

greement to the faid third resolution,

And resolved in the affirmative.

A motion was then made, and the question being put, that the House do agree to the following resolution:

Refolved, That such persons as have entered land, agreeable to the laws of North Carolina, in the territory ceded by that state to the United States, and on the Indian side of the line established by the treaty of Holston, ought to be re-imbursed by the United States, the amount of the purchase-money actually paid for the same, and the necessary expense of locating and surveying, where the survey has been made: such persons first relinquishing their right thereto, to the United States."

It passed in the negative— { Yeas 14. Nays 56.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one-fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Theodorus Bailey, Thomas Blount, William B. Grove, George Hancock, Matthew Locke, Nathaniel Macon, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, John Page, Robert Rutherford, William Smith, Benjamin Williams, Richard Winn, and Joieph Winfton.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Fisher Ames, John Beatty, Elias Boudinot, Sheariashub Bourne. Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, Thomas Claiborne, David Cobb. Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit. Jonathan Dayton, Henry Dearborn, George Dent, Gabriel Duvall, Benjamin Edwards, Thomas Fitzlimons, Dwight Fofter, Ezekiel Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman. Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, Andrew Gregg, Thomas Hartley, John Heath, James Hilibouse. William Hindman. Samuel Holten. John Hunter.

William Invine. Asron Kitchell, Amasa Learned, William Lyman, James Madison, William Montgomery, Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg William Vans Murray, Anthony New, John Nicholas, Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Oct. Joliah Parker, Andrew Pickens. Francis Preston. Thomas Scott, John S. Sherburne, Jeremiah Smith, Samuel Smith. Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen. Peter Van Gaafbeck. Artemas Ward, and Paine Wingate.

Another motion was then made and seconded, that the House do come to the following resolution:

"Refolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause a treaty to be entered into with any Indian tribes who may claim, hold, possess, or be entitled to any lands within the territory ceded by the state of North-Carolina to the United States; and to endeavor to obtain, by such treaty, an extinguishment of the Indian claims to all lands, the pre-emptive right to which has been sold by the said state, in pursuance of the act of one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, opening an office for the sale of the said lands."

Ordered, That the said motion be committed to Mr. William Smith, Mr. Dayton, Mr. Swift, Mr. M'Dowell,

and Mr. Page.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of Gilbert Dench; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That the prayer of the faid petition ought not to be granted, and that the petitioner have leave

to withdraw the same.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary at War, inclosing certain confidential communications from major-general Wayne, dated the twenty-third of December last, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign an act, which originated in the Senate, intituled, "An act in addition to the act, entitled, "An act to regulate the pay of the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates of the militia of the United States, when called into actual service, and for other purposes:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Watts, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Joze Roiz Silva, which was received, and read the first time:

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 2d of FEBRUARY, 1795.

The several memorials and petitions of Francis Mentges, Emanuel Sewars, Thomas Alexander, Patrick Collins, Reuben Colborn, Chandler Dinwiddie Fowke, and Reuben King, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorials and petitions be re-

ferred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of Alexander Roxburgh, of Salisbury, in the state of Maryland, a major in the army of the United States during the late war, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of a certain certificate of public debt, the property of the petitioner, which was lost or destroyed some time in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Murray, Mr. Smilie and Mr. Van Allen, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of hemp in the town of Providence, in the state of Rhode Island, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying that a drawback of the duty imposed by law on the importation of foreign hemp, may be allowed on the exportation of the same, when manufactured into cordage within the United States.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Watts, and Mr. Heister; that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee, to whom was committed the motion of the thirtieth ultimo, au-

thorizing a treaty to be held for the extinguishment of Indian titles to lands within the territory ceded to the United States, by the state of North Carolina, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Ordered, That Wednesday next be assigned to take

the faid report into consideration.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying the report referred to in his letter of the thirtieth ultimo, for the improvement and management of the public revenue, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Giles, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States,

which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House,

on Thursday next.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying the memorials and petitions of Daniel Lombard and others, of the inspectors of the revenue at the port of New-York, and of Thomas Russell and others, returned pursuant to an order of this House, of the sisteenth of December last: As also his reports on the several memorials and petitions of Thomas Coit, the corporation of Rhode-Island college, William Gardner, and Moses White, which were read: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the report on the petitions of Thomas

Coit and Moses White, do lie on the table.

Ordered, That the report on the petition of the corporation of Rhode-Island college, be committed to a com-

mittee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the report on the memorial of William Gardner, be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Sherburne, Mr. Watts, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. New; with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to examine and report what proceedings have been had under the act, "for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States;" and report whether any, and what amendments are necessary to the several laws respecting the military establishment, and the protection of the frontiers of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and directed him to report to the House their disagreement to the same.

The House then proceeded to consider the said report

at the Clerk's table: Whereupon,

The resolution reported by the committee, being again

read in the words following, to wit:

Refolved, That two regiments, confisting of nine hundred and fixty non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates each, be formed out of the regiments now in the service of the United States, to compose, with the corps of artillery, the military establishment of the United States, and to continue in service until the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, unless sooner discharged."

The question was taken, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House, in their disagree-

ment to the faid resolution,

And resolved in the affirmative.

A motion was then made and seconded, that the House

do come to the following resolution:

Refolved, That the present military establishment of the United States ought to be continued, and the corps composing the same, completed by enlishments, for a term not exceeding three years, with authority to the President, to sorbear to raise, or to discharge after they shall be raised, such part thereof, as suture events may, in his judgment, render consistent with public safety, convenience and economy. Ordered, That the said motion be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

On motion,

Refolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to report the net amount of duties arising on disfilled spirits, and on country stills (drawbacks deducted) during the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, shewing how much thereof was collected in each state;—what proportion of the whole has arisen on spirits distilled from foreign, and what from domestic materials, and the total expenses of collecting in each state;—Also, the same for 1793,—so far as returns have been made;—and where they have not been made, that he be requested to surnish an estimate of their net product, calculated on the return of 1792.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 3d of February, 1795.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of paper, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying that so much of the revenue laws of the United States as imposes a duty on rags imported from foreign countries, may be repealed; or that such other measures may be adopted for encouraging the manufacture of paper within the United States, as to the wisdom of Congress shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Watts, and Mr. Heister, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of Henry Glen, of the town of Schenectady, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for his services in various departments of the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

A memorial of Thomas Rutledge, administrator of William Rutledge, deceased, praying that he may be

allowed the arrearages of pay, and other emoluments due for the services of the deceased, as a lieutenant in

the Georgia line, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorials, together with the report of the committee on the petition of Jabez Johnson, and the report on the petitions of Peter Rutan, John Gates, and John Ostrander, which were made to this House at the last session, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

A petition of fundry owners of fishing vessels in the towns of Portland and Falmouth, in the state of Massachusetts, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was prefented to the House and read, praying that they may receive the bounty allowed by law to vessels employed in the cod and whale sisheries of the United States.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Jeremiah Smith, Mr. Peleg Wadsworth, and Mr. Coit, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the motion of the second instant, for authorizing a continuance of the present military establishment of the
United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the said
motion under consideration, and come to a resolution
thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table,
where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the
House, as followeth:

Refolved, That the present military establishment of the United States ought to be continued, and the corps composing the same completed by inlistments, for a term not exceeding three years, with authority to the President to forbear to raise, or to discharge, after they shall be raised, such part thereof, as suture events may, in his judgment, render consistent with public safety, convenience and occonomy. Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Dayton, Mr. Samuel Smith, and Mr. Jeremiah Wadsworth do prepare and bring in the same.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, on the petition of Thomas

Coit: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw

his faid petition.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the

third time, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the report of the committee to whom was recommitted the report of a committee on the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United States, be committed to a committee

of the whole House, on Friday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on so much of the report of the committee appointed to enquire and report whether any, and what alterations ought to be made to the act imposing duties on snuff manusactured within the United States, as relates to an immediate alteration of the mode of collecting the duties on snuff manusactured within the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had under their consideration, such parts of the said report as were reserred to them, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill to amend the act laying duties on manufactured fnuff, and to alter the mode of imposing the said duties, by imposing the same on the mortar.

Ordered, That Mr. William Smith, Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Lyman, Mr. Findley, Mr. Fitzfimons, and Mr. Madison, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the said resolution.

Ordered, That the postmaster-general, to whom was referred on the thirtieth day of May last, the petition of Benjamin Mumford, be discharged from the consideration of the same; and that the said petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill authorizing the erection of a light-house near the entrance of Georgetown harbour, in the state of South-Carolina; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made an amendment thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendment, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Murray, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Alexander Roxburgh, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow moraing, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 4th of FEBRUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize, was read the third time.

Resoived, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be "An act to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize." Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

Ordered, That Mr. Samuel Smith and Mr. Fitzimons be added to the committee to whom were referred, the memorials and petitions of fundry manufacturers of

hemp, chocolate and paper.

Mr. Sherburne, from the committee, to whom was re-committed the report of the committee on the bill fent from the Senate, intituled "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post roads within the United States," made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, one
the report of the committee respecting the settlement
of the accounts of the former government, and the unpaid balances due thereon; and after some time spent
therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb
reported, that the committee had, according to order,
had the said report under consideration, and come to
several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at
the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said resolutions do lie on the table. A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, as followeth:

"United States, February 4th, 1795;
"Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives,

"I lay before Congress, for their consideration, a letter from the Secretary of State, upon the subject of a loan, which is extremely interesting and urgent.

Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid meffage and letter were read, and ordered to be referred to Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Madison, Mr. Baldwin, Mr. William Smith, and Mr. Giles, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill relative to the compensations of certain officers
employed in the collection of the duties of impost and
tonnage; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the
committee had, according to order, had the said bill
under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where
the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by
the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postpon-

ed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 5th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill relative to the compensations of certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, 'That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act relative to the compensations of certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost

and tonnage."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A memorial of Augustine Biddle, of the county of Harford, in the state of Maryland, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of certain loanoffice certificates, the property of the memorialist, which were lost or destroyed, some time in the month of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Hartley, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their

opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Anthony Bartow and Robert S. Bartow, of Weltchelter, in the state of Pennsylvania, executors of Anthony Bartow, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for supplies surnished by the deceased, for the use of the American army, during the late way, Also,

A petition of John Sumpter, of the town of Manchefter, in the flate of Virginia, praying compensation for his services as a taylor, employed in making sundry suits of cloaths for a detachment of the army of the United States, stationed at Chestersield court-house, in

the faid state, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A memorial of Oliver and Thompson, of the town of Baltimore, in the state of Maryland, merchants, was presented to the House and read, praying that certain errors, made to the injury of the memorialists, in the payment of the duties on fifteen boxes of Irish linens, and thirty pipes of Madeira wine, imported into the United States, in the years one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, and one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, may be rectified.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Hillhouse, and Mr. Wingate, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of George Gibbs, made a re-

port, which was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the collector for the port of Newport, in the state of Rhode-Island, be, and he hereby is authorized to allow to George Gibbs, the legal drawback on certain wines, by him exported, in the month of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, in the ship Warren, to Calcutta: provided, that the said George Gibbs shall produce all the other testimony (excepting the oath of the mate) required respecting draw-

backs, by an act passed the fourth of August, one thoufand seven hundred and ninety.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the faid resolution, and that the Committee of Claims

do prepare and bring in the fame.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill for continuing in force, for a limited time, an act passed the third of April, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, intituled, "An act transferring, for a limited time, the jurisdiction of suits and offences from the district to the circuit court of New-Hampshire, and assigning certain duties in respect to invalid pensioners, to the attorney of the said district."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Jeremiah

Smith, Mr. Thatcher, and Mr. Peleg Wadsworth.

A memorial of the sugar refiners, in the town of Baltimore, in the state of Maryland, was presented to the House and read, praying a revision of the excise laws of the United States; and that so much of the act passed at the last session of Congress, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," as imposes a duty on sugar refined within the United States, may be repealed.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid report.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 6th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the erection of a light-house near the entrance of George-town harbour, in the state of South-Carolina, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up:

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the erection of a light-house near the entrance of George-town harbour, in the state of South-

Carolina."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The memorial of Charles De Frey, and the petitions of Robert Elliott and Anna Knolten, in behalf of themfelves, or as legal representatives of others, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in the army and navy of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid memorial and petitions be re-

ferred to the Committee of Claims.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed to enquire into the establishment of clerks in the several departments, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee to whom was referred the memorial of William Gardner, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee appointed to prepare and report a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration; and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, amended, and agreed to by the House, as sollow:

rst. Resolved, That there be appropriated out of the revenues of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, a sum not exceeding six hundred thousand dollars, to be applied to the payment of two dollars on every hundred dollars of the amount of that part of the public debt, which bears an actual interest of six per cent;—the said payment to be made on the

day of next.

2d. Refolved, That the several clauses of limitation in the acts for laying duties and taxes on manufactured sugar and snuff; on licences for retailing wines and spirituous liquors; on sales at auction; and on carriages, be repealed: that the sald several acts be continued in sorce until the year one thousand eight hundred and one: and that the monies arising therefrom, be appropriated to the discharge of that portion of the public debt, which is redeemable by law, subject however; to a substitution of other duties or taxes of equal value, to all or any of the said duties and taxes.

3d. Refolved, That the eighth section of the act of last session, laying and continuing certain duties on goods, wares and merchandize, be repealed; and that the duration of the said act be made commensurate with the act for laying such duties, passed the tenth day of August, one thousand seven hundred and sinety, intituled, "An act making surther provision for the

debt of the United States."

4th. Resolved, That the surplus of revenue, which may hereaster exist, after satisfying all legal appropriations, be annually appropriated to the purchase of the public debt.

5th. Refolved, That provision be made for the sale

of the public lands in the western territory.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuants to the said resolutions; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Ames, Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Duvall, and Mr. Nicholas, do prepare and bring in the same.

Resolved, That this House will, on Monday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House,

on the faid reports

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 9th of February, 1795.

Another member, to wit: Robert Goodloe Harper, returned to ferve in this Houle, as a member for the state of South-Carolina, in the room of Alexander Gillon, deceased, appeared, produced his credentials, and took his seat in the House; the oath to support the constitution of the United States, being first administered to him, by Mr. Speaker, according to law.

A petition of George Sharp, of the county of Rensselaer, in the state of New-York, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for services rendered, and supplies surnished the United States, during the late war, of which he has hitherto been debarred by the operation of the

acts of limitation. Alfo.

A petition of Thomas Donnellan, of the town of Baltimore, in the state of Maryland, praying the renewal of a certain certificate of public debt, the property of the petitioner, which was confumed by fire, some time in the month of December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five. Also,

A petition of Anne M'Mahon, of Ohio county, in the state of Virginia, widow of William M'Mahon, deceased, praying relief, in consideration of the loss of her said husband, who was killed, while a major in the actual service of the United States, in an engagement with the Indians, at Fort Recovery, on the thirtieth day of June last.

Ordered, That the said petitions, together with the petition of Roger Enos, presented the sourteenth of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three,

be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom were referred the memorials of fundry manufacturers of hemp, in the towns of Boston, Newport and Providence, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to
amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the postoffice and post-roads within the United States;" and
after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the
chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had,
according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he
delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were
severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments, be

read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Parker, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Parker, Hopkins and Meers, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee, to whom was referred the message from the President of the United States, of the fourth instant, inclosing a letter from the Secretary of State, relative to a loan for the maintenance of the intercourse of the United States with foreign nations, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That adequate provision be made by law for reimbursing, before the year any loan; which may hereafter be made under the authority of the President of the United States, in virtue of an act of the last session of Congress, intituled, "An act making further provision for the expenses attending the intercourse of the United States with foreign nations; and further to continue in sorce, the act, intituled, "An act providing the means of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations."

Resolved, That for the purpose mentioned in the foregoing resolution, the proceeds of the duties upon carriages for the conveyance of persons; on licences for selling wines and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, by retail; on snuff and refined sugar; and on property sold at auction, imposed by acts passed at the last session of Congress, and which may be further continued the present session, which are not already appropriated, be appropriated for the reimbursement, before the year of any loan, which may hereaster be made, in virtue of the act aforesaid: and that the faith of government be pledged to make good any desiciency.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions; and that Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Madison, Mr. Baldwin, Mr. William Smith, and

Mr. Giles, do prepare and bring in the same.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill to amend the act passed the eighth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments," in such manner as to give to the President of the United States, the same power of temporary appointment to the officers mentioned in the eighth section of the act aforesaid, in case of vacancy, as by the same section, is given to him in the cases of death, absence from the seat of government, and sickness: Provided, That no appointment, made as aforesaid, shall be for a longer term than six months:

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Sedgwick,

Mr. Watts, and Mr. M'Dowell.

The House proceeded to consider the resolutions, reported on the fourth instant, from the committee of the whole House, to whom was referred the report of the committee respecting the settlement of the accounts of the former government, and the unpaid balances due thereon; and the said resolutions being amended at the Clerk's table, were, on the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as follow:

1st. Refolved, That further and more adequate provision should be made by law, for the recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States.

2d. Refolved, That the Comptroller of the Treasury be authorized to issue a notification to any person who has received monies for which he is accountable to the United States, or to the executor or administrator of such person, if he be deceased, requiring him to render to the Auditor of the Treasury, in a reasonable time, not less than

months, all his accounts and vouchers for the expenditure of the faid monies, comprehending a schedule of all claims of credit; or in default thereof, to remain charged with the monies so advanced; and suits shall be commenced for the same, without further notice, and the party subjected to the costs and charges of such suits, whether the ultimate decision shall be in their favor, or against them.

3d. Refolved, That the marshals of the respective districts be authorized to serve the said notifications on the parties therein named, by leaving copies thereof at their respective dwellings or usual places of abode; and that the return of the notifications to the Comptroller's office, with the marshal's certificate thereon, that service has been made, be deemed legal evidence in the district courts, of the proceedings, and for the recovery of costs and charges.

4th. Refolved, That in cases where accounts shall be rendered to the Auditor of the Treasury, within the time limited in the notifications to the Auditor, he shall

immediately proceed to liquidate the credits to be passed for the said accounts, and report the same to the Comptroller, with a particular list of any claims for credit which shall have been disallowed by him.

5th. Refolved, That the Comptroller of the Treasury immediately proceed to the examination of the credits allowed by the Auditor, and if the same be approved by him, that he cause credit therefor to be passed on

the public books.

6th. Refolved, That a list of such credits as shall have been claimed and not admitted by the Comptroller, be made out and transmitted to the marshal of the district where the claimant resides, and that a copy thereof be lest at the dwelling or last usual place of abode of such claimant, with notice of the time assigned by the Comptroller for the sinal hearing of the account;—of which proceedings the marshal to transmit an official return to the Comptroller.

7th. Refolved, In case of an omission or neglect on the part of the claimant, to assign reasons, in writing, to the Comptroller, within the time limited, why the suspended credits should be admitted, all suture claims

therefor to be barred.

8th. Refolved, In case the claimant assign, in writing, his reasons why the suspended credits should be admitted, the Comptroller to be directed to consider the same, and decide thereon, according to principles of equity, and the usages of the treasury department.

9th. Refolved, In cases where the final decision of the Comptroller shall have been against the claimant,

and where he shall have voluntarily within

months, submitted his claim to the equitable decision of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Attorney General, the said officers to be vested with authority to hear the claimant, and pronounce an award, which shall be final and conclusive to all concerned.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions, and that Mr. Heath, Mr. Ly-

man, Mr. Findley, Mr. Baldwin, and Mr. Harrison, do

prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to amend the act, intituled "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-day.

Mr. Watts, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of fundry auctioneers in the city of New-York, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee appointed to examine and report on the state of the mint; and what further measures are necessary to render the institution more beneficial, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for regulating the same," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

An engrossed bill, to amend the act, intituled "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments," was read the third time:

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 10th of February, 1795.

A petition of Richard Moore, of the county of Worcester, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pay and other emoluments due for his services as a soldier in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition, together with the petition of Sarah Smart, returned on the thirty-first of December last, by the Secretary at War, be referred

to the Committee of Claims.

The bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States," together with the amendments agreed to yesterday, was read the third time.

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to amend an act "laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Thursday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tarv.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act relative to the compensations to certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage," with feveral amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fisheries, and for regulating the fame:" Whereupon,

Ordered. That the faid amendments be committed to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Giles, and Mr. William Smith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the report of a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the faid report under confideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again refolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the

faid report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 11th of February, 1795.

A petition of Hugh Lawson White, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation as a private in a detachment of mounted infantry, under the command of brigadier-general Sevier, which was ordered into fervice in the month of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, for the desensive protection of the frontiers of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the Secretary at War, with instruction to examine the same, and report his opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of David Organ, of the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for a quantity of medicine furnished for the use of a detachment of the Virginia line, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Heath, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

The House proceeded to consider the amendment, proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act relative to the compensations of certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage," and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-day.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom were committed the amendments proposed by the Senate, to

the bill, intituled, "An act fupplementary to the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for regulating the same," made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth disagree to all the

said amendments.

Refolved, That a conference be defired with the Senate on the subject matter of the said amendments; and that Mr Goodhue, Mr. Giles, and Mr. William Smith, be appointed managers at the said conference, on the part of this House.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That the report of the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Alexander Roxburgh, which lay on the table, be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Jeremiah Smith, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of fundry owners of fishing vessels in the towns of Portland and Falmouth, in the state of Massachusetts, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of a plan for the reduction of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, amended, and agreed to by the House, as follow:

1st. Refolved, That provision be made by law for the payment of interest on the principal of the unsubscribed debt of the United States, (except loan-office certificates, bearing interest on their nominal value) at the rate of six per cent. per annum, for one year, ending

the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five.

2d. Refolved, That the arrears of interest on the unsubscribed debt aforesaid, be calculated to the end of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive, and that the possessors thereof be entitled to subscribe the same, on loan, to the United States, at an interest of three per cent. per annum. That those who shall not so subscribe, shall receive on the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, one tenth part of the said arrears, to them respectively due.

3d. Refolved, That the holders of loan-office certificates, which bear interest on their nominal value, be entitled to receive the specie value, together with the interest thereon, at the treasury of the United States, on demand; but that no interest shall accrue on such certificates, after the day of

4th. Refolved, That a loan be opened at the treasury of the United States, to the amount of the whole of the foreign debt; and that for every one hundred dollars of the said debt subscribed thereto, the subscriber shall be entitled to an addition of one half of a per centum, to the rate of interest to which such stock is now entitled, or to a sum equivalent in capital, bearing an interest of sive per cent. per annum. And that the permanent revenues of the United States, be pledged for the payment of the interest, quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States, till the reimbursement of the principal.

5th. Resolved, That the commissioners of the sinking fund, be empowered, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to provide, by new loans, or by the sale of certificates of stock, bearing an interest of six per centum, for the reimbursement of any instalment, or part of the present foreign debt of the United States: Provided, that the principal and interest of such loan and certificates, shall be payable at the treasury of the United States, and the principal

pal thereof, redeemable at the treasury of the United States; and that such conversion of foreign into domestic debt, shall not charge the United States with an interest of more than half a per cent. in addition to that payable on the debt so converted. That the interest of the sum redeemed and paid thereof, and the permanent revenue of the United States be pledged for the payment of the interest on the loans to be made on the stock to be created, in virtue of the said powers.

6th. Refolved, That in addition to the provisions heretofore made, for reimbursing and redeeming the debt of the United States, so much of the fourth section of the act, intituled, "An act making provision for the reduction of the public debt," as makes a reservation out of the interest on the debt purchased, be repealed; and that in lieu thereof, a sufficient sum of the duties on impost and tonnage, be appropriated for that pur-

pose.

7th. Refolved, That so much of the revenue arising from the duties on impost and tonnage, as together with the other monies now constituting the finking fund, that shall accrue to it by virtue of the foregoing provitions, and the interest redeemed, as shall be sufficient. be appropriated towards the payment of the sum, which may of right be annually paid on account of the principal of such funded stock, as on the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, shall bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, excluding that to the credit of the commissioners of the finking fund, and that which shall stand to the credit of particular states. And that the same shall continue so appropriated until the whole of the said stock shall be redeemed; and thenceforth until the whole of the debt of the United States, funded and unfunded, shall be discharged.

8th. Refolved, That the dividends in the stock (the property of the United States) in the bank of the United States, be appropriated to the same sund, reserving thereout, from time to time, so much as shall be ne-

cessary to discharge the interest on what shall remain unpaid of the loan made of the faid bank, pursuant to the eleventh fection of the act of incorporation, with fo much of the duties on impost and tonnage, as, together with those dividends, (after deducting what may be neceffary to pay the interest) shall be sufficient to pay off the instalments of the said loan, as they shall hereafter from year to year become due: And, as (the faid instalments being first paid) together with any other monies, which on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and two, may belong to the said fund, (and not otherwise appropriated) shall be sufficient from year to year, with the interest redeemed, to pay the fums which may of right be annually paid, on account of the principal of such funded stock, as at the end of the year, one thousand eight hundred, shall begin to bear an interest of fix per cent. excluding that which may stand to the credit of the commissioners of the finking fund, and that to the credit of individual states; and continue so appropriated, until the said last mentioned stock, and the instalments of the loan aforesaid. shall be redeemed and discharged, and thenceforth until the whole residue of the present debt of the United States, be redeemed and discharged; and the interest of the stock which shall be redeemed, by virtue of the foregoing provisions, continue to be appropriated to the faid fund after the full redemption in fuch case, is completed, until the whole of the present debt of the United States be redeemed by reimbursement, purchase, or otherwise.

oth. Refolved, That the monies arising from the sales of the lands of the United States, and such as shall be received for debts due to the United States, antecedent to the present government, rogether with the surplus of all current revenues, which shall remain unappropriated at the end of any year, be carried to the credit of the same fund.

10th. Refolved, That after the last day of December next, all reimbursements of the capital of the debt of

the United States (foreign or domestic) and of the reimbursement of the loan had of the bank of the United States, be made under the superintendance of the commissioners of the sinking sund; and that they be empowered, with the approbation of the President of the United States, as the instalments of principal become due, to borrow the sums necessary to pay such instalment: Provided, That every such loan shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, and the rate of interest shall not exceed six per centum per annum; and be chargeable,

First-Upon the interest of the instalment which shall

be reimbursed;

Secondly—Upon the revenue of impost and tonnage, for making good any deficiency.

But the interest on the six per cent. stock redeemed,

shall not be included.

11th. Refolved, That the commissioners of the sinking sund be authorized, with the approbation of the President, to borrow, from time to time, such sums, in anticipation of the revenue appropriated, as may be necessary for the payment of the interest on the public debt, not exceeding one million in any year, and reimburseable within a year from the time of each loan: and that the interest on such loan, be defrayed out of the permanent revenue, and shall not exceed six per centum per annum.

12th. Refolved, That all sums remaining unexpended, after the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, upon any appropriation for more than two years, after the end of the year, for which such appropriation may be made, shall be carried to a separate account, to be kept at the treasury: And that a statement of all appropriations shall be reported to the legislature within thirty days after their first meeting in every year.

13th. Refolved, That all priorities established by appropriations for the funded debt, shall, after the last day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, cease, with respect to all the creditors of the

United States, who shall not, before the said last day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, signify their dissent thereto to the Comptroller of the Treasury: And that, after that period, the revenue charged with such appropriations shall constitute a common sund, chargeable with the same debts indiscriminately, excepting only as it may respect such of the creditors, as may signify their dissent thereto, in manner aforesaid.

14th. Refolved, That all loan-office certificates, final fettlements, or indents of interest, now in the hands of

any person or persons, shall, on or before the

day of be exhibited at the treasury; where the holders or possessions shall be entitled to receive other certificates of equivalent tenor, in lieu thereof: And if any person shall neglect to exhibit such loan-office certificates, final settlements, or indents of interest, and to get the same exchanged, he or they shall forever be barred from any payment or acknowledgment for such loan-office certificate, final settlement, or indent of interest.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Ames, Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Duvall, and Mr. Nicholas, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Dayton, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject, which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Friday next.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary at War, accompanying his report on the petitions of William Mead, and Jellis D. Van Voorst, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to revise the act "laying duties upon carriages for the conveyance of persons," and to report a bill, with such alterations as may be necessary in the same, for defining more particularly such carriages as are subject to the tax, or for imposing any further checks on the collectors.

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Beatty, Mr.

New and Mr. Hillhouse.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read the third time to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 12th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Rejclved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the reimbursement of a loan authorzied by an act of the last session of Congress."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of William Little, of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, merchant, was presented to the House

and read, praying relief against the forseiture of a quantity of rum, the property of the petitioner, which was condemned and sold for a breach of the revenue laws of the United States. Also,

A petition of Amos Camp and Amos Miner, of Columbia county, in the state of New-York, praying, that they may receive the arrearages of pension due to them in consideration of wounds and injuries received in the army of the United States, during the late war. Also,

The petitions of Matthew Orssen and Peter Defreest, respectively praying compensation for supplies furnished, and services rendered the United States, during the

late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined three inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act relative to the compensations of certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage;" another, intituled, "An act to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize;" and another, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom were referred the laws of the territory of the United States north west of the river Ohio, passed the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, amended, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That all the laws passed by the secretary and judges of the territory of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, on the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, be disapproved; excepting a law, intituled, "An act to repeal certain parts of an act, intituled, "An act creating the office of clerk of the legislature."

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Findley, Mr. Green-up, Mr. Hunter, Mr. M'Dowell and Mr. Coit, do pre-

pare and bring in the same.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present, for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act relative to the compensations of certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage;" another, intituled, "An act to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize;" and another, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments."

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing the erection of a lighthouse, near the entrance of George town harbour, in the state of South-Carolina:" The Senate have also passed the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the

faid bill.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have disagreed to the bill, intituled, "An act to repeal a part, and to continue in force another part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same:" And then he withdrew.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 13th of February, 1795.

A Memorial of Amelie, Adeleide, Melanie and Silvie de Grasse, four daughters of the late Count de Grasse, now residing at Salem, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying a loan of money for their present subsistence; the essects which they brought from France being exhausted, and having no other means of support, but in property in the island of St. Domingo, from which, under present circumstances, no supplies can be drawn.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to Mr. Ames, Mr. Madison, and Mr. Gilman, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That the petition of Isaiah Thomas, returned on the fifth ultimo, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to Mr. Murray, Mr. Watts and Mr. Kittera, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The petitions of Samuel Henley, and William How, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for military services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in their persons and property, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the petition of Moses Gomez, junior which was presented to this House, on the twenty-ninth day of May last, be referred to Mr. Goodhue, Mr. Watts and Mr. Heister, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion there-

upon, to the House.

A meffage was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, notifying that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts which originated in this House; one, intituled, "An act to amend the act, intituled, "An act making alterations in the treasury and war departments;" and another, intituled, "An act to authorize the allowance of drawback on part of the cargo of the ship Enterprize."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House proceeded to consider the amendment proposed by the Senate to the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids," and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

A motion was then made and seconded further to amend the said bill, at the Clerk's table, by striking out in the third and sourth lines of the sisteenth section, the words "and that it be also lawful for bim," and inferting, in lieu thereof, the words "that the legion shall be reduced to the number of two thousand sive bundred men, and the proportioned number of officers, whenever there shall be a peace with the Indian tribes; and that it shall be lawful for the President of the United States."

And on the question thereupon,

It passed in the negative, YEAS 25.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Theodorus Bailey,
Thomas Blount,
Thomas P. Carnes,
Thomas Claiborne,
Ifarc Coles,
William J. Dawfon,
Henry Daarborn,
William B. Giles,
William B. Grove,
George Hancock,
Carter B. Harrifon,
Aaron Kitchell,
MatthewLocke.

William Lyman,
Nathaniel Macon,
James Madifon,
Jofeph M'Dowell,
Anthony New,
John Nicholas,
John Page,
John Snuise,
Ifrael Smith,
Thomas Tredwell,
Abraham Venable, and
Paine Wingate.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Fisher Ames, John Beatty, Lemuel Benton, Elias Boudinot, Benjamin Bourne. David Cobb. Peleg Coinn, Joshuz Coit, Jonathan Dayton, George Dent, Gabriel Duvall, Benjamin Edwards, William Findley, Thomas Fitzimons, Dwight Fofter, Henry Glen, Benjamin Geodhue,

James Gordon. Andrew Gregg, Robert Goodloe Harper, Thomas Hartley, John Heath, James Hillhouse, William Hindman, Samuel Holten. John Hunter, William Irvine, John Wilkes Kittera, Amasa Learned, Richard Bland Lee, Francis Malbone, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery, Andrew Moore,

William Vans Murray,
Joseph Neville,
Nathanied Niles,
Alexander D. Orr,
Andrew Pickens,
Francis Preston,
Thomas Scott,
Theodore Sedgwick,
Samuel Smith,
William Smith,
Thomas Sprigg,
Zephaniah Switt,

George Thatcher, Uriah Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen, Philip Van Cortlandt, Peter Van Gaafbeck, Peleg Wadfworth, Jeremiah Wadfworth, John Watts, Benjamin Williams, Richard Winn, and Jofeph Winfton.

Another motion was then made, and the question being put, further to amend the said bill, by adding to the end of the first section, the following words, "for the protection and security of the United States against foreign invasion, and against the Indian tribes."

It passed in the negative, {YEAS 36. NAYS 44.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Lemuel Benton, Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Thomas Claiborne, Isaac Coles, Henry Dearborn, Gabriel Duvall, Benjamin Edwards, William Findley. Nicholas Gilman, Christopher Greenup, William B. Grove, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath, Matthew Locke, William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon,

James Madison,
Joseph McDowell,
Alexander Mebane,
Andrew Moore,
Anthony New,
John Nicholas,
Nathaniel Niles,
John Page,
Francis Preston,
John S. Sherburne,
John S. Sherburne,
John Smilie,
Israel Smith,
Thomas Tredwell,
Philip Van Cortlandt,
Abraham Venable,
Francis Walker,
Benjamin Williams, and
Joseph Winston.

Those who voted in the negative, are,

Fisher Ames, Elias Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, David Cobb, Peleg Cossin, Joshua Coit, William J. Dawfon, Jonathan Dayton, Samuel Dexter, Thomas Fitzfimons, Dwight Foster, Henry Glen, James Gerdon, Andrew Gregg,
Thomas Hartley,
James Hillhoufe,
William Hindman,
Samuel Holten,
John Hunter,
William Irvine,
John Wilkes Kittera,
Amafa Learned,
Francis Malbone,
William Montgomery,
William Vans Murray,
Joseph Neville,
Alexander D. Orr,
Andrew Pickens,

Thomas Scott,
Theodore Sedgwick,
Samuel Smith,
William Smith,
Thomas Sprigg,
Zephaniah Swift,
George Thatcher,
Uriah Tracey,
Jonathan Trumbull,
John E. Van Allen,
Peter Van Gaafbeck,
Peleg Wadfworth,
Jeremiah Wadfworth,
Paine Wingate, and
Richard Wing.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments agreed to, be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

SATURDAY, the 14th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing fundry acts heretofore passed on that subject."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the reduction of the public debt, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his Secretary, notifying that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act, which originated in this House, intituled, "An act relative to the compensations to certain officers employed in the collection of the duties of impost and tonnage."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the petition of William Seymour,

made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Referved, That William Seymour be placed on the lift of invalid pensioners, as being entitled to the half-pay of a captain, in lieu of his present pension, to commence on the fifth day of March next, to be paid in the same manner, and at the same times, that invalid pensioners are now paid.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that the Committee of Claims

do prepare and bring in the fame.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee, to whom was referred the report of the Attorney-General, of such tables of fees and regulations as are proper to be established for the courts of the United States, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Refolved, That the table of fees reported by the Attorney-General, be printed for the use of the members, and the consideration thereof be referred to the

next Congress.

Refolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to continue the act, intituled, "An act to ascertain the fees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes."

Ordered, That Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Kittera, and Mr. Sherburne, be appointed a committee, pursuant to the

last resolution.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, on Monday next.

Mr. Coit, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a joint resolution respecting certain laws of the territory of the United States north-west of the river Ohio, passed the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid joint resolution was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, on Monday next.

Mr. Dayton, from the committee of elections, to whom were referred the credentials of Aaron Kitchell, and of Robert Goodloe Harper, returned to serve as members of this House, in the room of Abraham Clark, and Alexander Gillon, made a report, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

That it appears from a certificate figned by the governor of the state of New-Jersey, and under the seal of the said state, that Aaron Kitchell was duly elected to serve in the House of Representatives of the United States, in the room of Abraham Clark, deceased.

That it also appears from a certificate signed by the governor of the state of South-Carolina, with the seal of the said state annexed, that Robert Goodloe Harper, was duly elected to serve in the House of Representatives of the United States, in the room of Alexander Gillon, deceased.

Refolved, as the opinion of the committee, that Aaron Kitchell is entitled to a feat in this House, as one of the representatives for the state of New-Jersey, in the room of Abraham Clark, deceased.

Resolved, as the opinion of the committee, that Robert Goodloe Harper, is entitled to a seat in the House, as one or the representatives for the state of South-Carolina, in the room of Alexander Gillon, deceased.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 16th of FEBRUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed resolution, in the form of a concurrent resolution of the two Houses, respecting certain laws of the territory of the United States, north-west of the river Ohio, passed the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, was read the third time, and on the question put thereupon, agreed

to by the House, as followeth:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all the laws made by the secretary and judges of the territory north-west of the river Ohio, on the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, excepting a law, intituled, "An act to repeal certain parts of an act, creating the office of clerk of the legislature," be, and the same are hereby disapproved.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said resolution to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A memorial of fundry manufacturers of fnuff, in the town of Baltimore, was presented to the House, and read, praying, that so much of the act passed at the last session of Congress, laying duties upon snuff and refined sugar, as imposes a duty on snuff manufactured within the United States, may be repealed. Also,

A petition of the manufacturers of fnuff in the town

of Boston, to the same effect.

Ordered, That the said memorial and petition be referred to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the bill to amend an act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar."

A petition of fundry merchants and mariners of the town of Wiscasset, in the state of Massachusetts, was presented to the House and read, praying, that a light-house may be erected on Damascove island, instead of the one intended to be placed on Seguin island, in the said state.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Dearborn, Mr. Wingate and Mr. Sherburne, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the fame, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That the petition of Benjamin Harwood, returned on the fifth ultimo, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Goodhue, from the managers appointed on the part of this House, to attend the conference with the Senate, on the subject-matter of the amendments depending between the two Houses, to the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act for enrolling and licensing ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and sisheries, and for regulating the same," made a report: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments,

do lie on the table.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to continue in force, the "act for ascertaining the fees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Carnes, from the committee, to whom was re-committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The faid bill was then read the third time; And on the question, that the same do pass, It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Murray, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Isaiah Thomas, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was re-committed the report of the committee appointed to report what further provisions are necessary for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House, as follow:

Refolved, That there be printed, under the direction of the Secretary of State, a compleat edition of copies of the laws, to the close of the present session of

Congress, to include the constitution of the United States, the public acts which are now in force, and the treaties; and that they be divided among the respective states, and the territories north-west and south of the river Ohio, according to the rule for apportioning representatives: that the number allotted to each state, or territory, be transmitted to the governor or supreme executive magistrate thereof, in order to be deposited in fixed and convenient places in each county or subordinate civil division, as the executive or legislature of such state or territory may judge most conducive to the general information of the people.

Refolved, That a like number of the laws passed at each succeeding session, and of all suture treaties, be

printed and distributed as above directed.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions; and that Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Moore, Mr. Heister, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Macon, Mr. Murray, Mr. Latimer, Mr. Beatty, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Orr, Mr. Swift, Mr. Malbone, Mr. Israel Smith, Mr. Dexter, Mr. Wingate and Mr. White, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress:"

And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments,

do lie on the table.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 17th of February, 1795.

An engrofied bill to continue in force the act to for afcertaining the fees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes," was read the third time;

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to continue in force the act " for ascertaining the sees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engroffed bill to repeal part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same," was read the third time.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to repeal part of the act, intituled, "An act prohibiting, for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Peter Trezevant, of the city of Charlefton, in the state of South-Carolina, heir, by marriage, to the estate of Robert Farquhar, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for supplies surnished by the deceased, for the use of the army and navy of the United States, pursuant to an order of the governor and executive council of the state of Georgia, during the late war. Also,

A petition of Abraham Mosser, of York county, in the state of Pennsylvania, in behalf of himself and others, praying the liquidation and settlement of their claims for services rendered, and supplies furnished the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petitions be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

Mr. Dexter, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to amend the act, intituled, "An act respecting the government of the territories of the United States, north west and south of the siver Ohio," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Hartley, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Dudley Woodbridge, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of William Seymour, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion.

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments. reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, to the bill to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes; and the same being read, were agreed to.

The faid bill was further amended at the Clerk's table. and, together with the amendments, ordered to be en-

groffed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, prefented, according to order, a bill enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said bill.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed, to bring in a bill for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz, of Charleston, merchants, in certain loffes relative to drawbacks on sundry goods exported previously to the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two;

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Goodhue,

Mr. Harper and Mr. Hunter.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, as followeth:

"United States, February 17th, 1795.

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to Congress copies of a letter from the governor of the state of New-Hampshire, and of an act of the legislature thereof, "ratifying the article proposed in amendment to the Constitution of the United States respecting the judicial power.

"I also lay before Congress, copies of a letter from the governor of the state of North-Carolina, and of an act of the legislature thereof, ceding to the United States certain lands, upon the conditions therein mentioned.

G: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read and ordered to lie on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting two statements, exhibiting the gross and net amount of duties arising on distilled spirits, and on country stills (drawbacks deducted) during the years one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, and one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, pursuant to the resolution of this House of the second instant, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, as followeth:

"United States, February 17th, 1795.
"Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives,

"I have received copies of two acts of the legislature of Georgia, one passed on the twenty-eighth day of December, and the other on the seventh day of January last, for appropriating and selling the Indian lands within the territorial limits claimed by that state. These copies, tho' not officially certified, have been transmitted to me in such a manner as to leave no room to doubt their authenticity. These acts embrace an object of such magnitude, and in their consequences may so deeply affect the peace and welfare of the United States, that I have thought it necessary now to lay them before Congress.

"In considence, I also forward copies of several documents and papers received from the governor of the south western territory. By these, it seems that hostilities with the Cherokees have ceased; and that there is a pleasing prospect of a permanent peace with that nation: But from all the communications of the governor, it appears, that the Creeks, in small parties, continue their depredations; and it is uncertain to what

they may finally lead.

the feveral papers now communicated, deserve the immediate attention of Congress, who will consider how far the subjects of them may require their cooperation.

G: WASHINGTON."

The said message and papers were read: Whereupon, Ordered, That so much thereof as relates to the acts of the legislature of Georgis, for appropriating and selling the Indian lands within the territorial limits claimed by that state, be referred to Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Macon, Mr. Murray, Mr. Findley, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Ames and Mr. Sherburne, with instruction to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Ordered, That such other parts of the said message, as relate to the communications from the governor of the territory of the United States, south of the river Ohio, be committed to the committee of the whole

House, on the state of the Union.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 18th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up:

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the more general promulgation

of the laws of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress in-

surfections and repelinvations; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes, was read the third

time, and the blanks therein filled up !

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in sorce for those purposes."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines, was read the third time.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act enabling George Gibbs to obtain a draw-back of duties on certain exported wines."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill for the relief of William Seymour, was read the third time.

Refolived, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the relief of William Seymour."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Mary Rapalyea, of the county of Somerset, in the state of New-Jersey, was presented to the House and read, praying the renewal of certain loan-office certificates, the property of the petitioner, which were consumed by fire on the seventeeth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee and Mr. Hartley, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opi-

nion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of John Rutledge, administrator of Thomas Rutledge, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of a claim for the services of the deceased, as a deputy commissary general of purchases for the southern department, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, with instruction to examine the same, and report his opinion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of Samuel Weir, representative of the people south of French Broad river, in behalf of himself and his constituents, was presented to the House and read, praying that the right of pre-emption to certain lands which they purchased of the Indians, and have since been ceded to the United States by the treaties of Seneka and of Holston, may be secured to the memorialists, and they be permitted to settle thereon.

Ordered, That the said memorial be referred to Mr. Hillhouse, Mr. Irvine and Mr. Walker, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A memorial of Gunning Bedford, judge of the diftrict court of the United States for the state of Delaware, was presented to the House and read, stating the insufficiency of the salary allowed him by law, and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to his services.

Ordered, That the faid memorial be referred to Mr. Dexter, Mr. Kittera and Mr. Harrison, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The several petitions of Jacob Beck and others, William Laken, and Lambert Dorland, by John Winter, his attorney, were presented to the House and read, respectively praying compensation for military services rendered, or losses and injuries sustained in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petitions, together with the petition of Jacob Milligan, returned on the sisth ultimo, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

A petition of James Strange, of the town of Manchester, in the state of Virginia, was presented to the House and read, praying a remission of the duties ac-

cruing on a quantity of falt, the property of the petitioner, which was loft, in confequence of the vessel in which it was laden, having been drove on shore in a gale of wind, and bulged at Rockett's landing, in the said state.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to Mr. Giles, Mr. Parker and Mr. Wingate, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with

their opinion thereupon, to the Houle.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined four inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the erection of a light house near the entrance of George-town harbour, in the state of South-Carolina;" another, intituled, "An act for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress;" and another, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," and had sound the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Refolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to report the compensations given to the officers employed in the management of the revenue arising from stills and distilled spirits, not included in his report of the seventeenth instant, together with the number of officers employed in each state.

Mr. Ames, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Amelie, Adeleide, Melanie and Silvie de Grasse, sour daughters of the late Count de Grasse, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, immediately.

The House, accordingly, resolved itself into the said committee; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,

that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confideration, and come to a refolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed

to by the House, as followeth;

Refolved, That in confideration of the extraordinary fervices rendered the United States, by the late Count de Grasse, in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty one, on the urgent request of the commander in chief of the American forces, beyond the term limited for his co-operation with the troops of the United States, there be allowed and paid to Amelie, Adelaide, Melanie and Silvie de Grasse, daughters of the late Count de Grasse, respectively, the sum of one thousand dollars.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution, and that Mr. Ames, Mr. Madison and Mr. Gilman do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Jeremiah Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Robert Barton and others, which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, on Friday next.

On motion,

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House be discharged from the farther consideration of the bill to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia of the United States; and that one thousand copies thereof be printed for the use of the members of the two Houses.

Ordered, That the Committee of Claims to whom was referred the petition of Thomas Donnellan, be discharged from the consideration of the same; and that the petitioner have leave to withdraw his said petition.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, in-

tituled "An act to continue in force, the "act for afcertaining the fees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes:" The Senate have also disagreed to the bill, intituled "An act to repeal part of the act, intituled "An act prohibiting, for a limited time, the exportation of arms and ammunition, and encouraging the importation of the same:" And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on the bill making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under confi-

deration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, on Friday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the faid bill.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until Friday next.

And then the House adjourned until Friday morning, ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 20th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill for the relief of Robert Barton and others, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the relief of Robert Barton and others."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and defire their concurrence.

A memorial of Patrick Dennis and James Montgomery, in behalf of themselves and others, officers and seamen employed on board the revenue cutters of the United States, was presented to the House and read. stating the insufficiency of the compensation allowed them by law; and praying that the same may be increased, and rendered more adequate to their services.

Ordered, That the said memorial do lie on the table, A petition of James Armor, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the use of a waggon and team, and the loss of sundry horses killed and crippled while employed in the service of the militia called out to suppress the late insurrection in the four western counties of Pennsylvania.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims,

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foliz, which was received, and read the first time;

On motion,

The faid hill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow,

Mr. Ames, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill authorizing the payment of four thousand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Grasse; which was received, and read the first time:

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Amessage from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secretary. Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also agreed to the amendments proposed by this House, to the bill, intituled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States;" with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments

proposed by the Senate, to the amendments of this House, to the last mentioned bill: Whereupon,

Resolved. That this House doth agree to all the said amendments, with an amendment to the last amendment of the Senate, to the first section of the said bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith,

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present, for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the erection of a light-house near the entrance of George-town harbour, in the state of South-Carolina;" another, intituled, "An act for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress;" and another, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies,"

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary,

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the Vice-President being absent, the Senate have proceeded to the choice of a President pro tempore, and Henry Tazewell has been duly elected; And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or yessels:" Whereupon,

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be committed to Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Goodhue, and

Mr. Boudinot.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill making further provision for the support of

public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made a farther progress therein:

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid bill.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Agnus M'Lean," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have disagreed to the amendment proposed by this House, to the last amendment of the Senate to the first section of the amendments of this House, to the bill, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States;" and desire a conference with this House on the subject matter of the said amendment to the amendment, to which conference the Senate have appointed managers on their part: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said message:

Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the conference desired by the Senate; and that Mr. Hartley, Mr. Sedgwick, and Mr. Greenup, be appointed managers at the same, on the part of this House.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

SATURDAY, the 21st of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill authorizing the payment of four thousand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Grasse, was read the third time:

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act authorizing the payment of four thousand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Graffe."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill for the relief of Spencer Man and

Frantz Jacob Foltz, was read the third time;

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A petition of Edmund Hogan, of the city of Philadelphia, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may be permitted to take and publish an accurate and impartial statement of the legislative subjects which may be submitted to the consideration of the House, and the debates thereon of the members, respectively, on the plan contemplated in a motion made to this House on the twentieth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to Mr. William Smith, Mr. Sedgwick and Mr. Page, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same,

with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Joseph Long, by Lemuel Benton, his attorney, was presented to the House and read, praying that he may receive the arrearages of pay and other emoluments due for his services as a matross in a regiment of artillery of the continental army, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act for the relief of Agnus M'Lean, was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to Mr. Watts, Mr. Swift and Mr. Claiborne.

Mr. Hartley, from the managers appointed on the part of this House, to attend the conserence with the Senate, on the subject matter of the amendments depending between the two Houses, to the bill, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States," made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Giles, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of James Strange, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee

of the whole House, on Monday next.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one intituled, "An act supplementary to the act concerning invalids;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the erection of a light-house near the entrance of George-town harbour, in the state of South-Carolina;" and another intituled, "An act for the reimbursement of a loan authorized by an act of the last session of Congress."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Samuel Smith, from the committee, to whom were committed the amendments of the Senate to the bill, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels," made a report: Whereupon,

Resolved. That this House doth agree to all the said

amendments.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

A motion was then made, and the question being put, further to amend the said bill, at the Clerk's table, by striking out after the word "redeemed," in the thirteenth line of the eleventh section, the words sollowing, to wit: "and shall be, and are bereby declared to be vested in the said commissioners, as property in trust, to be applied according to the provisions of the aforesaid act of the eighth day of May, in the year one thousand seven bundred and ninety-two, and of this act, to the reimbursement and redemption of the said debt, including the loans aforesaid, until the same shall be fully reimbursed and redeemed."

It passed in the negative, NAYS 49.

The year and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin, Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie. Thomas Claiborne, Iíaze Coles, George Dent, Gabriel Davall, Benjamin Edwards, William Findley, William B. Giles, James Gillespie, William B. Grove, George Hancock, Carter B. Harrison, Daniel Heitter. John Hunter, Matthew Locke, Walliam Lyman,

Nathaniel Macon, Tames Madison. Alexander Mehane Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenberg. Anthony New, John Nicholas, Nathaniel Niles, Alexander D. Orr. John Page, Francis Preston, John Smilie, Thomas Sprigg, Thomas Tredwell. Philip Van Cortlandt, Abraham Yenable. Francis Walker, Paine Wingate, and Joseph Windon.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Fisher Ames. James Armstrong, John Beatty, Lemuel Benton, Elias Boudinot. Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, David Cobb, Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, William J. Dawson, Jonathan Dayton, Thomas Fitzumons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue, James Gordon. Šamuel Griffin, Robert Goodloe Harper, Thomas Hartley, John Heath, James Hillhouse, William Hindman, Samuel Holten,

Aaron Kitchell. John Wilkes Kitters, Henry Latimer, Amaia Learned, Richard Bland Lee, Francis Malbone, William Montgomery, William Vans Murray, Andrew Pickens, Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, Jeremiah Smith, Samuel Smith, William Smith. Zephaniah Swift, George Thatcher, Uriali Tracey, Jonathan Trumbull, John E. Van Allen, Peter Van Gaasbeck, Peleg Wadsworth, Jeremiah Wadsworth. ohn Watts, and Richard Winn.

The faid bill being further amended at the Clerk's table, was, together with the amendments, ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, on Monday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their

fecretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines:" The Senate have disagreed to the resolution of this House, respecting certain laws of the territory of the United States north west of the river Ohio, passed the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two: The Senate recede from their last amendment, disagreed to by this House, to the first amendatory section of the bill, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States:" And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said message: Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth recede from their amendment to the last amendment of the Senate to the first amendatory section of the last mentioned bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The Speaker laid before the House a report from the Secretary at War, accompanying statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners, which have been returned to the war office by the judges of the district courts of the United States, since the thirtieth day of December last; and of the additional evidence received further to support certain claims formerly stated, which were read, and ordered to be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 23d of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt, was read the third time, and a blank therein filled up.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public

debt."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A memorial of fundry sugar refiners of the city of Philadelphia, whose names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House and read, praying, that in lieu of the duty of two cents per pound, imposed by an act of the last session of Congress, on sugar refined within the United States, a tax or duty may be laid on the pan or boiler used in refining sugars.

Ordered, That the said memorial do lie on the table. Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for establishing offices for the purpose of granting lands within the territories of the United States, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The said bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign an act, which originated in the Senate, intituled, "An act to establish the office of purveyor of public supplies:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Watts, from the committee, to whom was committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act for the relief of Agnus M'Lean," reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under confideration, and made no amendment thereto:

Whereupon,

The faid bill was amended at the Clerk's table; and, together with the amendments, read the third time.

And on the question that the same do pais,

It was resolved in the assirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time, the acts therein mentioned," to which they defire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Nicholas, from the committee, to whom was referred so much of the message from the President of the United States, of the seventeenth instant, as relates to the disposition of Indian lands by the legislature of the state of Georgia, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the

whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the reports of the committee, to whom were referred
the memorial of Mary S. Jones, and the petitions of
Francis Nash, and of Francis Peyrinnaut administrator
of Pierre de Camps; and after some time spent therein,
Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the
said reports under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's
table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to
by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That provision be made by law, for the relief of the petitioners, respectively, according to the

prayer of their several petitions.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Dent, Mr. Lee and

Mr. Hartley, do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills. reported, that the committee had examined the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act to continue in force the act " for ascertaining the fees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purpofes;" another, intituled, "An act enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines;" another, inrituled. 56 An act supplementary to the act, intituled, " An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels;" and another, intituled, " An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the postoffice and post-roads within the United States;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker signed the said inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House on
the report of the committee, to whom was re-committed
the report of a committee on the report of the Secretary at War, respecting the fortifications of the United
States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the
committee had, according to order, had the said report
under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where
the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House,
as followeth:

Refolved, That a fum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, be appropriated for the purpose of completing the fortifications of certain ports and harbors in the United States.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Dearborn, Mr. Dayton, Mr. Parker, Mr. Pickens and Mr. Murray do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode-Island and Delaware," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also agreed to the amendments proposed by this House, to the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Agnus M'Lean: The Senate nave also passed the bill, intituled, "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the last mentioned bill, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the committee appointed to examine and
report on the state of the mint, and what further measures may be necessary to render the institution more
beneficial; and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the
said report under consideration, and come to several
resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the
Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read,
and agreed to by the House, as follow:

1st. Refolved, That provision be made by law, for the appointment of a refiner and melter in the mint of the United States; whose duty shall be, to take charge of all copper, and silver and gold bullion delivered out by the treasurer of the mint, after it has been assayed, and to reduce it into bars or ingots sit for the rolling mills: and then to deliver them to the coiner or treasurer, as the director shall judge expedient; and to do and perform all other duties belonging to the office of refiner and melter, or which shall be ordered by the director of the mint.

2d. Refolved, That provision be made by law, authorizing the treasurer of the mint to retain two cents per ounce, from every deposit of silver bullion, below standard; and four cents per ounce, from every deposit of gold bullion below the standard, unless the same shall require the operation of the test; then six cents, as a compensation for refining and melting the same.

3d. Refolved, That gross bullion brought for deposit and coinage to the mint, shall not be received in smaller quantities, than two hundred ounces of silver, and twenty ounces of gold.

4th. Refolved, That the standard for silver coin, as now established by law, be altered, and made to consist of nine equal ten parts of pure silver, and one tenth part of pure copper, being equal to ten ounces sixteen pennyweights of pure silver in one pound troy.

5th. Refolved, That the President of the United States be authorized to reduce the weight of the copper coin, at his discretion: Provided, such reduction shall not exceed two pennyweights in each cent, and in proportion in each half cent: of which, he shall give notice by proclamation, and report the same to the next session

of Congress.

6th. Refolved, That the treasurer of the United States be authorized by law, to distribute, at the public expense, all cents received from the treasurer of the mint, by sending them to some one bank in each state, where any are established, and where not, to the principal collector of such state (in proportion to the numbers of inhabitants of the state) to be by them paid out for cash, to any person requesting the same, in sums not less than ten dollars value.

7th. Refolved, That provision be made by law, enabling the director and treasurer of the mint to give a preference to bullion brought to the mint, already of, or above the standard of the United States, so as not to be prevented coining and issuing the same, although bullion below the standard, and not yet refined, may have been deposited for coinage before it: any thing in any law heretofore passed to the contrary notwith-standing.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions; and that Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Trumbull and Mr. Hunter do prepare and bring in the

fame.

The bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode-Island and Delaware," was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places, where have been, or may hereafter be erected and fixed light-houses, beacons, buoys and public piers; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be

engroffed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the bill to amend an act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," be discharged from the consideration of the same; and that it be re-committed to Mr. William Smith, Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Samuel Smith, Mr. Lyman, Mr. Findley, Mr. Fitzsimons and Mr. Madison.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill for the relief of Joze Roiz Silva; and after
fome time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair,
and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration,
and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the said bill be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, to whom
was referred the petition of the corporation of RhodeIsland college; and after some time spent therein, Mr.
Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported,
that the committee had, according to order, had the
said report under consideration, and made some progress
therein.

Refolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on the said report. The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 24th of FEBRUARY, 1795.

An engrossed bill relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where have been, or may hereaster be erected and fixed, light-houses, beacons, buoys and public piers, was read the third time.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where light-houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been, or may hereafter be erected and fixed."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill for the relief of Joze Roiz Silva, was read the third time.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for the relief of Joze Roiz Silva."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time the acts therein mentioned," was read the third time, and ordered to be committed to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Boudinot.

A petition of Heckless Falkner, of the state of New-Jersey, widow of William Falkner, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying that she may receive the arrearages of pay, and other emoluments, due for the services of the deceased, as a captain in the army of the United States, during the late war.

Ordered, That the said petition do lie on the table.

A petition of Ebenezer Branham and others, inhabitants of the state of Pennsylvania, was presented to the House and read, praying the liquidation and settlement of their claims, for the value of sundry horses killed in the service of the militia called out to suppress

the late infurrection in the four western counties of Pennsylvania.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the

Committee of Claims.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined two inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes;" and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Angus M'Lean," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Where-upon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Edmund Hogan, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode-Island and Delaware;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The said bill was then read the third time; And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act to continue in force the act for ascertaining the sees in admiralty proceedings in the district

courts of the United States, and for other purposes;" another, intituled, "An act enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines;" another, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels;" another, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States."

Mr. William Smith, from the committee to whom was re-committed the bill to amend an act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon fauff and refined fugar," reported an amendatory bill to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon fauff and refined fugar," which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee, to whom was referred the motion of the thirtieth ultimo, authorizing a treaty to be held for the extinguishment of Indian titles to lands within the territory ceded to the United States by the state of North-Carolina: Whereupon,

Refolved, That in case the President of the United States shall think proper to enter into a treaty or treaties with all or any of the Indian tribes claiming lands within the territory south of the river Ohio, for the extinguishment of their claims to all or any of the said lands, the sum of dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to the purpose of destraying the expenses of any such treaty or treaties.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolution; and that Mr. William Smith, Mr. Dayton, Mr. Swist, Mr. M'Dowell, and Mr. Page, do

prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Hillhouse, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Samuel Weir, representative of the people south of French Broad river, in behalf of himself and his constituents, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act for the ascertainment of certain losses of the officers of government and other citizens, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania, and providing some present relief to the sufferers;" and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Dent, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for the relief of Mary S. Jones and others, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committe of the whole House, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of Parker, Hopkins and Meers; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and directed him to report to the House their disagreement to the same.

The House proceeded to consider the said report at

the Clerk's table: Whereupon,

Ordered, That the said report be re-committed to Mr.

Parker, Mr. Goodhue and Mr. Carnes.

Mr. Dent, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Mary Rapalyea, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to the committee of the whole House, to whom is committed the bill for the relief of Mary S. Jones and others. The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the estimates of appropriation for the service of the
year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sive; and
after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the
chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had,
according to order, had the said estimates under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon,
which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the
same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the
House, as follow:

Refolved, That including the appropriation of five hundred thousand dollars, made for the military establishment, by an act of the present session, there be appropriated for the said military establishment, a sum not exceeding one million sour hundred thirty-nine thousand sour hundred thirty-nine dollars, and twenty-nine cents; that is to say:—

For the pay of the legion of the United		
States	304,548	
For the pay of the corps of artillery	56,868	
For the pay of the corps of artillery For subfishence of the legion and artillery	361,179	30
For forage and cavalry	33,720	
For cloathing	127,440	
For equipments for the cavalry	7,314	
For horses for the cavalry	24,000	
For bounty	5,000	
For the hospital department	20,000	
For the ordnance department	11,365	99
For the Indian department	50,000	
For the quartermaster's department	150,000	
For contingencies of the war department	30,000	
For the defensive protection of the fron-	_	
tiers	130,000	
For the completion of the fortifications	50,000	•
For additional pay and bounty to the le-		
gion and artillery, pursuant to an act		
of the present session	77,464	

Refaived, That for defraying the expense of six months pay and subsistence of a detachment of militia employed under the command of major-general Morgan, pursuant to an act of the present session, there be appropriated the sum of one hundred thousand six hundred and eighty-two dollars; that is to say:—

For the general staff - - - - - - 4,134

For major Brooke's battalion - - - 19,848

For major Lynn's battalion - - - 21,300

For cavalry - - - - 23,400

For subsistence - - - - - 24,000

For forage for officers and cavalry - - 8,000

Refolved, That there be appropriated a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, for the contingent purposes of government, and subject to the disposition of the President of the United States.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the said resolutions; and that Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Montgomery and Mr. Foster do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing the payment of four thousand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late-Count de Grasse, with an amendment; to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendo. ment, and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was reserved somuch of the message from the President of the United States, of the seventeenth instant, as relates to the disposition of Indian lands by the legislature of the state of Georgia; and after some time spent therein, Mr.

Speaker refumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confideration, and made some progress therein.

Resolved, That this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the said report.

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, the 25th of February, 1795.

Ordered, That Mr. Lee have leave to be absent from the service of this House, for the remainder of the session.

A memorial and remonstrance of the legislature of the state of New-Hampshire, was presented to the House and read, praying the interference and support of Congress, in favor of the judicial power of the state court, against an encroachment of the judiciary of the United States, in reversing a decree of the supreme judicial court of the said state of New-Hampshire, which was rendered in a case decided before the adoption of the present constitution of government of the United States.

Ordered, That the faid memorial and remonstrance be referred to Mr. Madison, Mr. Murray, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Carnes, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Coit, and Mr. Harper, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

A petition of Henry Wayman, administrator of John Wayman, late of Ann Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, deceased, was presented to the House and read, praying compensation for the value of a horse, the property of the deceased, which was taken for the use of a detachment of continental cavalry, during the late war.

Ordered, That the faid petition be referred to the Committee of Claims.

Ordered, That the memorial of the fugar refiners of the city of Philadelphia, which lay on the table, be referred to Mr. Heister, Mr. Findley, and Mr. Baldwin, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee, to whom was committed the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to continue in force, for a limited time, the acts therein mentioned," made a report, which was read, and, together with the said bill, ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his Secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts, which originated in this House; one, intituled, "An act to continue in force the act "for ascertaining the sees in admiralty proceedings in the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes;" and another, intituled, "An act enabling George Gibbs to obtain a drawback of duties on certain exported wines."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined three inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act to provide fome present relief to the officers of government and other citizens, who have suffered in their property by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the payment of sour thousand dollars, for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Grasse;" and another, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode Island and Delaware;" and had sound the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon;

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Fitzsimons, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill making further appropriations for the military establishment, and for the support of government, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be engroffed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred the several memorials and petitions of Absalom Baird, John Bennet in behalf of himself and Absaham Sutton, William Boyd, George Calmese, George Campbell, Thomas Curtis, Charles Fierer, Elisha Frizzle, Edward Goddard, Robert Harris, Joseph Hull, Ebenezer Kent, John Learned, Abigail Lewis, John R. Livingston, John Læhman, Thomas Marshall, Joseph M'Craken, John Minor, Robert Peling, Henry Roberts, James Rowland, David Scott, Nathan Smith, Sarah Thompson, Joshua Whitney, and Caleb Worley, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a statement, exhibiting the number of officers employed in each state in the management of the revenue from stills and spirits distilled in the United States;—as also, a letter from the Commissioner of the Revenue, relative to compensations to the said officers, which were read, and together with the resolution of this House of the eighteenth instant, on the subject-matter thereof, ordered to be referred to Mr. Giles, Mr. Lyman, and Mr. Sherburne.

Mr. William Smith, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill making a conditional provision for the expenses of a treaty with certain Indian tribes, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

"UNITED STATES, February 25th, 1795.

" Genelemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I communicate to Congress copies of a letter from the governor of the state of Georgia, and of an act of the legislature thereof "to ratify the resolution of Congress explanatory of the judicial power of the United States."

Go: WASHINGTON."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion,

Refolved, That the collector of the district of New-York, be authorized to allow the drawback on the exportation of two thousand yellow handled cutlasses or sugar knives, imported in the month of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-sour, by Brothers Coster and Company, merchants of New-York, in the ship Peggy, Zaccheus Henshaw, master: provided, the same shall be exported according to law, within two years from the time of the importation.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the faid resolution, and that Mr. Watts, Mr. Goodhue, and Mr. Wingate, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign an act which originated in the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the act, entitled, "An act to establish the post-office and post-roads within the United States:" The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Robert Barton and others:" The Senate have also passed the bill intituled, "An act for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz," with an amendment, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendment, and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the

Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, again resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred so much of the message from the President of the United States, of the seventeenth instant, as relates to the disposition of Indian lands by the legislature of the state of Georgia; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, again had the said report under consideration, and come to several resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the faid resolutions do lie on the table. On a motion made and seconded, that the House do

come to the following resolution:

Refolved, That all persons who shall be assembled or embodied in arms, on any lands belonging to Indians, out of the ordinary jurisdiction of any state, or of the territory south of the river Ohio, for the purpose of warring against the Indians, or of committing depredations upon any Indian town, or persons or property, shall thereby become liable and subject to be taken and confined by the military force of the United States, in such manner as to be made amenable to, and triable by law.

Ordered, That the faid motion be committed to Mr.

Sedgwick, Mr. Madison, and Mr. Hillhouse.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

THURSDAY, the 26th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill making further appropriations for the military establishment, and for the support of government, was read the third time. Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be "An act making further appropriations for the military and naval establishments and for the support of government."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the

faid bill to the Senate, and defire their concurrence.

Mr. Beatty, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons; and repealing the former act for that purpose, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined two inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act for the relief of Robert Barton and others," and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz," and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Where-upon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Boudinot, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States," which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act which originated in this House, intituled, "An act to provide

more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vefsels."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill to repeal the second section of the act, intituled, "An act for allowing compensation to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the officers of both Houses."

And a committee was appointed of Mr. Heath, Mr.

Smilie and Mr. Macon.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills; one, intituled, "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invafions; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes;" another, intituled, "An act to provide some present relief to the officers of government and other citizens who have suffered in their property by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania;" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the payment of four thoufand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Grasse:" another, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode-Island and Delaware," and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Angus M'Lean."

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time, the acts therein mentioned;" and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made an amendment thereto, which he

delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House.

The faid bill, with the amendment, was then read the

third time,

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Watts, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill for extending the time relative to drawbacks on the exportation of certain military stores, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for the relief of Mary S. Jones and others; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Watts reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein.

On the question that this House will, to-morrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, on

the faid bill,

It passed in the negative.

The House proceeded to consider the resolutions, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred so much of the message from the President of the United States, of the seventeenth instant, as relates to the disposition of Indian lands by the legislature of the state of Georgia, and the said resolutions being amended at the Clerk's table, were, on the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as follow:

ist. Refolved, That Congress will co-operate with the President of the United States in giving due effect to all such constitutional and legal means as he shall adopt and

pursue to prevent the infraction of the treaties made with the Indian tribes.

- 2d. Refolved, That it be recommended to the Prefident of the United States not to permit treaties for the extinguishment of the Indian title to any lands, to be holden at the instance of individuals, or of states, where it shall appear, that the property of such lands, when the Indian title shall be extinguished, will be vested in, or claimed by particular persons: And that, whenever treaties are held for the benefit of the United States, individuals claiming rights of pre-emption, shall be prevented from treating with the Indians concerning the same; and that, generally, such private claims be postponed, to those of the several states, wherever the same may be consistent with the welfare and defence of the United States.
- 3d. Refolved, That the President of the United States be authorized to obtain a cession of the state of Georgia, of their claim to the whole, or any part of the land within the present Indian boundaries.

Ordered, That the first and second resolutions do lie

on the table.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, pursuant to the last resolution, and that Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Macon, Mr. Murray, Mr. Findley, Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Ames and Mr. Sherburne, do prepare and bring in the same.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee, to whom was referred a motion of the twenty-fifth instant, respecting such persons as shall be assembled or embodied in arms on any lands belonging to Indians out of the ordinary jurisdiction of any state, or of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have agreed to the amendment proposed by this House, to the bill, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time, the acts therein mentioned." And then he withdrew.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

FRIDAY, the 27th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States," was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

An engrossed bill for extending the time relative to drawbacks on the exportation of certain military stores, was read the third time.

Refolved, That the faid bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act for extending the time relative to draw-backs on the exportation of certain military stores."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to prevent depredations on the Indians south of the river Ohio," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time, and opposition being made to the same.

The question was taken, to wit; "Shall the said bill be rejected?"

And resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 43. NAVS 37.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin, John Beatty, Thomas Blount, Elias Boudinot, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie. Thomas Claiborne, Gabriel Duvall, Benjamin Edwards, William B. Giles, Nicholas Gilman, Christopher Greenup, Samuel Griffin, William B. Grove, Robert Goodloe Harper, Carter B. Harrison, John Heath, Daniel Heister, William Irvine, Aaron Kitchell MatthewLocke,

William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon, Tames Madison, Joseph M'Dowell. Alexander Mebane, Andrew Moore. Peter Muhlenberg Joseph Neville, Anthony New, John Nicholas. Alexander D. Orr, John Page, Josiah Parker, Robert Rutherford. John Smilie, Thomas Sprigg Zephaniah Swift, Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlandt, Francis Walker, and Joseph Winston.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Fisher Ames. James Armftrong, Shearjashub Bourne. Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader, David Cobb. Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, Samuel Dexter, Thomas Fitzlimons. Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, Benjamin Goodhue, James Gordon, Andrew Gregg, Thomas Hartley, James Hillhouse, William Hindmat. Samuel Holten.

John Wilkes Kittera, Henry Latimer, Amasa Learned. Francis Malbone. William Vans Murray, Andrew Pickens. Thomas Scott, Theodore Sedgwick, John S. Sherburne. Jeremiah Smith. George Thatcher, John E. Van Allen, Peter Van Gaalbeck, Jeremiah Wadsworth, Artemas Ward. John Watts, Paine Wingate, and Richard Winn.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Madison, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial and representation of the legislature of New-Hampshire, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Nicholas, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill to authorize the Prefident of the United States to obtain a cession of claim to certain territory, which was received, and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-day.

Mr. Heister, from the committee, to whom was referred the memorial of the sugar refiners of Philadelphia, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred the several memorials and petitions of Oliver Barnett, Jacob Beltzhuwer, Daniel Byrnes, George Crookshank, Walter Cruise, Gilbert Dean, William B. Gould, James M'Callmont, Henry Meyer, Thomas Miller, John Nixon, Andrew Ramsay, John Rowland, Tobias Rudolph, Joseph Shorb, and William Story, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Parker, from the committee, to whom was recommitted the report of a committee on the petition of Parker, Hopkins and Meers, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, accompanying a return of the exports of the United States for one year, ending the thirtieth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four; as also, an explanatory letter to him from the commissioner of the revenue; which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where light-houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been, or may hereafter be erected and fixed," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also passed a bill, intituled, "An act relative to the passing of coasting vessels between Long-Island and Rhode-Island," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign two acts which originated in the Senate; one, intituled, "An act for allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the districts of Rhode Island and Delaware;" and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Angus M'Lean:" And then he withdrew.

The bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act relative to the passing of coasting vessels between Long-Island and Rhode-Island," was read the first time;

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time;

On motion,

The faid bill was read the third time.

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts, which originated in this House; one, intituled, "An act to provide some present relief to the officers of government and other citizens who have suffered in their property, by the insurgents in the western counties of Pennsylvania;" and another, intituled, "An act authorizing the payment of sour thousand dollars for the use of the daughters of the late Count de Grasse."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon fnuff and refined fugar;" and after fome time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Sherburne reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid bill under consideration, and made several amendments thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same were severally twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendments, be

engrossed, and read the third time, to-morrow.

Mr. Heath, from the committee appointed, presented, according to order, a bill to repeal the second section of the act, intituled, "An act for allowing compensation to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the officers of both Houses," which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House on Tuesday next.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secre-

tary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of William Seymour:" The Senate have also passed a bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have also agreed to a resolution "authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores in certain cases," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred a motion of the twenty-fifth instant, respecting such persons as shall be assembled or embodied in arms on any lands belonging to Indians, out of the ordinary jurisdiction of any state, or of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio; and after some time spent therein,

Mr. Speaker refumed the chair, and Mr. Sherburne reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the faid report under confideration, and come to feveral resolutions thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table.

Ordered, That the said resolutions do lie on the table. The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate, to the bill, intituled, "An act relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where light houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been or may hereaster be erected and fixed," and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks," was read the first time.

On motion,

The said bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

Mr. Goodhue, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Thomas Willock, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The resolution sent from the Senate "authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores in certain cases," was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid resolution was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

SATURDAY, the 28th of February, 1795.

An engrossed bill, to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," was read the third time, and the blanks

therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

Mr. Heath, from the committee appointed on the twelfth of December last, respecting the settlement of the accounts of the former government, and the unpaid balances due thereon, reported a statement of accounts which originated under the late government, and which have been settled since the establishment of the treasury department, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their fe-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to amend the second section of an act to erect a light house on the headland of Cape Hatteras, and a lighted beacon on Shell Castle island in the harbour of Occacock, in the state of North Carolina," to to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time:

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to Mr. Benjamin Bourne, Mr. Blount and Mr. Watts.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill for establishing trading houses for the purpose of supplying the Indian nations within the United States; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Sherburne reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made some progress therein. On the question that this House will, on Monday next, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole House on the said bill,

It passed in the negative.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign an act which originated in this House, intituled, "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions; and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes:" The said secretary also delivered in a message, in writing, from the President of the United States, containing a considential communication relative to the intercourse of the United States with foreign nations, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined four inrolled bills, to wit; one, intituled, "An act relative to ceffions of jurisdiction in places, where light houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been, or may hereafter be erected and fixed;" another, intituled, "An act relative to the passing of coasting vessels between Long Island and Rhode Island;" another, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time the acts therein mentioned;" and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of William Seymour;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Niles, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Joseph Bozman, made a report, which was read, and ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the House, a report from the Secretary at War, accompanying further statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pen-

fioners, returned to the war office by the judges of the district courts of the United States, since his report of the twenty-first instant, and of the additional evidence received further to support certain claims formerly stated, which were read, and ordered to be referred to the Committee of Claims, with instruction to report thereon, by way of bill or otherwise.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit: one, intituled, "An act relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where light houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been, or may hereafter be erected and fixed"; another, intituled, "An act relative to the passing of coasting vessels between Long-Island and Rhode-Island;" another, intituled, "An act to continue in force for a limited time the acts therein mentioned:" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of William Seymour," another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz;" and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Robert Barton and others."

The House proceeded to consider the resolutions and amendments thereto, reported yesterday, from the committee of the whole House on the report of the committee, to whom was referred a motion of the twenty-sisth instant, respecting such persons as shall be assembled or embodied in arms, on any lands belonging to Indians out of the ordinary jurisdiction of any state, or of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio: Whereupon,

The first resolution being read in the words following, to wit:

Refolved, That all persons, who, unauthorized by law, and with hostile intent, may be found in arms on any lands allotted or secured to the Indians by treaties between the United States and any Indian tribes, shall, on conviction thereof, ferfeit a sum not exceeding

dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding months.

The amendment thereto, reported by the committee of the whole House, to add to the end thereof, the words, "unless it shall be in immediate pursuit of Indians who shall have recently committed hostilities,"—was, on the question put thereupon, disagreed to by the House,

YEAS 39. NAY8 46.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members prefent,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

James Armstrong, Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin, Thomas Blount, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Christie, Thomas Claiborne, William J. Dawson, George Dent, Samuel Dexter-Gabriel Duvall. Benjamin Edwards, William Findley, Christopher Greenup, William B. Grove, George Hancock, Carter B. Harriton, John Heath, William Irvine, Matthew Locke,

William Lyman, Nathaniel Macon, Joseph M'Dowell, Alexander Mebane, William Montgomery Andrew Moore, Peter Muhlenherg, Joseph Neville, Anthony New, Alexander D. Orr. John Page, Thomas Scott, John Smilie, Thomas Sprigg, Thomas Tredwell, Philip Van Cortlandt, Abraham Venable, Francis Walker, Richard Winn, and Joseph Winston.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Fisher Ames, John Beatty, Elizs Boudinot, Shearjashub Bourne, Benjamin Bourne, Lambert Cadwalader. David Cobb, Peleg Coffin, Joshua Coit, Henry Dearborn, Thomas Fitzlimons, Dwight Foster, Exkid Gilbert, Nicholas Gilman, Henry Glen, Benjamin Goodhue,

James Gordon, Robert Goodloe Harper, James Hillhouse, William Hindman, Samuel Holten, John Hunter, Aaron Kitchell, John Wilker Kittera, Amasa Learned, James Madison, Francis Malbone, William Vans Murray, Nathaniel Niles, Andrew Pickens, Throdore Sedgwick, John S. Sherburne,

Jeremiah Smith,
Israel Smith,
William Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,
George Thatcher,
Uriah Tracey,
Jonathan Trumbull

John E. Van Allen, Peter Van Gaafbeek, Peleg Wadfworth, Jeremiah Wadfworth, John Watts, Benjamin Williams, and Paine Wingate.

A motion was then made, and the question being put, to amend the said resolution by adding to the end thereof, the following words, " unless it shall be in continuation of a pursuit to a distance not exceeding

miles beyond the line of the particular Indians, who shall have recently committed murder, or may be carrying off captives or plunder."

It was resolved in the affirmative.

The faid resolution, as amended, was then again read at the Clerk's table, and on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That all persons who, unauthorized by law, and with hostile intent, may be sound in arms on any lands allotted or secured to the Indians by treaties between the United States and any Indian tribes, shall, on conviction thereof, forseit a sum not exceeding dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding months, unless it shall be in continuation of a pursuit to a distance not exceeding

miles beyond the line of the particular Indians who shall have recently committed murder, or may be carrying off captives or plunder.

The second resolution being again read, and amended

at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Resolved, That it shall be lawful for the military force of the United States to apprehend every person or persons sound in arms, as aforesaid, and him or them to convey to the civil authority of the United States within some one of the states, who shall, by such authority, be secured to be tried in manner and form as is provided in and by the act, intituled, "An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes:" Provided, That no person shall be confined

after his arrest, and before his removal, more than

days.

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, purfuant to the faid resolutions; and that Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Madison and Mr. Hillhouse, do prepare and bring in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," with an amendment, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendment, and the same being read, was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred the reports of the Secretary at War, accompanying fundry statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners, returned to the war office by the judges of the district courts of the United States, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Ordered, That a bill or bills be brought in, making provision for the cases of the said claimants, respectively; and that the Committee of Claims do prepare and bring

in the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill, intituled, "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The faid bill was read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be committed to Mr. Swist, Mr. Scott, and Mr. Venable.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee appointed, prefented, according to order, a bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes," which was received and read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the fecond time, amended at the Clerk's table, and, together with the amendments, ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, on Monday next.

The several orders of the day were further postponed

until Monday next.

And then the House adjourned until Monday morning, eleven o'clock.

MONDAY, the 2d of MARCH, 1795.

An engrossed bill supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes," was read the third time, amended at the Clerk's table, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the

Indian tribes."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the faid bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate disagree to the amendment proposed by this House to their amendment to the bill, intituled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt;" and the Senate do recede from their said amendment: And then he withdrew.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, presented, according to order, a bill authorizing and directing the Secretary at War to place certain persons therein named, on the pension list; which was received and

read the first time.

On motion,

The faid bill was read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time, to day.

Mr. Benjamin Bourne, from the committee, to whom was committed the bill fent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to amend the second section of the act for crecking a lighted beacon on Shell-castle Island, in the harbour of Occacock, in the state of North-Carolina," made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the said bill be rejected.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his secretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one, intituled, "An act relative to cessions of jurisdiction in places where light houses, beacons, buoys and public piers have been, or may hereafter be erected and sixed;" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of William Seymour;" another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Robert Barton and others;" and another, intituled, "An act for the relief of Spencer Man and Frantz Jacob Foltz."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on
the bill laying duties on carriages for the conveyance
of persons, and repealing the former act for that purpose; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the
committee had, according to order, had the said bill
under consideration, and made several amendments
thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table,
where the same were severally twice read, and agreed
to by the House.

Ordered, That the said bill, with the amendments, be engrossed, and read the third time, to day.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign two acts, which originated in the Senate; one, intituled, "An act relative to the passing of coasting vessels between Long-Island and Rhode-Island;" and another, intituled, "An act to continue in force, for a limited time, the acts therein mentioned:" The Senate have disagreed to the bill, intituled, "An act for the relief of Joze Roiz Silva:" And then he withdrew.

Mr. Swift, from the committee, to whom was committed the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned," reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The said bill was read the third time.

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred the several memorials and petitions of Samuel Aborn, Jonathan Bailey, Joseph Barnard, David Barnes, Sarah Beacham, John Blake administrator of Daniel Tucker, Timothy Bradley, Samuel Cheney, John Clark, Lydia Cogswell, Timothy Concklin, Robert Crab, George Crowingshield and others, James Davis, Philip Duck, Nathaniel Dummer, Ebenezer Foster, William Brown Foggo, Thomas Frothingham, Manus Kean and others, Richard Keys, Isaac Ledyard, Andrew Lee, Henry B. Livingston, William Martin, James M'Callmont, Duncan M'Kinley, William Minns, John Moore, executor of John Okely, Caleb Newbold and others, Sarah Parker, Daniel Perkins, Francis Porie and Stephen Carpenter, Mary Potens, George Schreffwar, Nicholas Schuyler, Dirck Swart, James

Taylor, Harry Terrell, William Tompkins, Abraham J. Van Alstine and Killian Van Rensselaer, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill making a conditional provision for the expenses of a treaty with certain Indian tribes; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

Ordered, That the faid bill be engrossed, and read the third time, to day.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary at War, inclosing extracts of letters and documents from major general Wayne, and from James Seagrove, agent of Indian affairs for the Creek nation, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred fundry reports of the Secretary at War, accompanying statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners, returned to the war-office by the judges of the district courts of the United States, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Giles, from the committee, to whom were referred the letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, of the twenty-fifth ultimo, inclosing a statement exhibiting the number of officers employed in the management of the revenue from stills and spirits distilled within the United States; as also, a letter from the commissioner of the revenue on the subject of compensation to the said officers, made a report, which was read: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to lay before the next Congress, such a statement of the internal revenues as will ascertain, with precision, the net product thereof, and the expense of collection; and that he also report a list of all the officers employed in that service, and the compensations allowed to each of them.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the resolution sent from the Senate, authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said resolution under consideration, and made an amendment thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House.

The faid resolution, with the amendment, was then

read the third time.

And on the question that the House do agree to the same,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

An engrossed bill making a conditional provision for the expenses of a treaty with certain Indian tribes, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act making provision for the purposes of treaty and of trade with the Indians."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

"Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives,

"It appears from the information which I have lately received, that it may be probably necessary to the more successful conduct of our assairs on the coast of Barbary, that one consul should reside in Morocco, another in Algiers, and a third in Tunis or Tripoli. As no appointment for these offices will be accepted without some emoluments annexed, I submit to the consideration of Congress, whether it may not be advisable to au-

thorize a stipend to be allowed to two consuls for that coast, in addition to the one already existing.

Go: WASHINGTON."

"United States, ?
March 2d, 1795."

The said message was read, and ordered to be referred to Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Boudinot and Mr. Parker, that they do examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their opinion thereupon, to the House.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill sent from the Senate, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks," and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made an amendment thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House.

The faid bill, with the amendment, was read the

third time.

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge, his secretary, as followeth:

" Gentlemen of the SENATE and of the House of Representatives,

"I transmit to you copies of a letter from the Governor of the state of Delaware, and of an act inclosed, declaring the assent of that state to an amendment therein mentioned to the constitution of the United States."

Go: WASHINGTON."

"United States, }
March 2d, 1795."

The faid message and papers were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject," with sundry amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amend-

ments, and the fame being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this Honse do acquaint the Senate therewith.

The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Treasurer of the United States, accompanying his account of receipts and expenditures for the war department, from the first day of September to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, inclusive, which were read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act making surther provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt."

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee, to whom was referred the message from the President of the United States, of this day, respecting the appointment of confuls, made a report, which was read, and ordered to

lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: The Senate have disagreed to the amendment proposed by this House to the resolution "authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases;" And then he withdrew.

An engrossed bill authorizing and directing the Secretary at War, to place certain persons therein named on the pension list, was read the third time.

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act authorizing and directing the Secretary at War to place certain persons therein named on the pension list."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the bill, intituled, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States," and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

An engrossed bill laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons; and repealing the former act for that purpose, was read the third time, and the blanks therein filled up.

Refolved, That the said bill do pass, and that the title be, "An act laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons; and repealing the former act for that purpose."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

Ordered, That the letter and report from the Secretary at War of the twenty-eighth ultimo, accompanying

a further statement in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners, which lay on the table, be referred to the Committee of Claims.

The House proceeded to re-consider their amendment, disagreed to by the Senate, to the resolution "authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases:" Whereupon,

Resolved, That this House doth adhere to their said

amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

And then, on a motion made and seconded,

The House adjourned until seven o'clock, post meridiem.

Seven o'clock, P. M. MONDAY, the 2d of MARCH, 1795.

On motion,

Refolved, That the Clerk of this House be authorized and directed to pay to Thomas Claxton, out of the money appropriated to defray the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, one hundred and fifty dollars, for extra services.

Mr. Dearborn, from the committee, to whom was referred the petition of the merchants and mariners of Wiscasset, in the state of Massachusetts, made a report,

which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill to authorize the President of the United States to obtain a cession of claim to certain territory; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said bill under consideration, and made an amendment thereto, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the faid bill, with the amendment,

be engrossed and read the third time, to-day.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have agreed to the amendment proposed by this House to the bill, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks:" The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act making further appropriations for the military and naval establishments, and for the support of government," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the amendments proposed by the Senate to the last mentioned bill, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

An engrossed bill to authorize the President of the United States to obtain a cession of claim to certain territory, was read the third time.

And on the question that the same do pass,

It was resolved in the affirmative, {YEAS 41.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are

Fisher Ames, Theodorus Bailey, Abraham Baldwin. Lemuel Benton, Thomas P. Carnes, Gabriel Duvall, William Findley, Thomas Fitzsimons, Dwight Foster, Ezekiel Gilbert, James Gordon, Daniel Heifter, William Hindman. Samuel Holten, John Hunter, William Irvine. John Wilkes Kittera, Amasa Learned Matthew Locke, Francis Malbons Andrew Mooth

David Cobb,
Peleg Coffin,
William J. Dawfon,
George Dent,
Samuel Dexter,
William Vans Murray,
John Page,
Andrew Pickens,
Theodore Sedgwick,
John S. Sherburne,
John Smille,
Jeremiah Smith,
William Stnith,
Thomas Sprigg,
George Thatcher,
Uriah Traccy,
Jonathan Trumbull,
Philip Van Cortlandt,
Peleg Wadfworth, and
John Watts.

Those who voted in the negative, are

Thomas Blount,
Elias Boudinot,
Lambert Cadwalader,
Gabriel Chriftie,
Thomas Claiborne,
Jofhua Coit,
Jonathan Dayton,
Chriftopher Greenup,
William B. Grove,
Carter B. Harrison,
Robert Goodloe Harper,
James Hillhouse,

Azron Kitchell,
William Lyman,
Nathaniel Macon,
James Madison,
Joseph M'Dowell,
Alexander Mebano,
Nathaniel Nilez,
Israel Smith,
Zephaniah Swift,
Thomas Tredwell,
Paine Wingate, and
Joseph Winston,

Refolved, That the title of the faid bill be, "An act to authorize the President of the United States to obtain a cession of claim to certain territory."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do carry the said bill to the Senate, and desire their concurrence.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That Timothy Concklin, Abigail Lewis, Henry B. Livingston, John M'Lean, and William M'Neal, who severally presented petitions to this House, have leave to withdraw the same.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their seeretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate recede from their amendment to the resolution "authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases;" in a disagreement to which this House hath adhered: The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An ast

for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States," with feveral amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

The House, according to the order of the day, refolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the report of the committee, to whom was referred the petition of Edmund Hogan; and after some time spent therein, Mr Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Cobb reported, that the committee had, according to order, had the said report under consideration, and come to a resolution thereupon, which he delivered in at the Clerk's table, where the same was twice read, and agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to receive proposals from any person or persons skilled in the art of stenography, or capable of reporting debates with accuracy, and to report the same to this House, at the commencement of the next session, with his observations and opinion respecting the qualification of the said person or persons for the said duty, to the end that this House may be enabled to appoint one or more persons as officers of the House, for the valuable pur-

pose above mentioned.

The feveral orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow.

And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, the 3d of March, 1795.

A petition of Gissord Dally, late door-keeper, was presented to the House and read, praying to be exonerated from the payment of a certain sum of money entrusted to him for the purpose of purchasing suel for the House, and which necessity compelled him to ap-

propriate to the use of his family, during the continuance of the calamity in the city of Philadelphia, in the summer and fall of the year, one thousand seven hundred and ninety three;—or that he may be permitted to refund the same, by small annual instalments.

Ordered, That the faid petition do lie on the table.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their secretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States," with several amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Tracey, from the Committee of Claims, to whom were yesterday referred, a letter and report from the Secretary at War of the twenty-eighth ultimo, accompanying a further statement in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners, made a report, which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined the following inrolled bills, to wit;—one, intituled, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States;" another, intituled, "An act making further appropriations for the military and naval establishments, and for the support of government;" another, intituled, "An act for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing sundry acts heretofore passed on that subject;" another, intituled, "An act to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and

refined sugar;" another, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks;" another, intituled, "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned;" and another, intituled, "An act authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases," and had found the same to be truly involted: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the faid inrolled bills.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have difagreed to the bill, intituled, "An act for extending the time relative to drawbacks on the exportation of certain military stores:" And then he withdrew.

Ordered, That Andrew Pepin and John Roll, who severally presented petitions to this House, have leave to withdraw the same.

The House proceeded to consider the report, made yesterday, by the Committee of Claims, to whom were referred sundry reports from the Secretary at War, accompanying statements in the cases of claimants to be placed on the list of pensioners; and the said report being amended at the Clerk's table, was, on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House, as followeth:

Refolved, That the return of invalid pensioners from the district of New-Hampshire by Samuel Texacy, William Parker, junior, and Ephraim Robinson, under a commission from John Sullivan, late judge of the said district, which contains only an abstract of the testimony, be returned by the Secretary at War, to the district judge of New-Hampshire, for the purpose of giving an opportunity to return the testimony, respect. ing the invalids contained in the faid report, according to the requisitions of law.

On motion,

Refolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to report to the House of Representatives, at the next session, a tarisf of duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported into the United States, proportioned to the rates of duties now imposed by law, with his opinion on such other matters as may be necessary for the improvement of the revenue arising from impost, and from distilled spirits and stills.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed the bill, intituled, "An act making provision for the purposes of treaty and of trade with the Indians," with sundry amendments, to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said amendments, and the same being read, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That the committee of the whole House, on the state of the Union, to whom was referred so much of the message from the President of the United States, of the seventeenth ultimo, as relates to the communications from the governor of the territory of the United States south of the river Ohio, be discharged from the consideration of the same; and that it be re-committed to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Madison, and Mr. Blount.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have postponed to the next session of Congress, the consideration of the bill, intituled, "An act authorizing and directing the Secretary at War to place certain persons therein named on the pension list:" The Senate have agreed to a resolution "relative to the title to certain land situ-

ate in the fouth-western parts of the United States," to which they desire the concurrence of this House: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said resolution, and the same being read, as followeth:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and hereby is requested to give directions to the Attorney General, to collect, digest and report to the Senate, the charters, treaties, and other documents relative to, and explanatory of the title to the land situate in the south-western parts of the United States, and claimed by certain companies, under a law of the state of Georgia, passed the seventh day of January last, namely; a tract of land claimed by James Gunn, Matthew M'Allister and George Walker, and their affociates; also, a tract of land claimed by Nicholas Long, Thomas Glascock, Ambrose Gordon and Thomas Cumming, and their associates; also, a tract of land claimed by John B. Scott, John C. Nightingale and Wade Hampton, and their affociates; and also a tract of land claimed by Zachariah Cox and Matthias Maher, and their affociates."

A motion was made and seconded, to amend the said resolution at the Clerk's table, by striking out in the fourth line, the word "Senate," and inserting in lieu thereof, the words, "next Congress."

And on the question thereupon, It was resolved in the affirmative.

The faid resolution, as amended, was again read, and on the question put thereupon, agreed to by the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an inrolled bill, intituled, "An act making provision for the purposes of trade with the Indians;" and had found the same to be truly inrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker figned the said inrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Ordered, That the Transylvania Company, commonly called Richard Henderson and company, who prefented a memorial to this House, on the sixth day of

January last, have leave to withdraw the same.

Mr. New, from the joint committee for inrolled bills, reported, that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present for his approbation, the following inrolled bills, to wit: one, intituled, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due by individuals to the United States;" another, intituled, "An act making further appropriations for the military and naval establishments. and for the support of government;" another, intituled, "An act for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing fundry acts heretofore passed on that subject;" another, intituled, "An act to alter and amend the act, intituled, "An act laying certain duties upon fnuff and refined fugar;" another intituled, " An act supplementary to the act, intituled, "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States:" another, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks:" another, intituled, "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned:" another, intituled, "An act authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases;" and another, intituled, "An act making provision for the purposes of trade with the Indians.

Ordered, That a message be sent to the Senate, to inform them that this House having completed the business before them, are now about to adjourn without day; and that the Clerk of this House do go with the said message.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Dandridge his fecretary, notifying, that the President did, this day, approve and fign the following acts, which originated in this House, to wit; one, intituled, "An act for the more effectual recovery of debts due from individuals to the United States;" another, intituled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt;" another, intituled, 44 An act for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act to alter and amend the act, intituled, " An act laying certain duties upon fnuff and refined fugar;" another, intituled, "An act supplementary to the act, intituled, " An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States;" another, intituled, "An act for continuing and regulating the military establishment of the United States, and for repealing fundry acts heretofore passed on that subject;" another, intituled, "An act making further appropriations for the military and naval establishments, and for the support of government;" and another, intituled, "An act making provision for the purposes of trade with the Indians."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their se-

cretary.

Mr. Speaker—I am directed to inform this House, that the President of the United States did, this day, approve and sign the following acts, which originated in the Senate, to wit; one, intituled, "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned;" another, intituled, "An act to regulate the compensation of clerks;" and another, intituled, "An act authorizing the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, in certain cases:" The Senate have appointed a committee, on their part, jointly with such

committee, as may be appointed on the part of this House, to wait on the President of the United States, and inform him that Congress is ready to adjourn without day, unless he may have any farther communications to make to them: And then he withdrew.

The House proceeded to consider the said message:

Whereupon,

Refolved, That this House doth agree to the resolution of the Senate, for the appointment of a joint committee of the two Houses, to wait on the President of the United States, and inform him of the intended recess of Congress; and that Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Sedgwick, and Mr. Trumbull be of the said committee, on the part of this House.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint

the Senate therewith.

On a motion made and feconded,

That the thanks of this House be presented to Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg, in testimony of their approbation of his conduct in discharging the arduous and important duties assigned him while in the chair,

It was resolved unanimously: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker made his acknowledgments to the House, in manner following:

GENTLEMEN,

I feel myself highly honored by this distinguished mark of your approbation of my conduct in the station you were pleased to assign unto me; and although 1 am conscious that my feeble efforts do not merit so precious a reward, yet permit me to assure you, that it has made a lasting impression on my mind, and I shall ever esteem it with the most unseigned satisfaction.

Gentlemen, I fincerely thank you;—may every happiness attend you;—may you long continue to enjoy the confidence of your fellow-citizens;—and may you meet with their just applause of having deserved well of your country.

Mr. Boudinot, from the joint committee, appointed to wait on the President of the United States, and ia-

form him of the intended recess of Congress, reported, that the committee had performed that service; and that the President signified to them, that he had no farther communication to make during the present session: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker adjourned the House, sine die.

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